



Zooming out: The impact of the Green Supporting Factor and its ‘cousins’

Jakob Thomä, Managing Director

DATA SOURCES



Thomä et al. (2019) “Quantifying the potential impact of a green supporting factor or brown penalty on European banks and lending”
[*Journal of Financial Regulation and Compliance*](#)

Thomä et al. (2019) “Sustainability Improvement Loans: A risk-based approach to changing capital requirements to favour sustainability outcomes” *2° Investing Initiative / Oxford University Smith School Joint Working Paper*

DATA SOURCES



Type of instrument	Total (in billion €)	Green share (in %)		Brown share (in %)		Risk-Weight (in %)
		Baseline	Potential	Baseline	Potential	
Loans financial corporations	1,047	0	0	0	0	20
Loans non-financial corporations (large)	2,848	0	2	5	10	100
Loans non-financial corporations (SMEs)	1,500	0	0	0	0	100
Consumer credit	654	5	5	30	30	100
Loans - house purchase	4,220	10	10	5	5	50
Other loans - household	723	0	0	0	0	100
Loans government	1,016	0	0	0	0	100
Loans non-euro area residents	2,898	0	0	0	0	100
Equity funds	1,532	0	2	5	10	300
Government debt securities	1,505	0	0	0	0	20
MFI debt securities	970	0	0	0	0	20
Debt securities - non-euro area residents	2,151	0	2	5	10	100
Total	21,064					

