

Description and detailed energy and GHG balance of individual pathways

WTT APPENDIX 2

This appendix gives the detailed results of the energy and GHG balance for all pathways.
Pathways new to this version 3 have been highlighted in yellow.

It details the processes included in each pathway and gives the resulting energy and GHG balance for the total pathway as well as the contribution of each of the main stages. In addition to **WTT Appendix 1** which shows some of the calculations carried out by the E3 database, we have included **WTT Appendix 4** which details the process-by-process input data for each pathway.

Energy figures are expressed as net energy *expended* (MJ_x) (i.e. excluding the energy transferred to the final fuel) per MJ energy content of the final fuel (MJ_f). "Total primary" refers to all energy regardless of the primary energy source, i.e. including renewable energy. The portion of this total energy that comes from fossil sources is given in the "fossil" column.

Note: the use of the EU-mix electricity as a generic power source for e.g. transport or operation of refuelling stations introduces a small amount of renewable energy in most pathways.

The best estimate and the range of variability are given for both energy and GHG. The ranges are obtained via a Monte Carlo simulation combining the range of variation of individual processes (see **WTT Appendix 1**). The minimum value is taken as P20 (20% of observed values will be below that value) and the maximum as P80. The range of energy variation is also indicated for those steps that make a significant contribution.

In order to facilitate comparison of pathways of a different nature the final table regroups the actual processes into five standard stages namely:

Stage 1: Production and conditioning at source

Includes all operations required to extract, capture or cultivate the primary energy source. In most cases, the extracted or harvested energy carrier requires some form of treatment or conditioning before it can be conveniently, economically and safely transported.

Stage 2: Transformation at source

Is used for those cases where a major industrial process is carried out at or near the production site of the primary energy (e.g. gas-to-liquids plant).

Stage 3: Transportation to EU

Is relevant to energy carriers which are produced outside the EU and need to be transported over long distances. This step is also used where a significant transport vector is required to move the raw material to a processing plant (e.g. biomass).

Stage 4: Transformation in EU

Includes the processing and transformation that takes place near the market place in order to produce a final fuel according to an agreed specification (e.g. oil refineries or hydrogen reformers).

Stage 5: Conditioning and distribution

Relates to the final stages required to distribute the finished fuels from the point of import or production to the individual refuelling points (e.g. road transport) and available to the vehicle tank (e.g. compression in the case of natural gas).

Figures from 14/11/08 update

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1 Conventional fuels

Pathway code		C	O	C	O	N
Code	Process	1	1	1		
Crude oil						
CO1	Crude oil production	✓	✓	✓		
CO2	Crude oil transportation	✓	✓	✓		
CD1	Crude oil refining, marginal diesel	✓				
CD2	Diesel transport	✓				
CD3	Diesel depot	✓				
CD4	Diesel distribution and dispensing	✓				
CG1	Crude oil refining, marginal gasoline		✓			
CG2	Gasoline transport		✓			
CG3	Gasoline depot		✓			
CG4	Gasoline distribution and dispensing		✓			
CN1	Crude oil refining, marginal naphtha			✓		
CN2	Naphtha transport			✓		
CN3	Naphtha depot			✓		
CN4	Naphtha distribution and dispensing			✓		
Common processes						
Z1	Diesel production	✓	✓	✓		
Z2	Road tanker	✓	✓	✓		
Z3	HFO production	✓	✓	✓		
Z5	Rail transport	✓	✓	✓		
Z7a	Electricity (EU-mix, MV)	✓	✓	✓		
Z7b	Electricity (EU-mix, LV)	✓	✓	✓		

COG1 Crude oil to gasoline

COD1 Crude oil to diesel

CON1 Crude oil to naphtha

The gasoline and diesel fuel pathways are the reference against which all others need to be evaluated. Naphtha is a potential fuel for fuel cells. The figures for crude oil extraction and processing relate to conventional crudes. Reserves of non-conventional crudes (Canadian oil-sands and Venezuelan heavy crude) are very large, and these may become important in the longer term, however in the period to 2020 we expect Middle Eastern crude to remain the marginal supply source for Europe. Information on non-conventional crudes has been included for reference in Section 3.1.1 of the WTT Report.

