



Beyond the Frontier

# ALT-PNT PROJECT TEST RESULTS REVIEW

**May 2022**

**OROLIA PROPRIETARY**

# INDEX

- Intro technology
- Intro tests
- Test results
  - Short-term time stability
  - Holdover performance
  - Long-term time stability
  - Monitoring
  - Failover performance
  - Interoperability
- Summary



# INTRO TECHNOLOGY

## Features

- Sub-ns synchronization accuracy
- Network resiliency
- Scalability and long distance
- Interoperability
- UTC traceability
- Monitoring and Management
- Cybersecurity



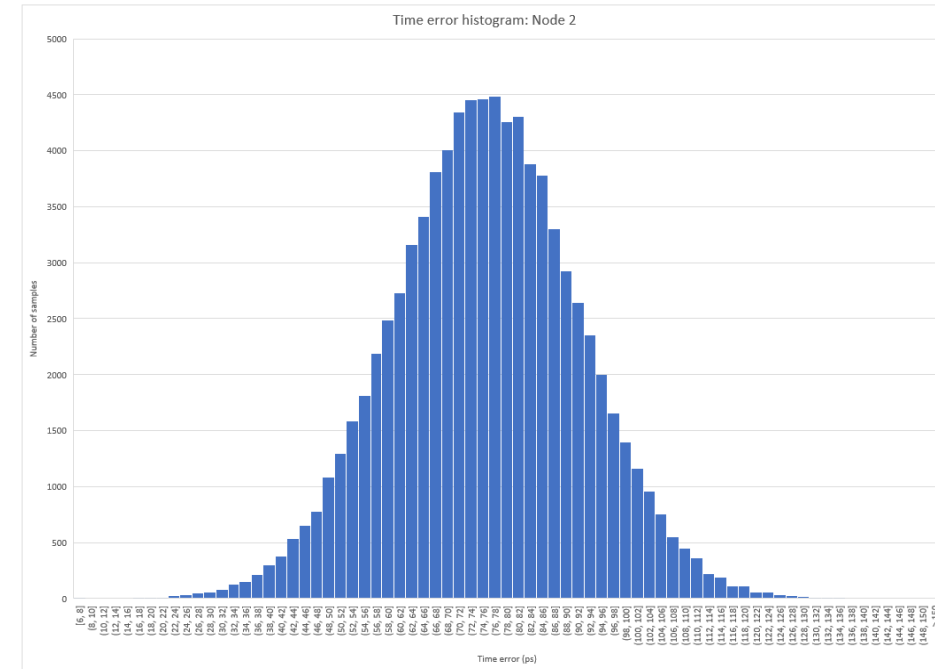
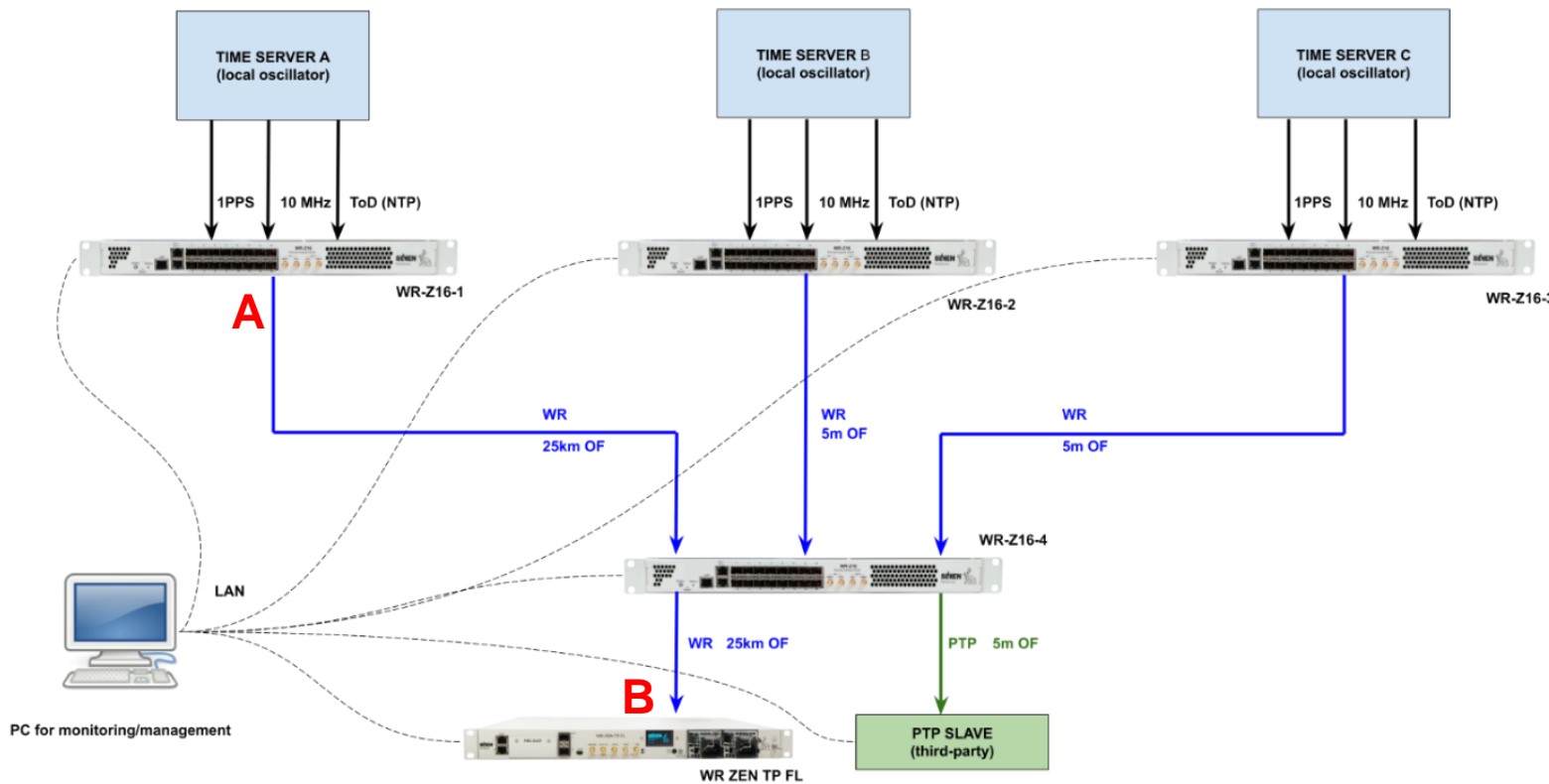
# INTRO TESTS