1. Combination of macro banking statistics & bottom-up green / brown share estimates

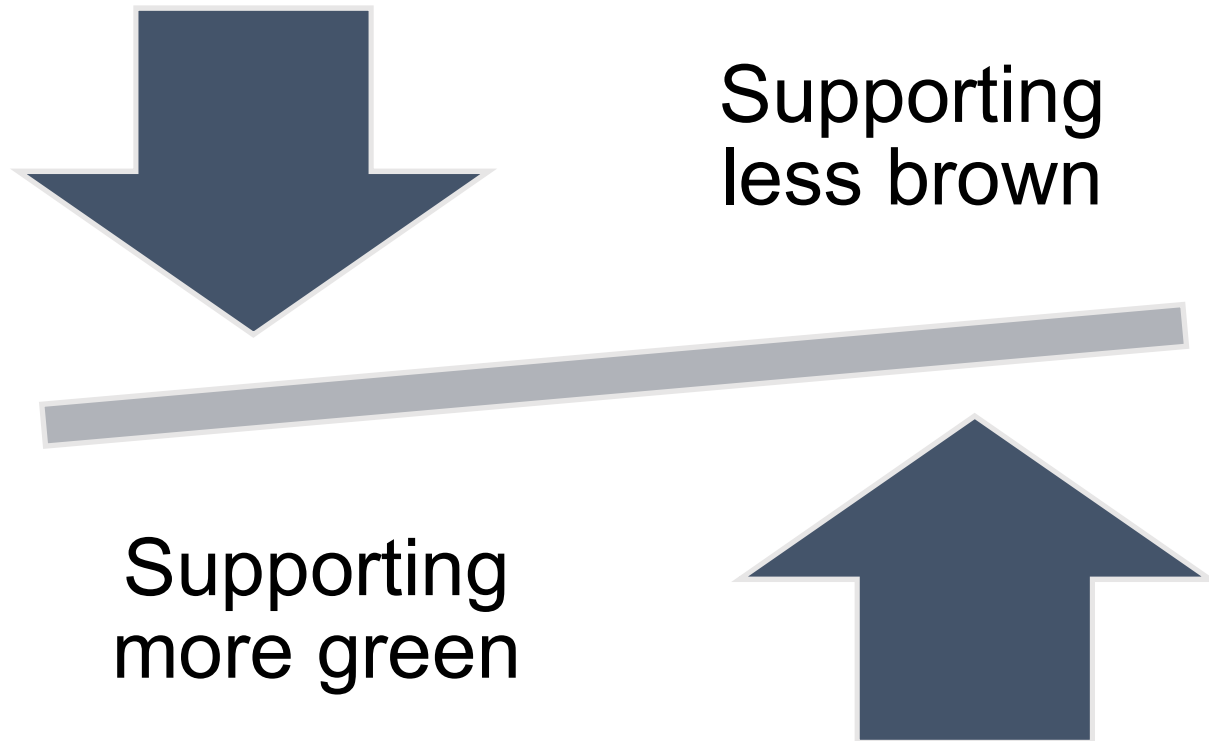
DATA SOURCES



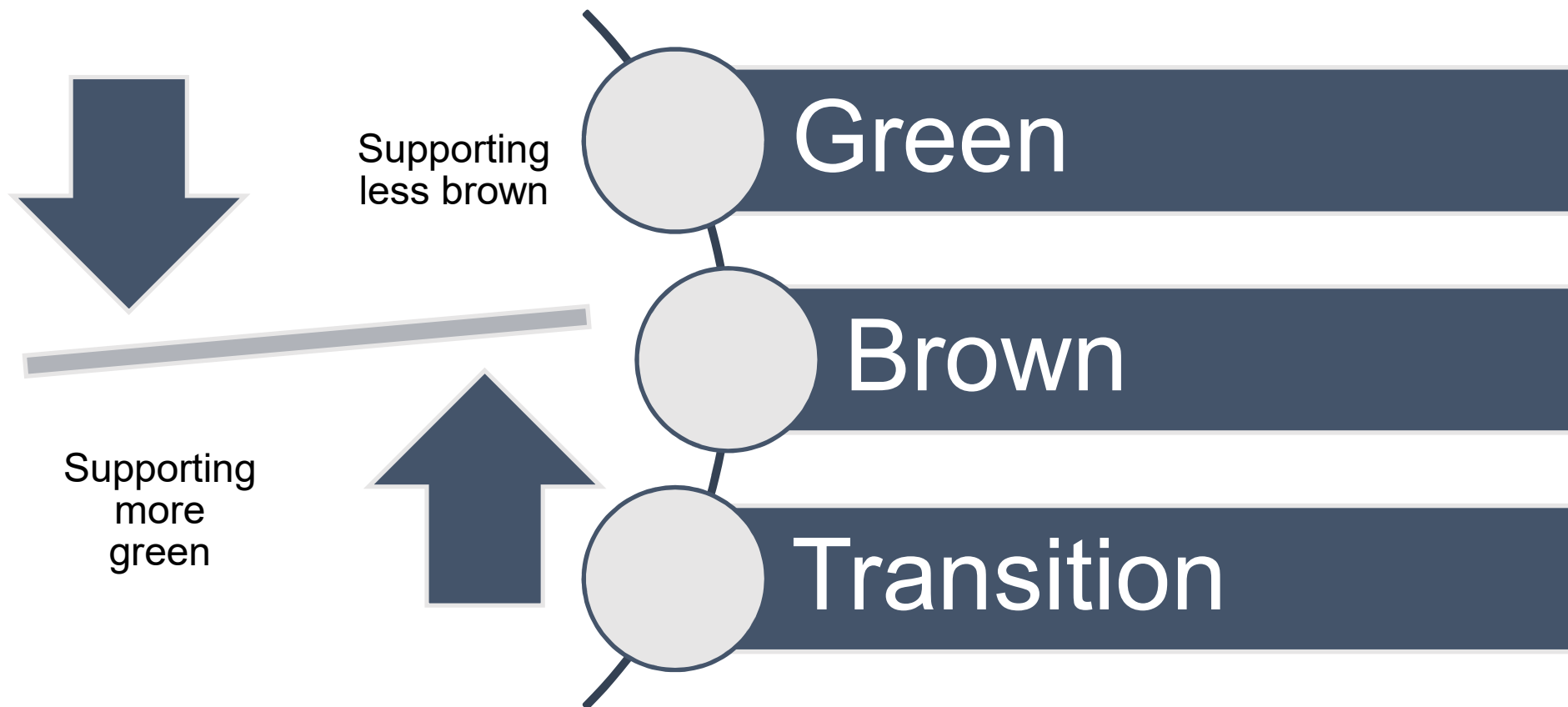
Study	Baker, M. and Wurgler, J. (2013)	BCBS (2010)	Kashyap, A. et al. (2010)	King, M.R. (2010)	Slovik, P. and Cournède, B. (2011)
Effect on lending rates (measured in basis points)	6-9	13	2.5-4.5	15	14.4
Modigliani and Miller assumption holds	Yes	No	Yes	No	No