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ ,eq/MJf)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O	
			Total primary			Fossil	Best est.	min	Max	g/MJ	g/MJ	
			Best est.	min	Max							
COG1	Crude oil to gasoline											
	Crude Extraction & Processing	1	0.03	0.01	0.04		3.6			3.6	0.00	0.000
	Crude Transport	3	0.01				0.9			0.9	0.00	0.000
	Refining	4	0.08	0.06	0.10		7.0			7.0	0.00	0.000
	Distribution and dispensing	5	0.02				1.0			1.0	0.00	0.000
	Total pathway		0.14	0.12	0.17	0.14	12.5	11.1	14.6	12.5	0.00	0.000
COD1	Crude oil to diesel											
	Crude Extraction & Processing	1	0.03	0.01	0.04		3.7			3.7	0.00	0.000
	Crude Transport	3	0.01				0.9			0.9	0.00	0.000
	Refining	4	0.10	0.08	0.12		8.6			8.6	0.00	0.000
	Distribution and dispensing	5	0.02				1.0			1.0	0.00	0.000
	Total pathway		0.16	0.14	0.18	0.16	14.2	12.6	16.0	14.2	0.00	0.000
CON1	Crude oil to naphtha											
	Crude Extraction & Processing	1	0.03	0.01	0.04		3.5			3.5	0.00	0.000
	Crude Transport	3	0.01				0.9			0.9	0.00	0.000
	Refining	4	0.05	0.04	0.06		4.4			4.4	0.00	0.000
	Distribution and dispensing	5	0.02				1.0			1.0	0.00	0.000
	Total pathway		0.11	0.10	0.13	0.11	9.8	8.5	11.3	9.7	0.00	0.000

2 Compressed gas from NG and biomass (CNG/CBG), LPG

2.1 Natural gas to CNG

Pathway code	G M C G	G P C G	G R C G			
	1	1a	1b	1	1C	2
Code	Process					
GG1	NG Extraction & Processing	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
NG from pipeline						
GP1a	Russian quality, 7000 km		✓			
GP1b	Average quality, 4000 km			✓		
GM1	EU-mix quality, 1000 km	✓				
LNG production & transport						
GR1	NG Liquefaction			✓		✓
GR1C	NG Liquefaction with CCS				✓	✓
GR2	LNG terminal (loading)			✓	✓	✓
GR3	LNG transport (average of two distances)			✓	✓	✓
GR4	LNG terminal (unloading)			✓	✓	✓
NG distribution						
GR5	LNG vaporisation			✓	✓	
GR6	LNG distribution (road tanker)					✓
GR7	LNG to CNG (vaporisation/compression)					✓
GG3	NG trunk distribution	✓	✓	✓	✓	
GG4	NG local distribution	✓	✓	✓	✓	
GG5	CNG dispensing (compression 0.4-25 MPa)	✓	✓	✓	✓	
NG common processes						
GG2	Electricity generation from NG (CCGT)			✓	✓	✓
Common processes						
Z1	Diesel production					✓
Z2	Road tanker					✓
Z3	HFO production			✓	✓	✓
Z4	Product carrier 50 kt			✓	✓	✓
Z7b	Electricity (EU-mix, LV)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

GMCG1 EU-mix NG supply to CNG

For new applications such as CNG, the EU-mix is, in effect, irrelevant inasmuch as additional marginal gas needs to be used. This case is shown here for reference and to illustrate, when compared to the other cases, the large effect of the gas origin.

GPCG1a Piped NG (7000 km) to CNG

This pathway represents gas imported into the EU through pipelines from Western Siberia, one of the main current and future EU supply sources.

GPCG1b Piped NG (4000 km) to CNG

This pathway represents gas imported into the EU through pipelines from the Middle East or South Western Asia, both key regions for the future EU supplies.