## Goals

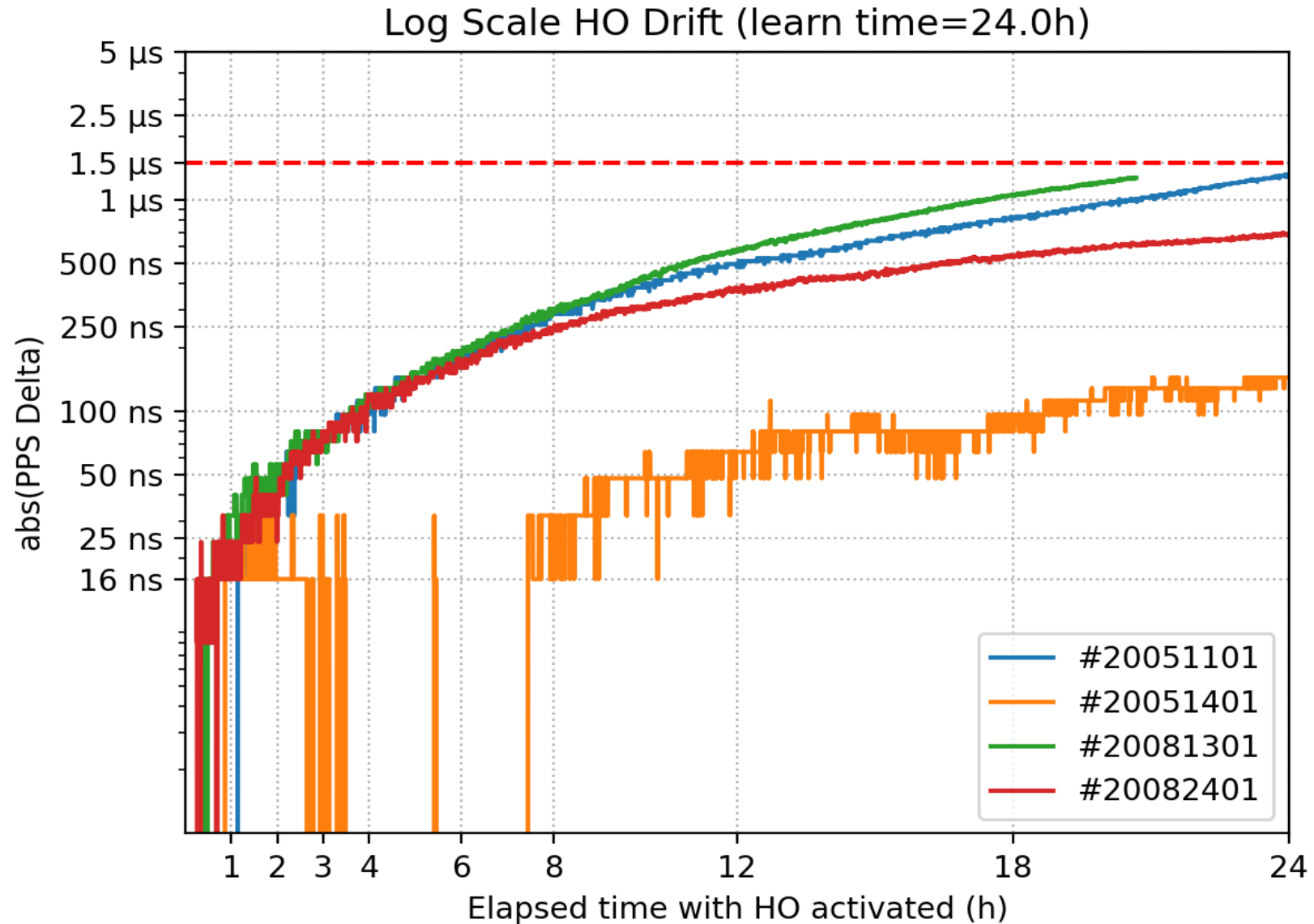
Demonstrate technology capabilities regarding:

- High-accurate time transfer (WR)
- Network resiliency
- PTP interoperability with third party devices
- Monitoring

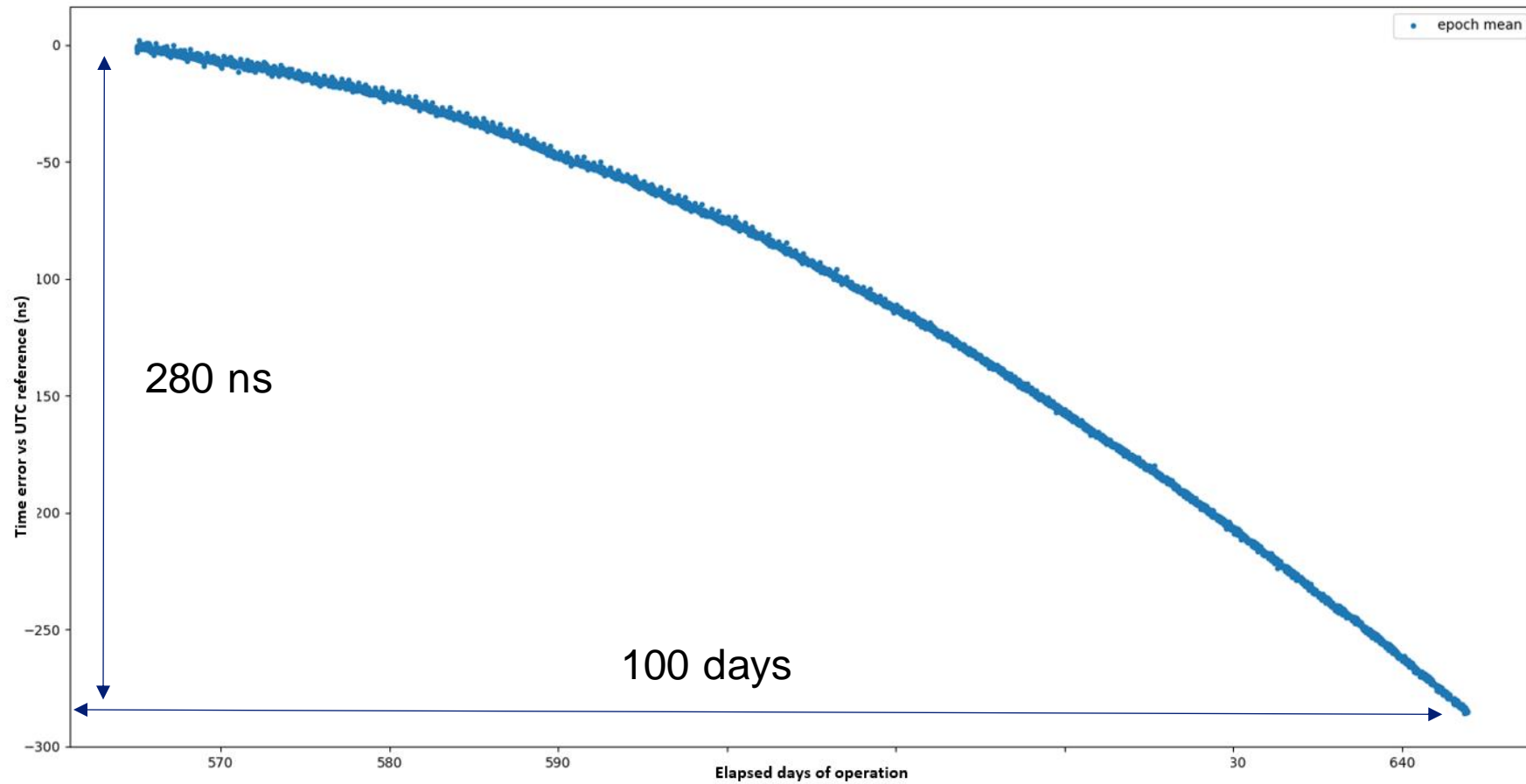
Accuracy (average)	73.13 ps
Jitter (standard deviation)	14.15 ps
Peak to peak error (24 hours)	141 ps