2. Historical empirical analysis on capital requirement interventions

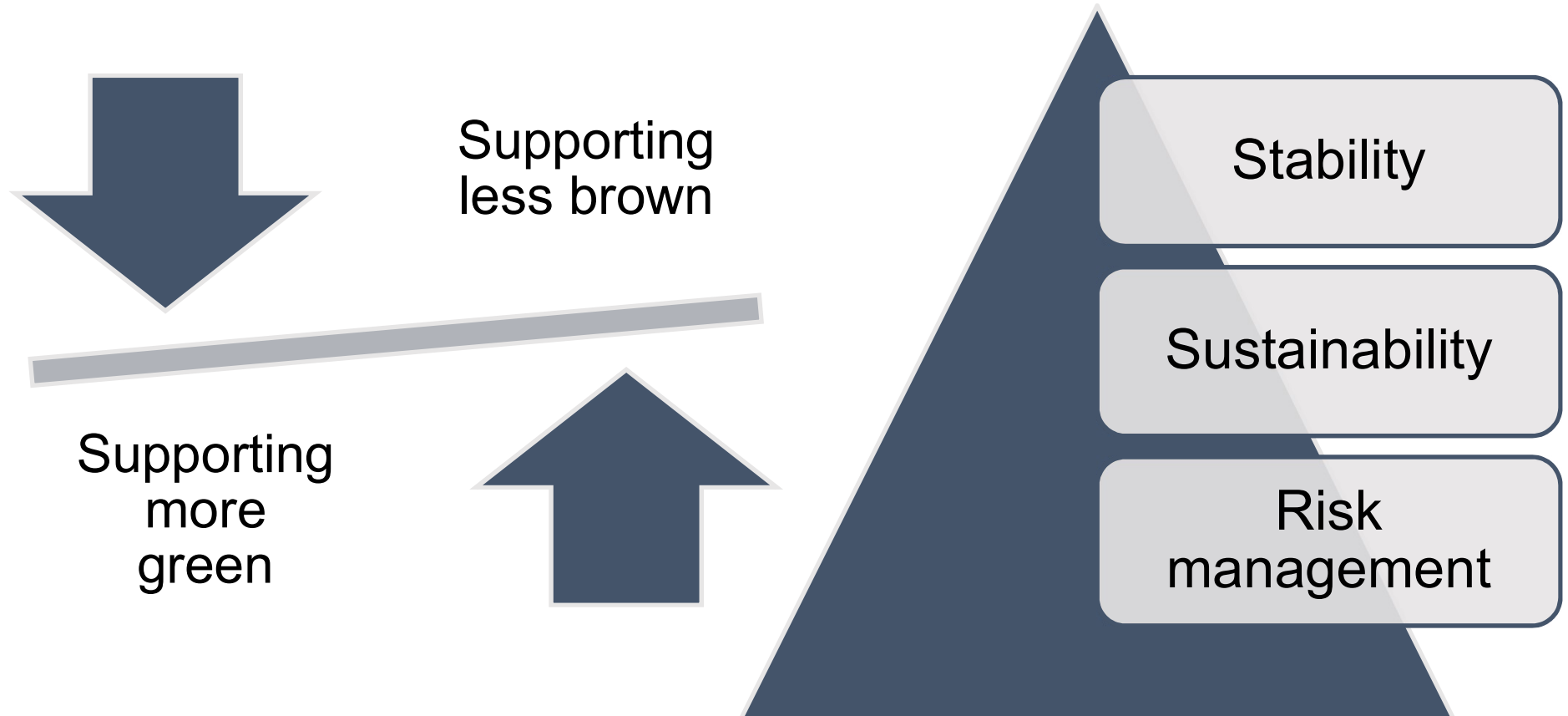
POLICY OPTIONS



POLICY OPTIONS



POLICY OPTIONS



POLICY OPTIONS



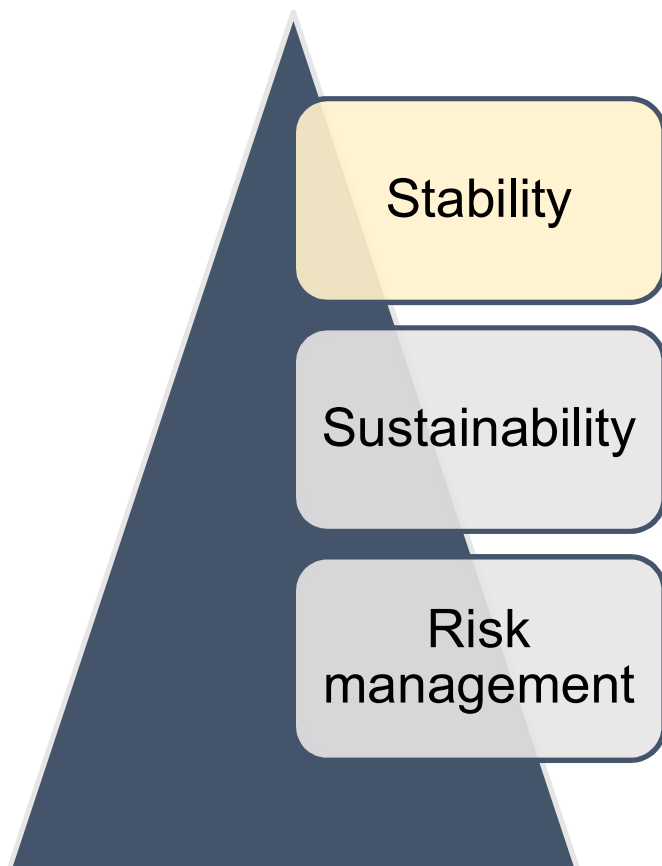
A vertical line on the left side of the slide, with three circles connected to it. Each circle is connected to a horizontal bar containing text. The circles are light gray with dark gray outlines. The bars are dark blue with white text. The text in the bars is 'Green Supporting Factor', 'Brown Penalty', and 'Sustainable Improvement Factor'.

