Spectrophotometric method for assay of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase in the additive

EQUIPMENT:

- Electronic balance
- Laboratory pH meter
- Magnetic stirrer
- Magnetic plate
- Laboratory centrifuge
- Water bath (thermostatic)
- Vibrating shaker
- UV/VIS Spectrophotometer
- Chronometer
- Automatic pipettes
- "Mohr" pipettes 1; 2; 5; 10; 25 ml
- Volumetric flasks 100; 500; 1000 ml.
- Glass test tubes 18/180 mm
- Beakers 300 ml
- Glass (plastic) funnels
- Filter paper

REAGENTS:

- Acetic acid (100%) analytical grade
- Sodium hydroxide analytical grade

- TWIN 80 (polysorbate) analytical grade
- Tris (hydroximethyl)-aminomethane analytical grade
- Distilled water
- Xylazyme tablets (Megazyme)

SOLUTIONS:

Acetate buffer with pH 4.7

- Dissolve 1.4 mL glacial acetic acid in 900 ml distilled water in a Beher beaker of 1000mL.
- Adjust the pH at 4.7 with a 5 mol/l solution of sodium hydroxide
- Perform the adjustment using pH meter at constant stirring with magnetic stirrer
- Transfer the solution in a volumetric flask of 1000 mL and bring to volume with distilled water.
- The solution is prepared daily.

Sodium hydroxide solution - 5mol/l

- Dissolve 20g ± 0.01g sodium hydroxide with distilled water in a volumetric flask of 100 mL.
- After cooling down, bring to volume with distilled water.
- The solution is stable for 3 months at ambient temperature.

TWIN 80 - 3%

- Dissolve 6.0±0.1g TWIN 80 in 200 mL distilled water and stir for 10 minutes with magnetic stirrer.
- The solution is stable for 6 months at ambient temperature.

Tris buffer – 3%

- Dissolve 30±0.1g Tris with distilled water in a volumetric flask of 1000 mL.
- The solution is stable for 6 months at ambient temperature.

Reference solution - Endo 1,4-β-xylanase derived from *Trichoderma* sp. with activity 1 250 000 EPU/g

- Weigh 50±0.0001mg from the enzyme standard and dissolve in 50-60 ml acetate buffer with pH 4.7.
- After dissolution, bring the volume to 100 mL with the same buffer (*initial solution* 1).
- Dilute 1.6ml of *initial solution 1* with acetate buffer 4.7 in a volumetric flask of 100 mL. Bring to volume with the same buffer. The obtained solution is with xylanase activity of 10 000 mEPU/ml (*initial solution 2*)

Prepare series of dilutions with acetate buffer pH 4.7 in volumetric flasks of 100 mL in compliance with the following table:

No of the solution	Xylanase content, mEPU/ml	Volume, ml Initial solution 2	Final volume, ml
1.	200	2	100
2.	400	4	100
3.	600	6	100
4.	800	8	100
5.	1 000	10	100

All solutions are prepared daily.

Stock test solution:

- Weigh 1.0 g of the tested product with an accuracy of 0.0001g and transfer in a beaker
- Add 100 ml acetate buffer and stir for 15 min with magnetic stirrer (extraction of the enzyme).
- Leave the extract for settling down for about 10 minutes.
- Centrifuge 6 ml of the clear layer for 15 min at 4000 rpm in plastic tubes.
- Transfer the obtained supernatant in a clear test tube and use for measurement
- Dilute the sample being examined with acetate buffer until the enzyme content is within 400-800 mEPU/ml

Placebo solution of wheat meal:

- Weigh 1.0g of wheat meal with an accuracy of 0.0001g in a beaker
- Add 100 ml acetate buffer and stir for 15 min with magnetic stirrer (extraction of the enzyme
- Centrifuge 6 ml of the clear layer for 15 min at 4000 rpm in plastic tubes.
- Transfer the obtained supernatant in a clear test tube and use for measurement

PROCEDURE:

Process the supernatants according to the following scheme:

Solutions	Enzyme	Test	Control sample	Placebo	
	reference	solution		Wheat meal	
	substance				
Buffer, pH 4.7	4.5ml	4.5ml	5.0 ml -	4.5ml	
Enzyme reference	0.5 ml	-	-	-	
solution					
Test solution	-	0.5 ml	-	0.5 ml	
	Conditioning for 5 min at 50°C				
Substrate	1 tablet	1 tablet	1 tablet	1 tablet	
Xylazyme tablets					
Tris solution 3%	2ml	2ml	2ml	2ml	
Mixing on vibrating shaker					
Cooling down, stirring					
Filtration					
Measuring the absorption at 590nm wavelength					

In order to assure accuracy of the measurement, prepare 4 parallel test tubes for each sample. Prior to measurement the test tubes are combined two by two.

CALCULATIONS:

The xylanase content in the additive expressed as EPU/g is calculated in the following way:

Determination of the absorption for 1 EPU/g by the means of linear regression: use the data from the measured absorption of the serial dilutions of the enzyme reference solutions prepared as given above.

Calculate the activity by the formula:

Esample	Absorption of the sample being examined, corrected against the absorption
	of the control sample.
E _{1 EPU}	Absorption for 1 EPU, calculated as an average value form the absorptions
	of the different enzyme reference solution concentrations.
m	The weight of sample being examined, g/ml.

Spectrophotometric method for assay of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase in vitamin-

mineral premixtures

EQUIPMENT:

- Electronic balance
- Laboratory pH meter
- Magnetic stirrer
- Magnetic plate
- Laboratory centrifuge
- Water bath (thermostatic)
- Vibrating shaker
- UV/VIS Spectrophotometer
- Chronometer
- Automatic pipettes
- "Mohr" pipettes 1; 2; 5; 10; 25 ml
- Volumetric flasks 100; 500; 1000 ml.
- Glass test tubes 18/180 mm
- Beakers 300 ml
- Glass (plastic) funnels
- Filter paper

REAGENTS:

- Acetic acid (100%) analytical grade
- Sodium hydroxide analytical grade
- TWIN 80 (polysorbate) analytical grade
- Tris (hydroximethyl)-aminomethane analytical grade
- Distilled water

- Xylazyme - tablets (Megazyme)

SOLUTIONS:

Acetate buffer with pH 4.7

- Dissolve 1.4 mL glacial acetic acid in 900 ml distilled water in a Beher beaker of 1000mL.
- Adjust the pH at 4.7 with a 5 mol/l solution of sodium hydroxide
- Perform the adjustment using pH meter at constant stirring with magnetic stirrer
- Transfer the solution in a volumetric flask of 1000 mL and bring to volume with distilled water.
- The solution is prepared daily.

Sodium hydroxide solution - 5mol/l

- Dissolve 20g ± 0.01g sodium hydroxide with distilled water in a volumetric flask of 100 mL.
- After cooling down, bring to volume with distilled water.
- The solution is stable for 3 months at ambient temperature.

TWIN 80 - 3%

- Dissolve 6.0±0.1g TWIN 80 in 200 mL distilled water and stir for 10 minutes with magnetic stirrer.
- The solution is stable for 6 months at ambient temperature.

Tris buffer - 3%

- Dissolve 30±0.1g Tris with distilled water in a volumetric flask of 1000 mL.
- The solution is stable for 6 months at ambient temperature.

Reference solution - Endo 1,4-β-xylanase derived from *Trichoderma* sp. with activity 1 250 000 EPU/g

- Weigh 50±0.0001mg from the enzyme standard and dissolve in 50-60 ml acetate buffer with pH 4.7.
- After dissolution, bring the volume to 100 mL with the same buffer (*initial solution* 1).
- Dilute 1.6ml of *initial solution 1* with acetate buffer 4.7 in a volumetric flask of 100 mL. Bring to volume with the same buffer. The obtained solution is with xylanase activity of 10 000 mEPU/ml (*initial solution 2*)

Prepare series of dilutions with acetate buffer pH 4.7 in volumetric flasks of 100 mL in compliance with the following table:

No of the solution	Xylanase content, mEPU/ml	Volume, ml Initial solution 2	Final volume, ml
1.	200	2	100
2.	400	4	100
3.	600	6	100
4.	800	8	100
5.	1 000	10	100

All solutions are prepared daily.