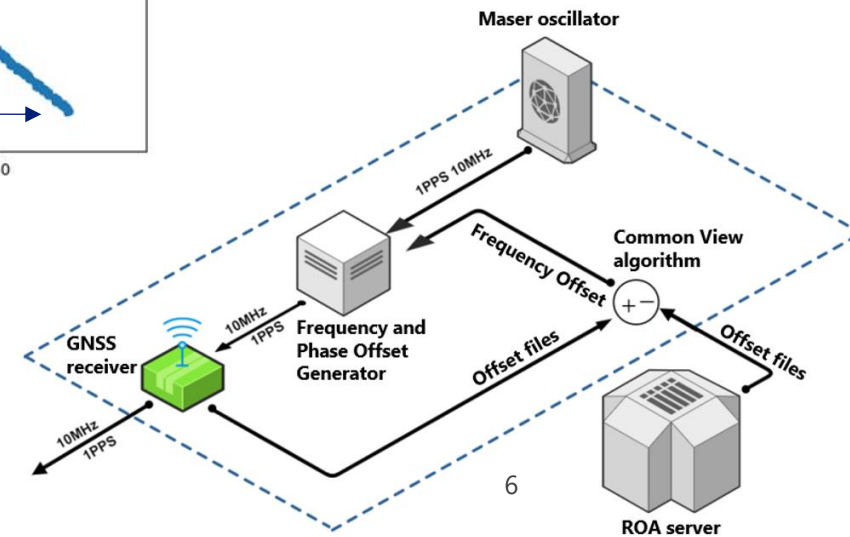
# TEST RESULTS: HOLDOVER PERFORMANCE



# TEST RESULTS: MEDIUM-TERM TIME STABILITY



pHMaser 1008



# TEST RESULTS: MONITORING

## Home

Tag: device\_type Value: WRZ

### Device Overview

Hostname	Serial Number	Firmware Version	Preset	System Status	Timing Status	Act. Reference	Act. Reference Stat	Act. Reference cod	Flops
<a href="#">z16-197</a>	S01_197	v3.2.0.4-LJ	GM ext GNSS	Ok	Ok	GM: Front-panel	Locked	10000	0
<a href="#">z16-196</a>	S01_196	v3.2.0.4-LJ	GM ext GNSS	Ok	Ok	GM: Front-panel	Locked	10000	0
<a href="#">wrztpf1-826</a>	S04_826	v3.2	GM ext GNSS	Ok	Ok	GM: Front-panel	Locked	10000	Unknown
<a href="#">z16-192</a>	S01_192	v3.2.0.4-LJ	Custom	Ok	Ok	BC: WR @ wr0	Locked (TRACK_PH...	20001	0
<a href="#">z16-193</a>	S01_193	v3.2.0.4-LJ	BC wr0 slave	Ok	Ok	BC: WR @ wr0	Locked (TRACK_PH...	20001	1

### Time sources

Hostname	Last	Mean	Maximum	Minimum	Peak to peak
z16-192	0 s	0 s	0 s	0 s	0 s
z16-193	0 s	0 s	0 s	0 s	0 s
z16-196	55 µs	112 µs	3.02 ms	-143 µs	3.16 ms
z16-197	56 µs	105 µs	1.60 ms	-1.6 ms	3.23 ms

PTP: Offset from master (2 panels)

White Rabbit: Offset from master

### Alerts

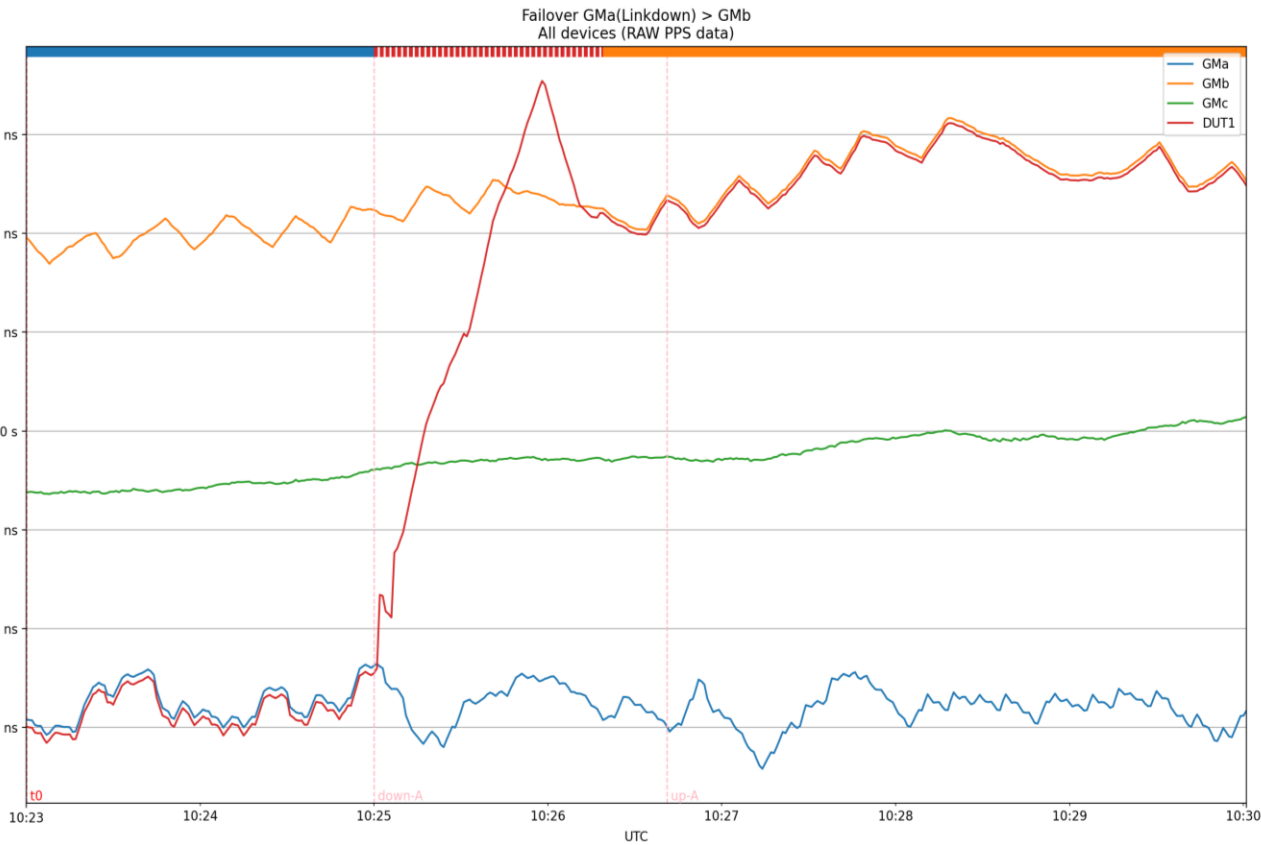
Time	IP	Level	Description
2021-11-24 22:37:00	192.168.1.100	Warning	The device has timing issue(s)
2021-11-25 03:22:30	192.168.1.100	Warning	The device has system issue(s)
2021-11-24 14:20:30	192.168.1.100	Warning	CPU usage is too high
2021-11-24 15:48:00	192.168.1.101	Warning	The device has timing issue(s)
2021-11-24 15:47:30	192.168.1.101	Error	The device has timing issue(s)
2021-11-24 12:00:30	192.168.1.101	Error	Low available memory (RAM)
2021-11-24 16:53:30	192.168.1.102	Warning	The device has timing issue(s)
2021-11-25 08:48:00	192.168.1.102	Warning	Unknown error