Green Supporting Factor

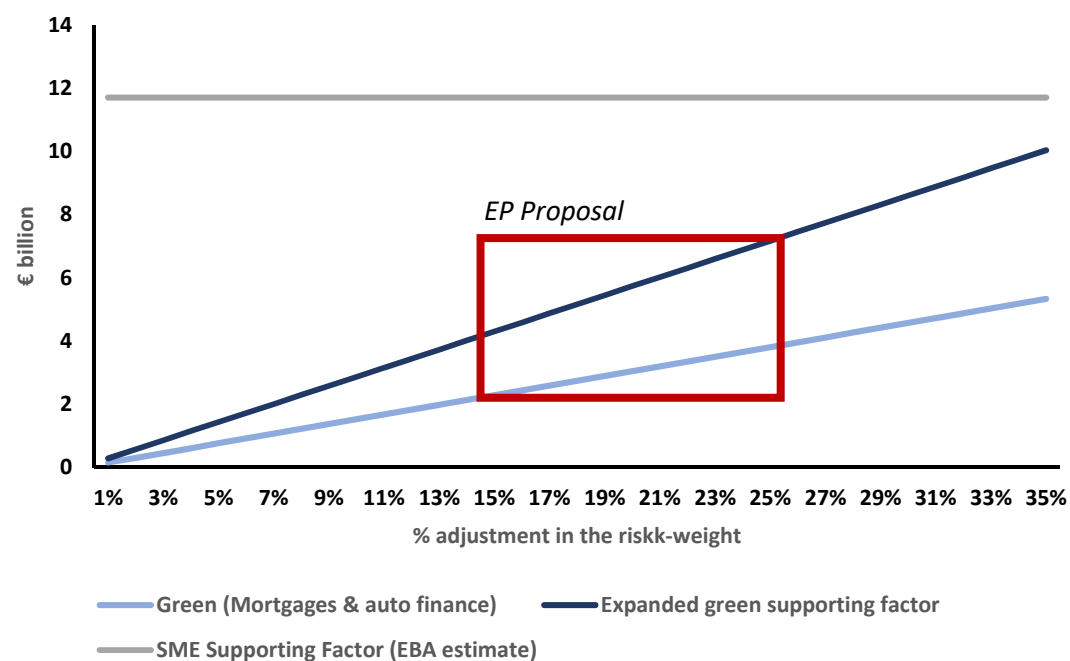
Brown Penalty

Sustainable Improvement
Factor

