



# start of the Q&A: COM questions

### What was meant by:

- Flexibility on rules/thresholds/tolerance ?
- Fairness?
- Different zones within the territory?



# Wrap -up 10 yrs LPIS QA workshop, Varese, 10 April

### WS content

- 1. clarification of some frequently asked ETS details
- examples of LPIS QA follow-up and remedial action plans by MS
- 3. working group discussion on identified LPIS/LPIS QA challenges



### State of LPIS management

- 1. system-wide process (where not?)
- 2. financial correction is key motive
- 3. resources/sources not an issue
- 4. role of farmer becomes prominent

### but:

- "bits and pieces": the slivers, elongated and small parcels remain problematic
- fuzzy boundaries
- the land use (management practices) on PG is confusing



### State of LPIS QA

- 1. no existential problems
- 2. financial risk perceived very relevant
- 3. detected problems mostly accepted (one can disagree with the expectations or need for action but there should be no "false non-conformities")
- 4. still some local ETS-"dialects", impact not obvious but:
- some tuning desired, where?
- what about the GAEC LF features?
- the role of LPIS><GSAA (i.e. area tool or farm tool)?</li>



European Commission

## MS requests @COM for

- 1. LPISQA stability
- 2. WikiCAP examples and clarification (FSM,HV,LF,...)
- 3. LPIS QA portal upgrade (interactive tool and feedback rather than delivery)
- 4. automatic screening methodology & standardized tools
- 5. acceptance by the auditors
- 6. timeliness
- 7. tuning of the LPIS QA methodology (thresholds, small parcels) → contradicts 1.



# To follow-up (COM perspective)

- where the LPIS QA is seen in isolation.
- cadastral interference
- prepare for the major disruption via CAP2020
- how does the TG MLL fit in this → should there be guidance on spatial interoperability.



