

# **EUROMOD** input data preparation - role of Estat

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## Estat's role



- Responsibility for the
  - Creation (start and end up the process)
  - Documentation (useful info to all users involved in the data preparation)
  - Validation of the EM input datasets
    - Final say as EC statistics but interaction with NTs/JRC when doubts, discrepancies
    - Monitor consistency of EM input dataset as a whole



#### **Detailed info**

- "EM model relies on detailed info at ind. level"
  - 36 disaggregated benefits mandatory from 2021 on
  - New metadata on income benefits from 2018 onwards

List of national benefits to be pasted		Click on the cell and select the variable from the drop-down list		Summary statistics on the disaggregated variables						1	
in this column				NON-WEIGHTED				WEIGHTED			
Benefit name in national language	Benefit name in English	Contained in Harmonised Variable (G)	Contained in Disaggregated Variable (G)	Number of beneficiaries	Total amount (national currency)	Minimum value (national currency)	Maximum value (national currency)	Number of beneficiaries	Total amount (national currency)	Notes	
Peněžitá pomoc v mateřství	Income maintenance in the event or childbirth	HY050	HY052	150	9567703	8050	203000	98079	6213634862		
Porodné	Birth grant	HY050	HY053	13	158000	10000	23000	8272	100045923	3	
Přídavky na děti	Family or child allowance	HY050	HY053	291	4228360	3000	120000	185630	2540532227	7	
Rodičovský příspěvek	Parental leave benefit	HY050	HY054	534	35552520	2100	138000	351564	23425823564	L	
Dávky pěstounské péče (opakované)	Other cash periodic benefits non means-tested	HY050	HY054	22	3602394	54000	480000	10418	1609950568	3	1
Dávky pěstounské péče (jednorázové)	Other cash lump sum benefits non means-tested	HY050	HY054							included in Other cash periodic benefits non means-tested	

Pass on the list of needed detailed var to NSIs



## **Data quality**

- Consistency checks done earlier in the process (UDB production step)
  - Between ID person and ID household
  - Father/mother ID are the same as Partner ID (new in 2018)
  - Age difference between parents and children (broaden 2018)
  - Disaggregated benefits (new 2019)
    - Consistency between the data and the flag var
    - Aggregate filled and at least one component also
    - Aggregate = sum (disaggregated components)



## **Data quality**

- Imputation of non income var.
  - EUROMOD model features: run with no missing values
  - Missing values imputed according to various methods with a research oriented view
  - MS opinion: improve data quality for statistical purposes by transmitting data without missing values for these variables (when possible) (written consultation: 10Y 4N 6?)
  - Variables concerned: 3 domains 40 var



## Premises behind Estat's workplans

- Involvement of the EM NT experts→ role in the creation of the EM input file when country-specific knowledge required
- Ensure the quality of the datasets created (EMSD + EM input file)
  - → Compliance with the ESS quality framework
- Ensure data access to:
  - EMSD for all actors involved in the preparation of EM input file (NT/Essex, JRC)
  - EM input file for all EM users



## **Changes in data flow**

- Data preparation based on EMSD country-specific dataset
  - UDB variables common among MS
  - detailed data from national SILC national list
    ex. LV (municipality of residency, State Social Security benefits (old age, survivors, disability), civil servant information)
  - imputations of missing values/inconsistencies in EM var. performed in a harmonised way across countries
     ex. marital status (dms) var. common EM var. among MS
  - imputations of EM missing values based on variables from the production database (PDB) to avoid top/bottom codings country-specific EM var.
- EMSD provided beginning of EM year

#### **EUROMOD** data preparation (foreseen) from **GA** stands for gentleman's agreement 2021 onwards **EM** stands for Euromod lile **Legal basis** creation **EU-SILC** GA **Detailed** information **NSIs** eurostat Creation dissemination liiiiyy<u>y</u> provision of yearly **Provision of** parameters **EM** country-**UDB** var specific var **Detailed EM** users information **UDB EM** var derived by **EMSD Eurostat Interaction to create EMSD EM** final input data **EC** Regulation nº223/2009 creation Joint Research Centre **JRC** NTs **EM** countryspecific var 8 Europan Interaction to finalise the EM final input data