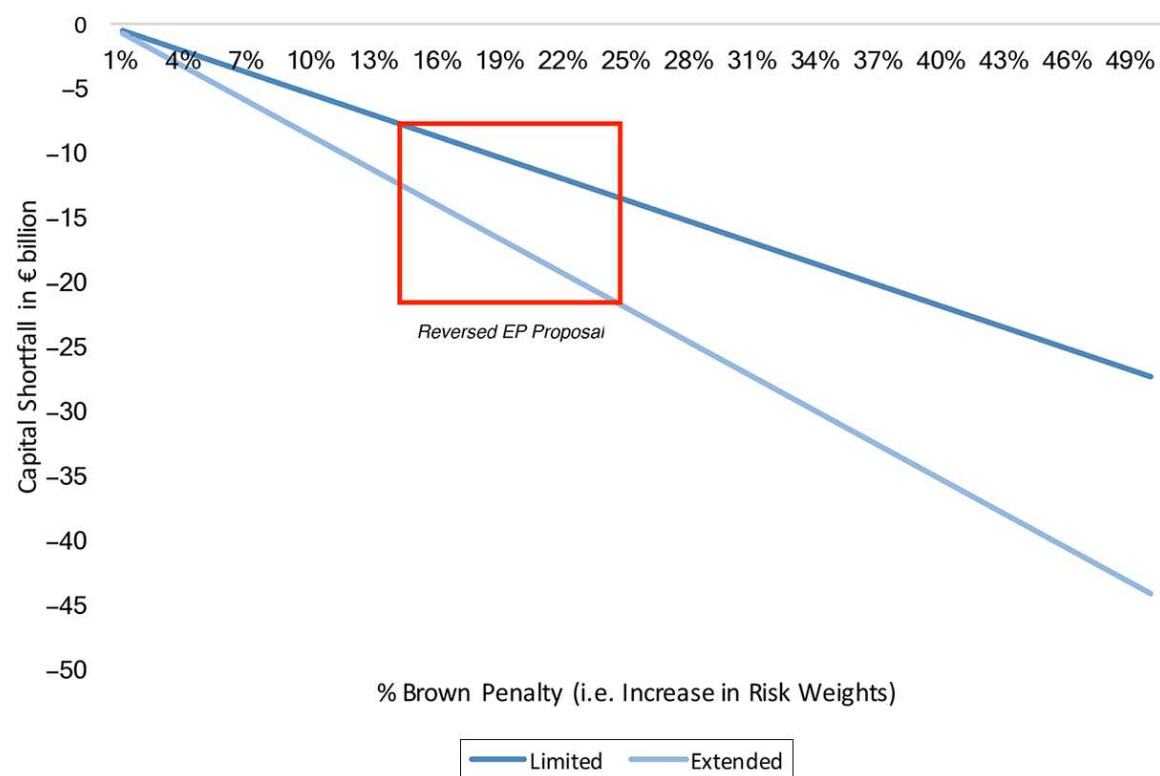
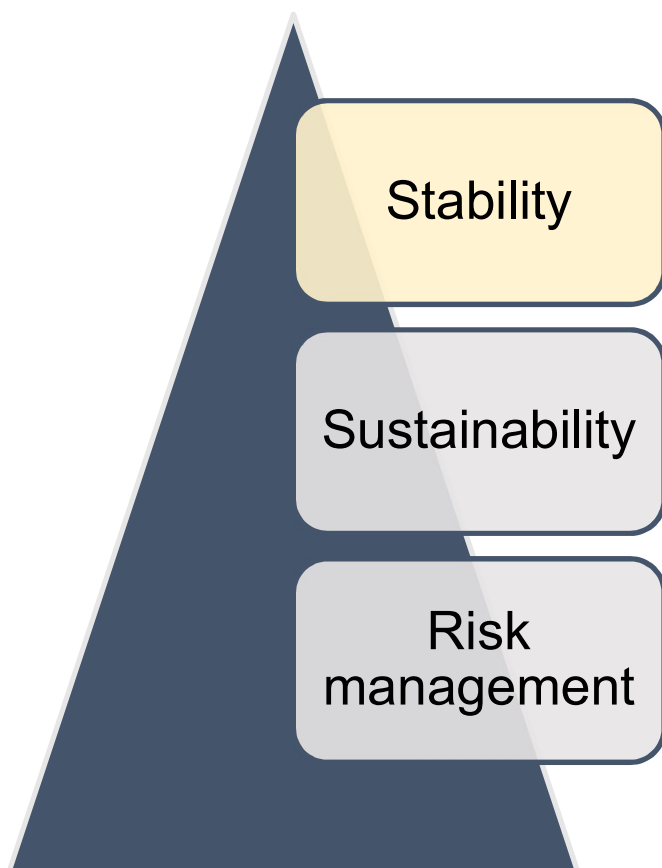
IMPACT OF GSF ON COST OF CAPITAL