### Network Topology

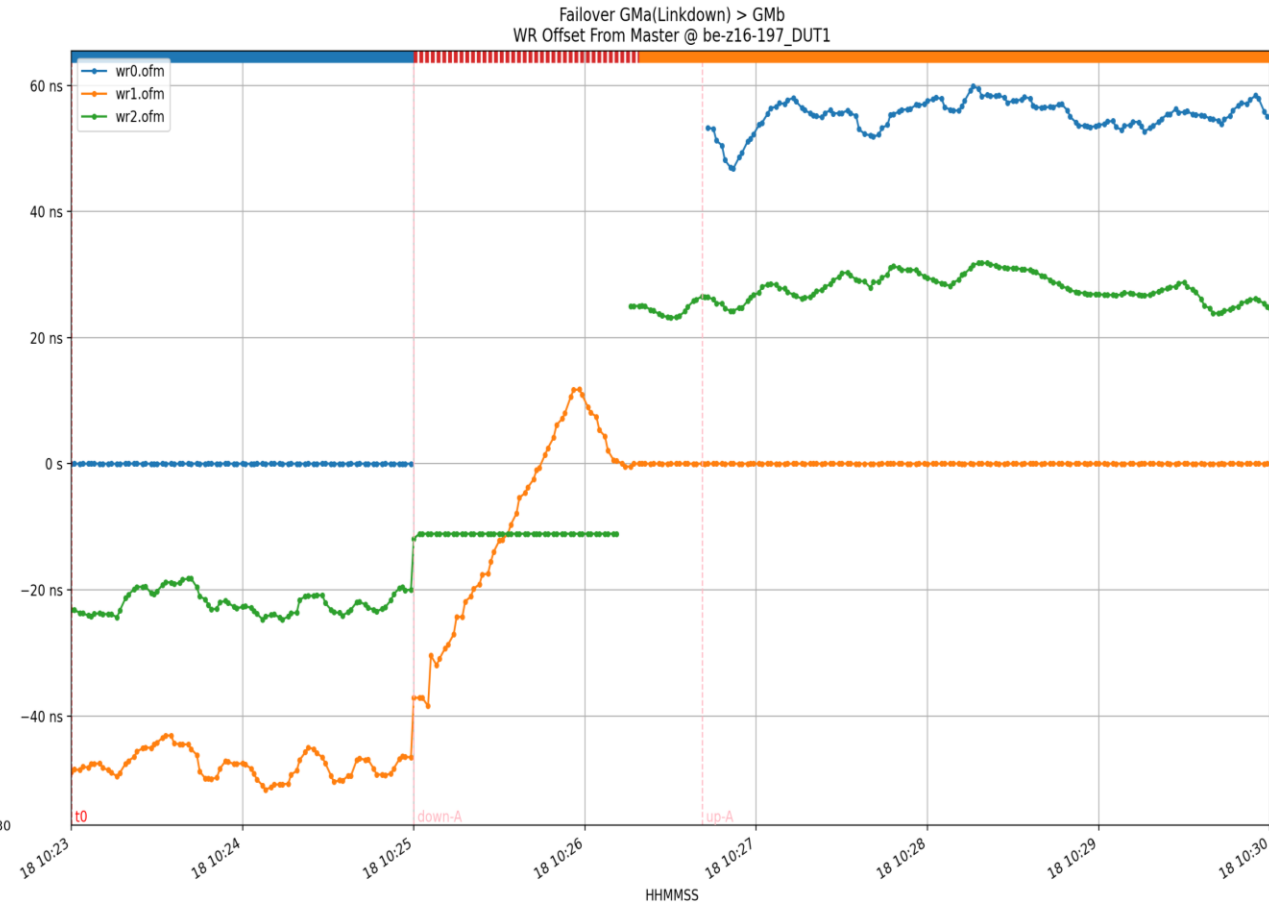
```

graph TD
    z16-196[Ok] --- wr1_wr0 --- z16-192[Ok]
    z16-197[Ok] --- wr1_wr14 --- z16-192
    wrztpf1-826[Ok] --- wr1_wr15 --- z16-192
  