## **EM** input file preparation

### EM input file

Personal information	EM var. created by Eurostat in the EMSD				
r crsonar information	Countric-specific EM var. generated by the NT				
Labour market	EM var. created by Eurostat in the EMSD				
Labour Market	Countric-specific EM var. generated by the NT				
	EM var. created by Eurostat in the EMSD				
Income, Benefits and Taxes information	Countric-specific EM var. generated by the NT				
Value of assets	EM var. created by Eurostat in the EMSD				
value of assets	Countric-specific EM var. generated by the NT				
Evponditures	EM var. created by Eurostat in the EMSD				
Expenditures	Countric-specific EM var. generated by the NT				



## **Changes in data flow**

- EMSD advantages
  - No need to merge ≠ datasets
  - No ID maps issues
  - Sustainable and consistent access to data sources
  - all EM var. where Estat is in charge of their generation
  - Saving time to dvp further blocks in the model
  - Benefit from NTs country-specific knowledge for more complex EM var.
- EMSD provided with
  - Metadata to explain the EMSD
  - Metadata on the disaggregated benefits
  - DRD updated
  - Information to draft chap 3 in the CR





Estat's portfolio



#### In Eurostat

- EMSD Y10 for 6 countries (LV, BG, EE, ES, CZ, FI)
  - comprehensive panorama of EMSD structure

EM var. straightforward derived from SILC (national var, combination UDB-PDB var)

EM var. generated with imputation methods

EM var. where a country-specific knowledge is required (NT)

split EM var. into 3 types (# for each MS, based on Y7, Y9)

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Type "E" – Estat ex. bed (BG)
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Type "E" with parameters ex. dec (BG)

Type "N" – NTs ex. yivwg (BG)

NTs responsibility



## practice

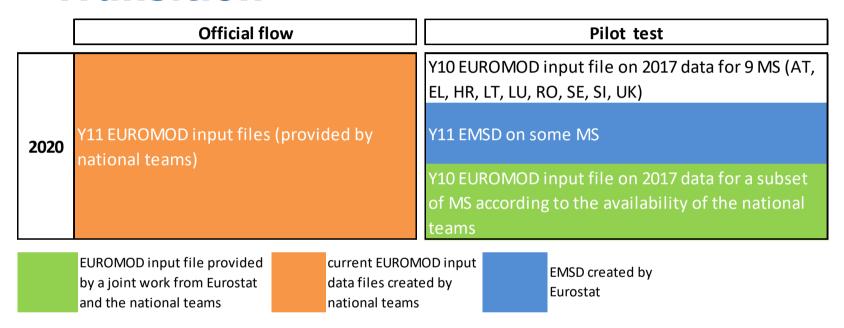
#### In Eurostat

- Method to create EMSD Y10
  - Derivation of types "E" var. according Y9 methodology
  - UDB-PDB-national datasets
  - Assessment of our results based on summary stat. on both collection channels
  - A step further on the disaggregated benefits (type "N" var.)
- Bilateral discussions with NSIs for the EMSD dissemination



## practice

#### **Transition**



 2020: test the proposed data flow with some of NTs on EM Y10



practice



## After the transition period

- No change in the starting/ending dates of EM year (Feb-Dec)
- Start of EM year: bilateral meeting with each NT+JRC+Estat
  - Agreement on EM types "E" and "N" var.
  - → fuzziness for some var: type "E" or "N"?
  - ex1. afc financial capital
  - easy to compute but data source for "avir" country-specific
  - ex2. in BG dcz var.
  - change in Y10 do-files compared to Y9 on a yearly basis or one shot?
  - Provision of national parameters needed
  - $\rightarrow$  Nov of EM Y<sub>N</sub> for EM Y<sub>N+1</sub> (available in CR)?
- EM input file: back and forth as today

## **Summary**



#### • In 2019

- Important work on the SILC data quality and consistency
- In-depth analysis on detailed var., relevant for EM
- Preparation inside Estat of the EMSD
- Reflection on changes in current data flow and agreement with JRC and Essex
- In 2020
  - Test the new data flow with some NTs
  - Continue bilateral discussions with NSIs
- Now: time for questions