Impact of the Green Supporting Factor on capital reserves



IMPACT OF GSF ON FINANCIAL STABILITY



IMPACT OF GSF ON FINANCIAL STABILITY



Stability

Sustainability

Risk
management

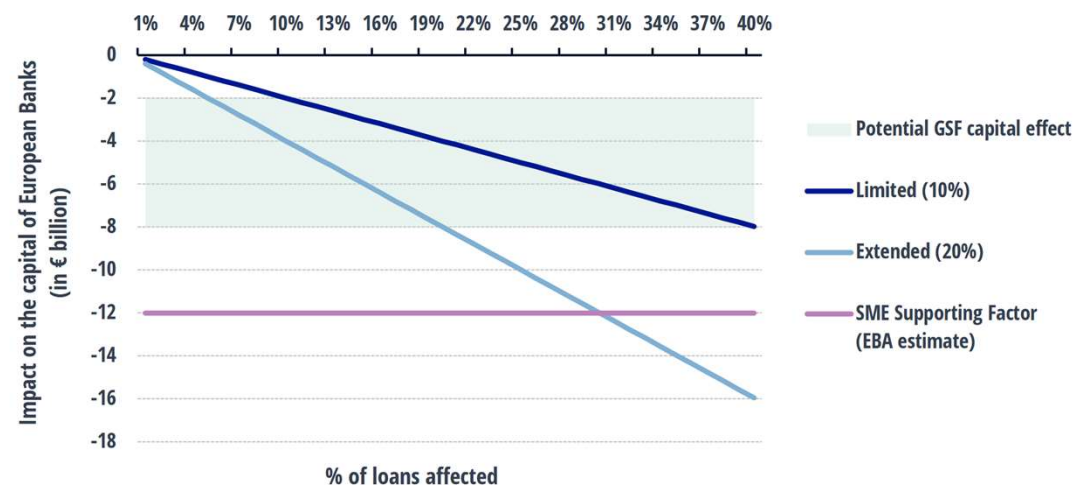


Figure 3. Impact of limited and extended SI capital adjustments on the capital of European banks (Source: Authors, based on ECB, EBA, Thomä et al. 2018, and own calculations)