```

# TEST RESULTS: FAILOVER (LINK DOWN @ GM<sub>A</sub>)



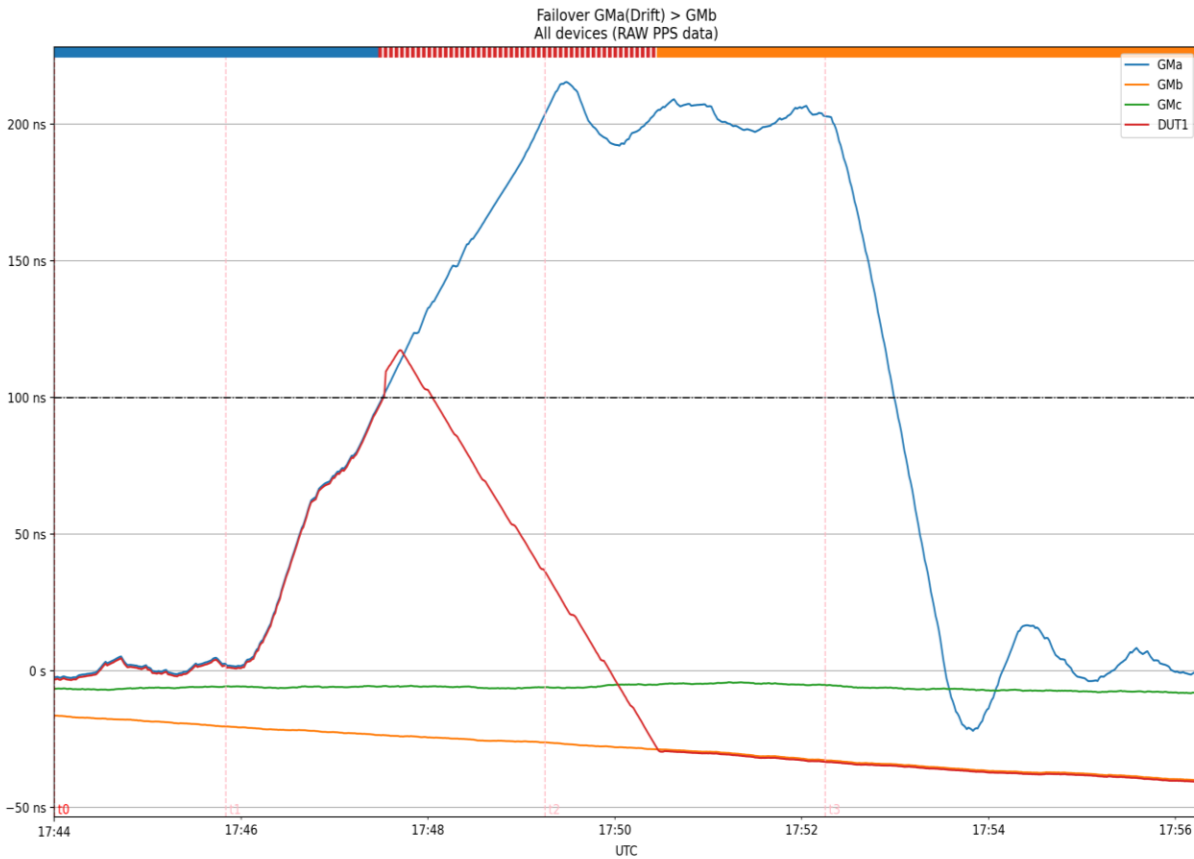
External lab measurement



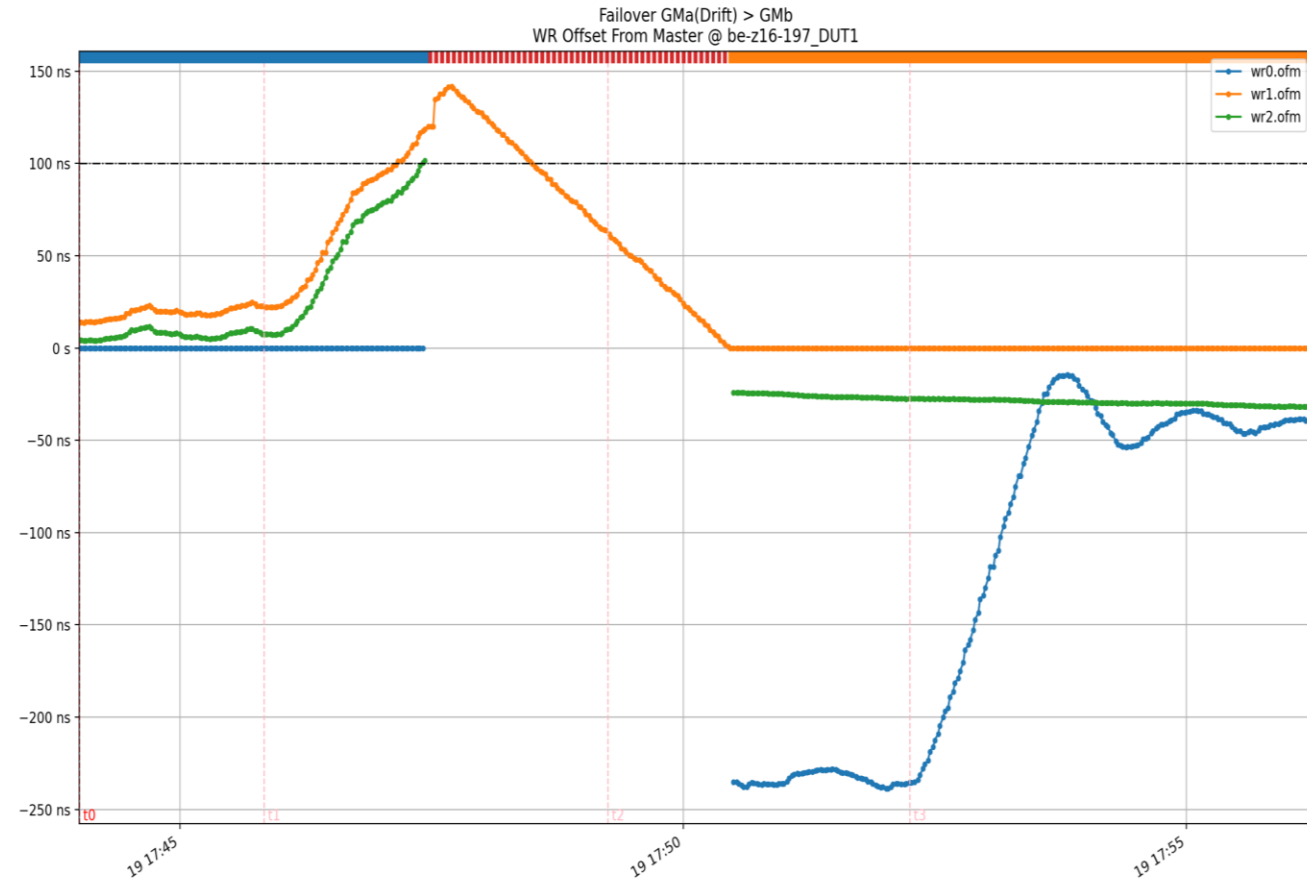
Measuring at the device under test (DUT)