Stock test solution:

- Weigh 1.0 g of the tested product with an accuracy of 0.0001g and transfer in a beaker
- Add 100 ml acetate buffer and stir for 15 min with magnetic stirrer (extraction of the enzyme).
- Leave the extract for settling down for about 10 minutes.
- Centrifuge 6 ml of the clear layer for 15 min at 4000 rpm in plastic tubes.
- Transfer the obtained supernatant in a clear test tube and use for measurement
- Dilute the sample being examined with acetate buffer until the enzyme content is within 400-800 mEPU/ml

Placebo solution of vitamin-mineral premixture:

- Weigh 1.0g of vitamin-mineral premixture with an accuracy of 0.0001g in a beaker
- Add 100 ml acetate buffer and stir for 15 min with magnetic stirrer (extraction of the enzyme
- Centrifuge 6 ml of the clear layer for 15 min at 4000 rpm in plastic tubes.
- Transfer the obtained supernatant in a clear test tube and use for measurement

PROCEDURE:

Process the supernatants according to the following scheme:

Solutions	Enzyme	Test	Control sample	Placebo	
	reference	solution		Vitamin-mineral	
	substance			premixture	
Buffer, pH 4.7	4.5ml	4.5ml	5.0 ml -	4.5ml	
Enzyme reference	0.5 ml	-	-	-	
solution					
Test solution	-	0.5 ml	-	0.5 ml	
	Conditioning for 5 min at 50°C				
Substrate	1 tablet	1 tablet	1 tablet	1 tablet	
Xylazyme tablets					
Tris solution 3%	2ml	2ml	2ml	2ml	
	M	ixing on vibrati	ng shaker		
Cooling down, stirring					
Filtration					
Measuring the absorption at 590nm wavelength					

In order to assure accuracy of the measurement, prepare 4 parallel test tubes for each sample. Prior to measurement the test tubes are combined two by two.

CALCULATIONS:

The xylanase content in the vitamin-mineral premixture expressed as EPU/g is calculated in the following way:

Determination of the absorption for 1 EPU/g by the means of linear regression: use the data from the measured absorption of the serial dilutions of the enzyme reference solutions prepared as given above.

Calculate the activity by the formula:

Esample	Absorption of the sample being examined, corrected against the absorption
	of the control sample.
E _{1 EPU}	Absorption for 1 EPU, calculated as an average value form the absorptions
	of the different enzyme reference solution concentrations.
m	The weight of sample being examined, g/ml.

Spectrophotometric method for assay of endo-1,4-beta-xylanase in feedingstuff

EQUIPMENT:

- Electronic balance
- Laboratory pH meter
- Magnetic stirrer
- Magnetic plate
- Laboratory centrifuge
- Water bath (thermostatic)
- Vibrating shaker
- UV/VIS Spectrophotometer
- Chronometer
- Automatic pipettes
- "Mohr" pipettes 1; 2; 5; 10; 25 ml
- Volumetric flasks 100; 500; 1000 ml.
- Glass test tubes 18/180 mm
- Beakers 300 ml
- Glass (plastic) funnels
- Filter paper

REAGENTS:

- Acetic acid (100%) analytical grade
- Sodium hydroxide analytical grade
- Tris (hydroxymethyl)-amino methane analytical grade
- TWIN 80
- Distilled water
- Xylazyme tablets (Megazyme)

SOLUTIONS:

Acetate buffer with pH 4.7(for extraction of the feeding stuffs):

- Dissolve 1.4 mL glacial acetic acid in 900 ml distilled water in a Beher beaker of 1000mL.
- Adjust the pH at 4.7 with a 5 mol/l solution of sodium hydroxide
- Perform the adjustment using pH meter at constant stirring with magnetic stirrer
- Transfer the solution in a volumetric flask of 1000 mL and bring to volume with distilled water.
- The solution is prepared daily.