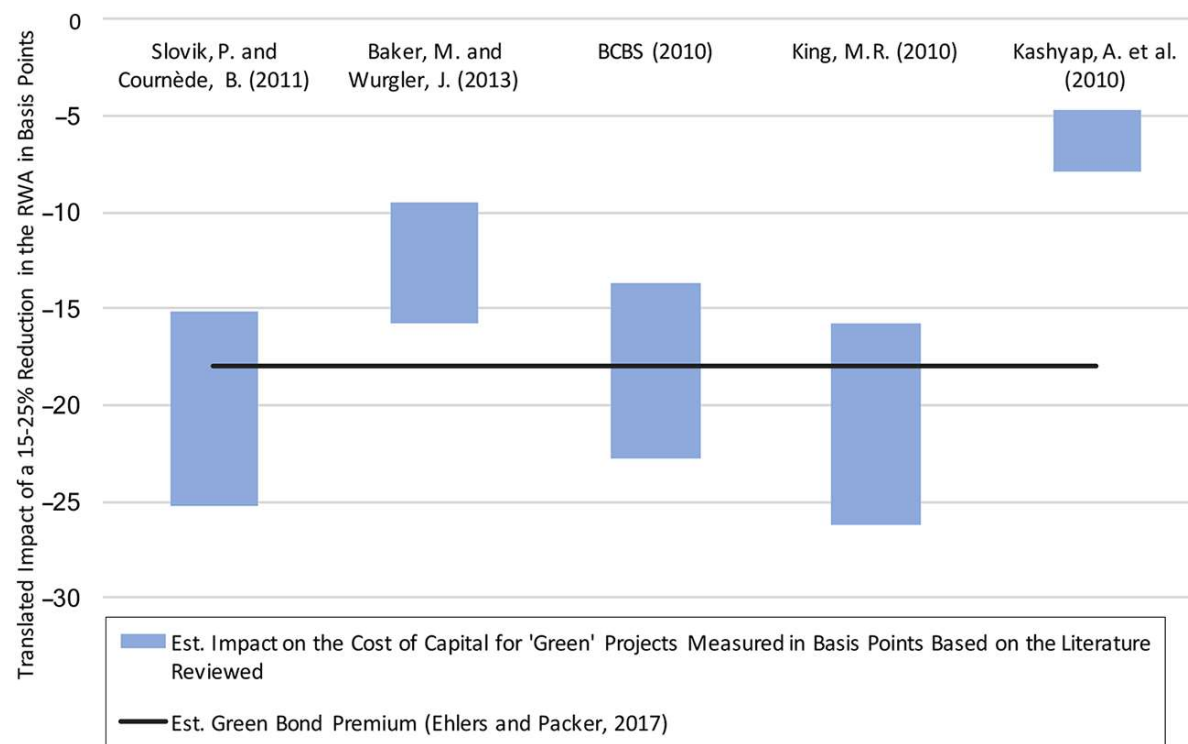
IMPACT OF GSF ON SUSTAINABILITY



Stability

Sustainability

Risk
management



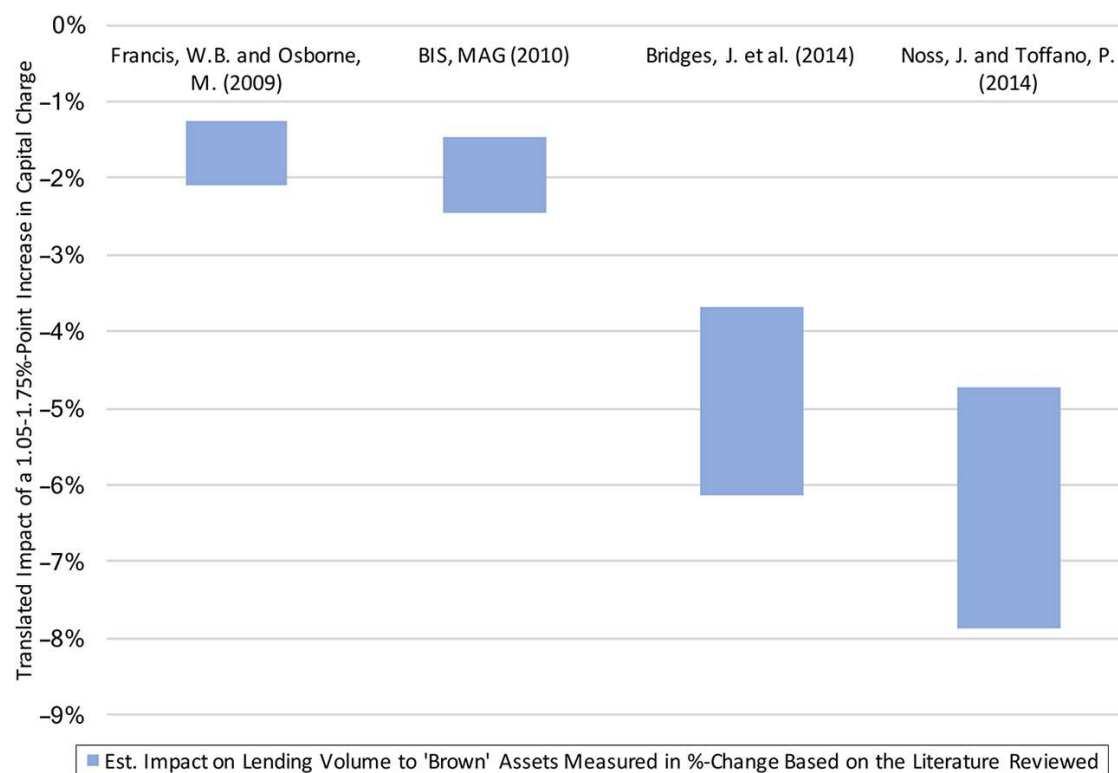
IMPACT OF GSF ON SUSTAINABILITY



Stability

Sustainability

Risk
management



IMPACT OF GSF ON SUSTAINABILITY

Stability

Sustainability

Risk
management

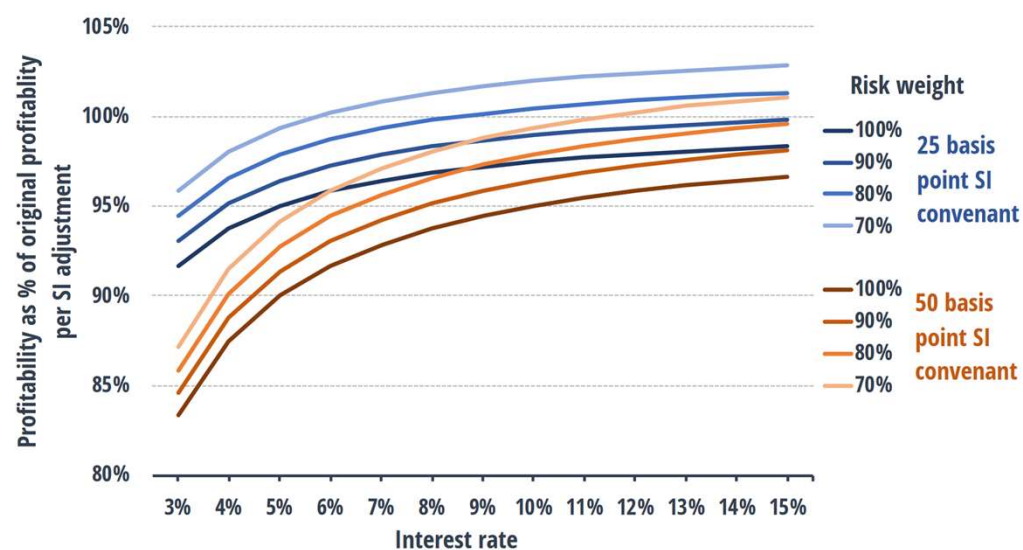


Figure 2. Impact of a SI capital adjustment on profitability at different interest rates, assuming a 25-basis point SI covenant (Source: Authors)

IMPACT OF GSF ON RISK MANAGEMENT

A dark blue pyramid is positioned on the left side of the slide. Three rounded rectangular boxes are stacked vertically along its right edge. The top box is light grey and labeled 'Stability'. The middle box is light grey and labeled 'Sustainability'. The bottom box is light yellow and labeled 'Risk management'.

Stability

Sustainability

Risk
management

- **We know** that backward-looking analysis of green / brown differentials don't make sense and risk being misleading.
- **We know** that forward-looking analysis of green / brown analysis is technically possible, but politically difficult for the ESAs to conduct, given the need to make assumptions about future performance.

3 options:

1. Make a **political** decision.
2. Support **management** rather than environmental performance.
3. Focus on **concentration** risk.



Find out more

Jakob@2degrees-investing.org
www.2degrees-investing.org