# TEST RESULTS: FAILOVER (DRIFT DETECTION @ GM<sub>A</sub>)

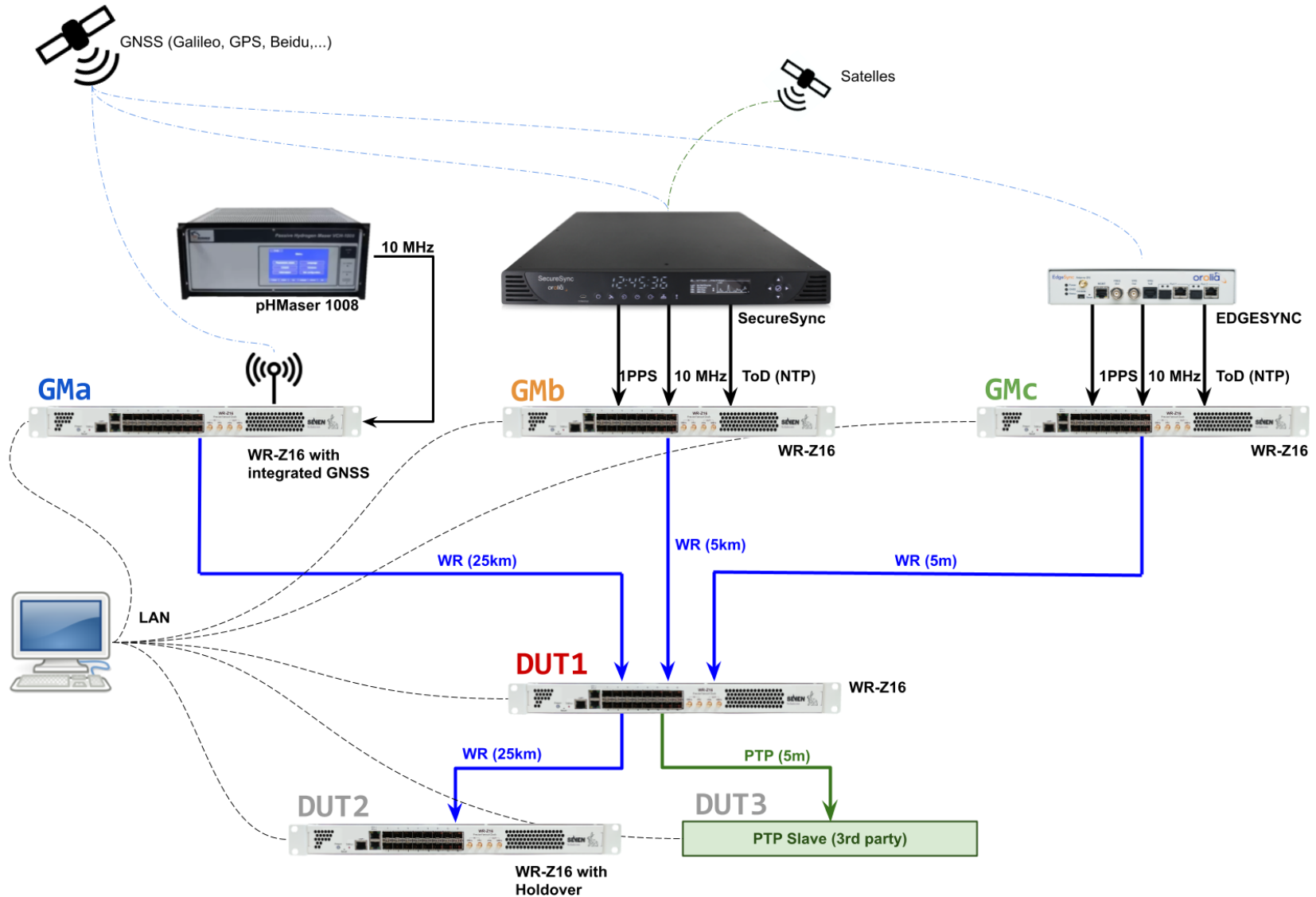


External lab measurement



Measuring at the device under test (DUT)

# A RESILIENT ARCHITECTURE



# RESILIENT ARCHITECTURE AGAINST ATTACK/FAILURES

## ■ Device based resiliency

- Resiliency to Jamming (GNSS denied scenario):
  - External passive hydrogen maser (PHM) or local holdover (DOXCO, mRO)
  - SecureSync can track STL (Satellites) if GNSS L1/E1 bands are jammed
- Resiliency to Spoofing:
  - OSNMA allows spoofing detection
  - STL is fully encrypted to protect against spoofing

## ■ Network based resiliency

- WR (time transfer) allows measuring and comparing distributed GNSS spread at tens of km. Our approach allows switching from one timing source to the other in case the majority differs from actual timing source (voting scheme as trust metric).



Resilient<sup>2</sup>PNT=(Device Resiliency x Network Resiliency)