Acetate buffer with pH 4.7(for dilution of the enzyme standard):

- Dissolve 1.4 mL glacial acetic acid in 900 ml distilled water in a Beher beaker of 1000mL.
- Adjust the pH at 4.7 with a 5 mol/l solution of sodium hydroxide
- Perform the adjustment using pH meter at constant stirring with magnetic stirrer.
- Add 10 mL 3% solution of TWIN80
- Transfer the solution in a volumetric flask of 1000 mL and bring to volume with distilled water.
- The solution is prepared daily.

Sodium hydroxide solution – 5 mol/L:

- Dissolve 20g ± 0.01g sodium hydroxide with distilled water in a volumetric flask of 100 mL.
- After cooling down, bring to volume with distilled water.
- The solution is stable for 3 months at ambient temperature.

TWIN 80 - 3%:

- Dissolve 6.0±0.1g TWIN 80 in 200 mL distilled water and stir for 10 minutes with magnetic stirrer.
- The solution is stable for 6 months at ambient temperature.

Tris buffer – 3%:

- Dissolve 30±0.1g Tris with distilled water in a volumetric flask of 1000 mL.
- The solution is stable for 6 months at ambient temperature.

Reference solution - Endo 1,4-β-xylanase derived from *Trichoderma* sp. with activity 1 250 000 EPU/g):

- Weigh 50±0.0001mg from the enzyme standard and dissolve in 50-60 ml acetate buffer with pH 4.7 (*for dilution of the enzyme standard*).
- After dissolution, bring to volume to 100 mL with the same buffer (*initial solution* 1).
- Dilute 1.6ml of *initial solution 1* with acetate buffer 4.7 in a volumetric flask of 100 mL. Bring to volume with the same buffer. The obtained solution is with xylanase activity of 10 000 mEPU/ml.(*initial solution 2*)
- Prepare a series of solutions with different enzyme content in compliance with the following table:

Volume of initial solution 2,	Final	Xylanase content,	Xylanase
ml	volume, ml	mEPU/ml	content, EPU/kg
0	200	0	0
1	200	50	1000
2	200	100	2000
3	200	150	3000
4	200	200	4000

The solution is prepared daily.

Extraction of feeding stuffs:

- Grind and homogenize the feeding stuff.
- In 5 beakers weigh 10 g of the grinded and homogenized feeding stuff.
- Add the 200 mL portions of the 5 standard solutions (table 1) into the respective beakers, resulting in spiking levels of 0, 1000, 2000, 3000 and 4000 EPU/kg.
- Stir on a magnetic stirrer for 15 min.
- Let settle and centrifuge 6 mL of the extract for 15 min at 5000 rpm.
- Decant the supernatant and use for the assay described in item 6.

PROCEDURE:

Process the supernatants according to the following scheme:

Solutions	Test solution	Control		
Buffer 4.7	4.5ml	5.0ml		
Feeding stuff extract	0.5ml	-		
(Conditioning for 5 min at 50%	C		
Substrate - Xylazyme-tabl	1 tablet	1 tablet		
Incubation for 2.5 h (150 min.) at 50°C				
TRIS 3% solution	2.0ml	2.0ml		
Stirring on vibration shaker				
Cooling down, stirring				
Filtrations				
Measure the absorbance at 590nm wavelength				

In order to assure better accuracy of the measurement, prepare 4 parallel test tubes for each sample. Prior to measurement the test tubes are combined two by two.

CALCULATIONS:

Calculate the average absorbance for each sample solution.

Compute the regression line (y=ax+b) with the spiking levels as "x" and the corrected sample absorbance as "y".

Calculate the value of "x" for y = 0. "x" is the calculated enzymatic activity in the feedingstuff.