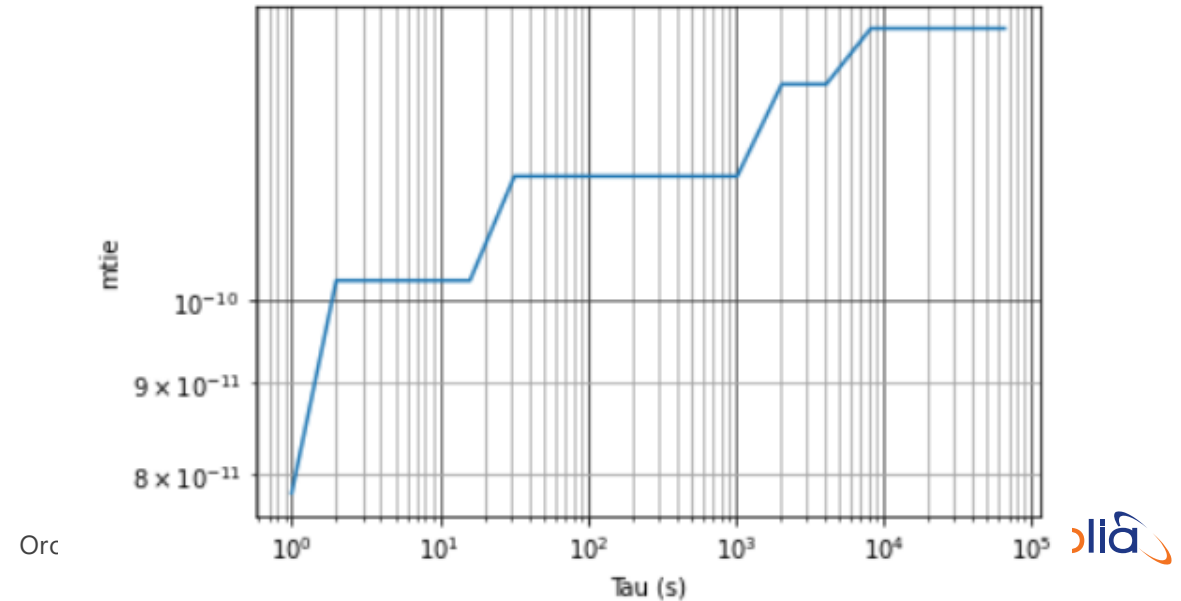
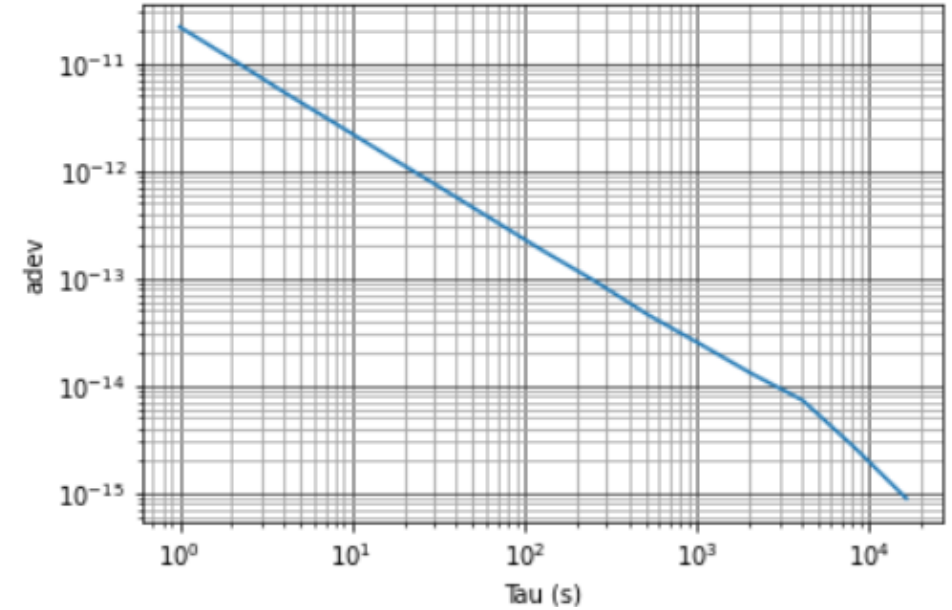
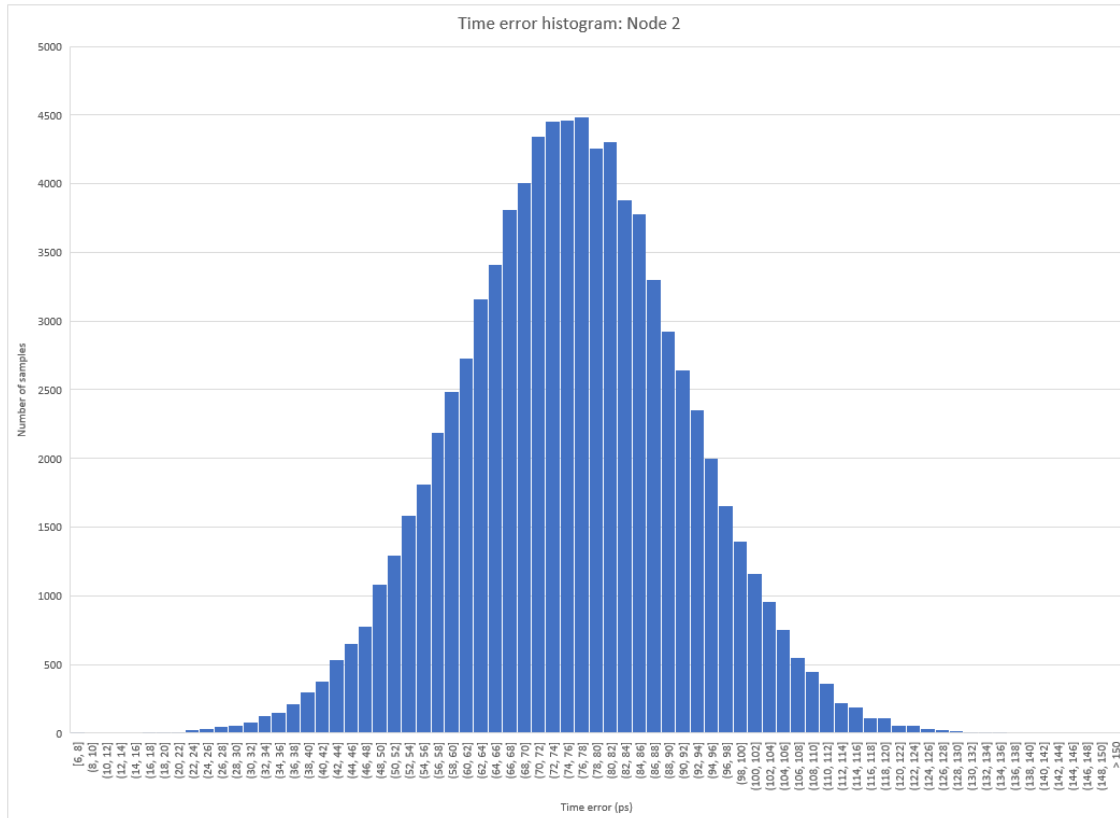
Test ID	Test name	Duration	Measure	Metrics	Objective	Site	Results summary
T1	System verification	<2h	-	Fail/pass	Setup the DUTs and verify correct and normal operation the White Rabbit network	JRC	System was properly verified by Seven Solutions team by accesing the equipment remotely.
T2M	Short term sync stability vs clock reference	24h	1PPS	TE, ADEV, MTIE	Showing short-term timing distribution performance tracking the reference of a clock provided by 7S	JRC	The tests results show sub-ns accuracy time transfer in 2hops with 50km end to end link length: - peak-to-peak time error<90ps - jitter <17ps - ADEV: 2e-11@1s, 2e-12@10s, 2e-13@100s, 2e-14@1000s, 1e-15@10000 - MTIE: 7,8e-11@1s, 1,02e-10@10s, 1,17e-10@100s, 1,17e-10@1000s, 1,41e-10@10000
T2N	Short term sync stability in HO vs UTC reference	24h	1PPS	TE	Showing short-term timing distribution performance in Holdover mode based on UTC reference	JRC	The test results shown a holdover performance lower than 1.5us/24h after 24h of learning time locked to a GNSS. * due to reasons pending to investigate, the performance measured in JRC was worse than in 7Sols installations using same equipment.
				vs UTC ref.			
T3	Medium term time stability	>30 days	1PPS	TE	Showing medium-term time transfer performance based on UTC reference	7S	The test results shown a time error below 280ns after 80 days of operation of a maser time reference working in free running mode.
				vs UTC ref.			
T4M	Network monitoring	<2h	descriptive	descriptive	Showing monitoring capabilities of the 7Sols WR system	JRC	The demo was succesfully completed by showing the monitoring and management capabilities of the solution, based on both the web interface and the centralized monitoring system installed on JRC management PC.
T4N	Failover	<2h	descriptive	descriptive	Showing resiliency capabilities of the 7Sols WR system for failover scenario A: loss of GNSS reference	JRC	The automatic failover was succesfully completed showing a maximum time error during the switching lower than 25ns on each iteration, for both stratum 2 and 3 devices.
	scenario A						
T4O	Failover	<2h	descriptive	descriptive	Showing resiliency capabilities of the 7Sols WR system for failover scenario B: failure in optical fiber link	JRC	The automatic failover was succesfully completed showing a maximum time error during the switching lower than 25ns on each iteration, for both stratum 2 and 3 devices.
	scenario B						
T4P	Failover	<4h	descriptive	descriptive	Showing resiliency capabilities of the 7Sols WR system for failover scenario C: slow frequency drift	7S	The automatic failover was succesfully completed after detection of a faulty time source due to a frequency drift (>100ns) using a voting system based on 3 independent time sources.
	scenario C						
T4Q	Interoperability	<2h	descriptive	descriptive	Showing interoperability with other timing protocols capabilities of the	JRC	The inteoperability of the devices was demostrated by showing the correct PTP G.8275.1 synchronization between 7Sols devices and a Meinberg

# Q&A



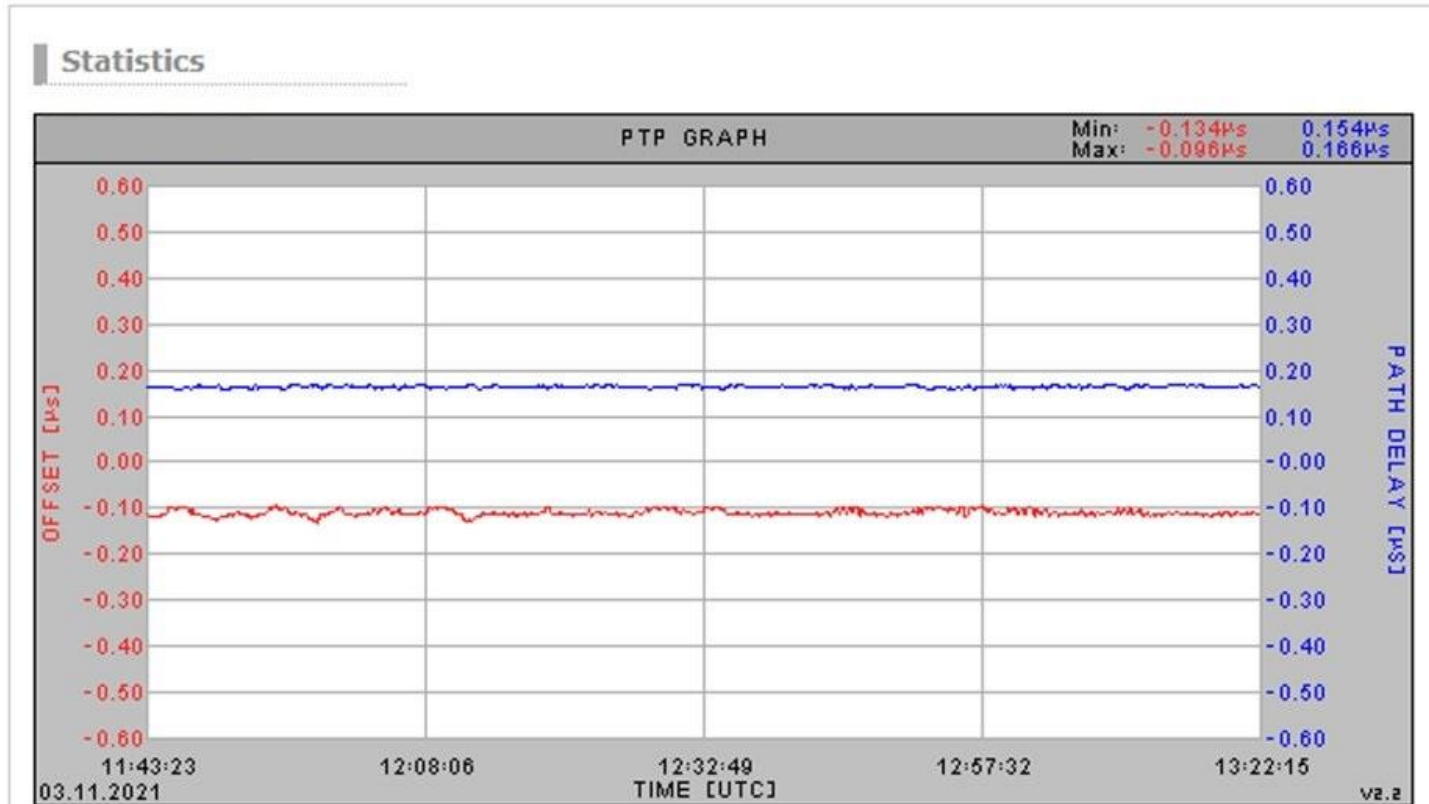
# TEST RESULTS: SHORT TERM TIME STABILITY

Accuracy (average)	73.25 ps
Jitter (standard deviation)	16.12 ps
Peak to peak error	89.39 ps



# TEST RESULTS: INTEROPERABILITY

## PTP V2 Statistics

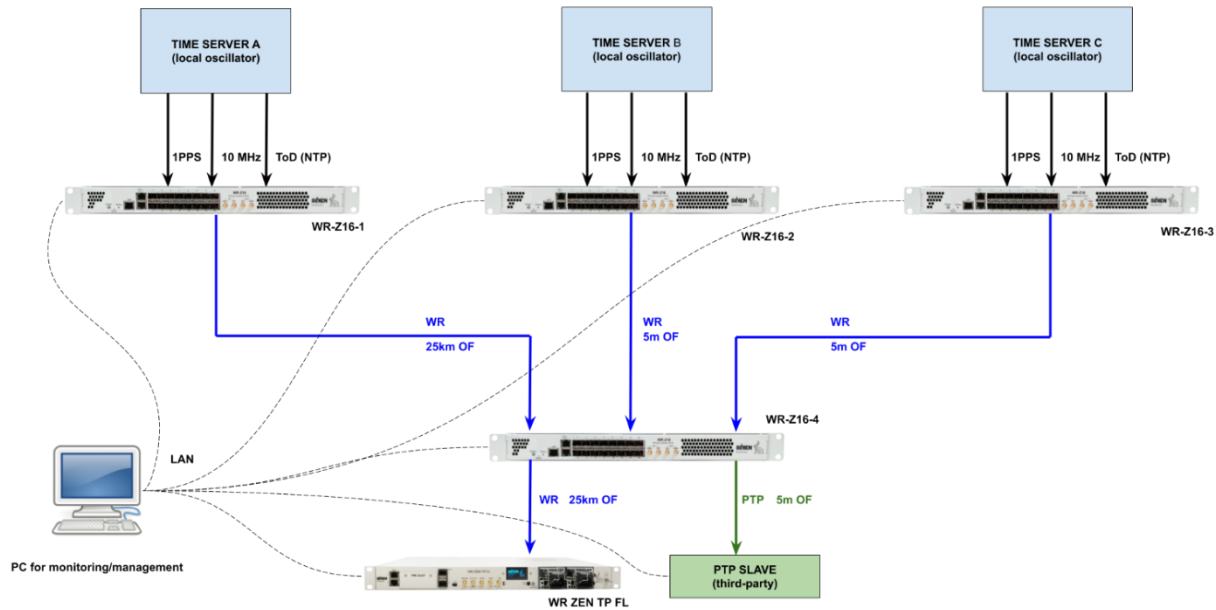


# INTRO TESTS

## Goals

Demonstrate technology capabilities regarding:

- High-accurate time transfer
- Network resiliency
- PTP interoperability with third party devices
- Monitoring



Test ID	Test name	Duration	Measurements	Metrics	Objective	Location
T1	System verification	<2h (estimated)	-	Fail/pass	Setup the DUTs and verify correct operation	JRC
T2M	Short term sync stability vs clock reference	24h	1PPS, 10MHz	TE, ADEV, MTIE vs clock ref.	Showing short-term time and frequency distribution performance tracking the reference of a clock provided by 7S	JRC
T2N (optional)	Short term sync stability in HO vs UTC reference	24h	1PPS, 10 MHz	TE vs UTC ref.	Showing short-term frequency distribution performance in Holdover based on UTC reference	JRC
T3	Medium term time stability	14 days	1PPS	TE, ADEV, MTIE vs UTC ref.	Showing medium-term time transfer performance based on UTC reference	7S
T4M	Network monitoring	<2h (estimated)	descriptive	descriptive	Showing monitoring capabilities of the solution	JRC
T4N	Failover scenario A	<2h (estimated)	descriptive	descriptive	Showing resiliency capabilities of the solution for failover scenario A: loss of GNSS reference	JRC
T4O	Failover scenario B	<2h (estimated)	descriptive	descriptive	Showing resiliency capabilities of the solution for failover scenario B: failure in optical fiber link	JRC
T4P	Failover scenario C	<4h (estimated)	descriptive	descriptive	Showing resiliency capabilities of the solution for failover scenario C: slow frequency drift	7S
T4Q	Interoperability	<2h (estimated)	descriptive	descriptive	Showing interoperability with other timing protocols capabilities of the solution	JRC