GRCG1/1C LNG to CNG (gaseous distribution) (+CCS option)

LNG can be imported into the EU from various remote sources, the Middle East being one of the most promising in terms of volumes (hence the assumed shipping distance of 5500 nautical miles). In this pathway, LNG is vaporised on receipt into the EU gas grid. Optionally the CO₂ produced in the liquefaction site power plant can be captured and re-injected into a nearby gas or oil field.

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GRCG2 LNG to CNG (liquid distribution)

This pathway is similar to CRGC1 but now assumes that LNG is transported as such, by road, to the refuelling stations.

	Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJf)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O		
		Total primary		Fossil	Best est.	min	Max	g/MJ	g/MJ	g/MJ		
		Best est.	min	Max								
GMCG1	NG current EU-mix (1000 km)											
	Extraction & Processing	1	0.02	0.01	0.05		3.3		1.2	0.09	0.000	
	Transport	3	0.02				1.9		1.1	0.03	0.000	
	Distribution	5	0.01				0.6		0.6	0.00	0.000	
	Compression	5	0.06	0.08	0.04		2.9		2.7	0.01	0.000	
	Total pathway		0.12	0.10	0.15	0.12	8.7	7.7	10.1	5.5	0.13	0.000
GPCG1a	Piped NG, 7000 km											
	Extraction & Processing	1	0.03	0.01	0.06		3.8		1.3	0.10	0.000	
	Transport	3	0.19	0.06	0.22		15.0		10.2	0.19	0.000	
	Distribution	5	0.01				0.6		0.6	0.00	0.000	
	Compression	5	0.06	0.08	0.04		2.9		2.7	0.01	0.000	
	Total pathway		0.30	0.18	0.34	0.29	22.3	15.3	25.0	14.7	0.29	0.001
GPCG1b	Piped NG, 4000 km											
	Extraction & Processing	1	0.03	0.01	0.05		3.5		1.2	0.09	0.000	
	Transport	3	0.09	0.03	0.10		7.5		4.8	0.11	0.000	
	Distribution (HP)	5	0.01				0.6		0.5	0.00	0.000	
	Compression	5	0.06	0.08	0.04		2.9		2.7	0.01	0.000	
	Total pathway		0.19	0.14	0.22	0.19	14.5	11.3	16.0	9.2	0.20	0.000
GRCG1	LNG, gaseous distribution											
	Extraction & Processing	1	0.03	0.01	0.05		3.5		1.2	0.09	0.000	
	Liquefaction	2	0.09	0.08	0.09		5.8		4.7	0.04	0.000	
	Transport (shipping)	3	0.09				5.6		5.5	0.00	0.000	
	Receipt + Vaporisation	5	0.03				1.8		1.8	0.00	0.000	
	Distribution	5	0.01				0.6		0.5	0.00	0.000	
	Compression	5	0.06	0.08	0.04		2.9		2.7	0.01	0.000	
	Total pathway		0.31	0.29	0.33	0.30	20.2	19.2	21.6	16.5	0.14	0.000
GRCG1C	LNG, gaseous distribution, CCS											
	Extraction & Processing	1	0.03	0.01	0.05		3.5		1.2	0.09	0.000	
	Liquefaction (CCS)	2	0.10	0.09	0.10		2.3		1.2	0.04	0.000	
	Transport (shipping)	3	0.09				5.5		5.5	0.00	0.000	
	Receipt + Vaporisation	5	0.03				1.8		1.8	0.00	0.000	
	Distribution	5	0.01				0.6		0.6	0.00	0.000	
	Compression	5	0.06	0.08	0.04		2.9		2.7	0.01	0.000	
	Total pathway		0.32	0.29	0.35	0.32	16.7	15.5	18.0	13.0	0.14	0.000
GRCG2	LNG, liquid distribution (trucking)											
	Extraction & Processing	1	0.03	0.01	0.05		3.5		1.2	0.09	0.000	
	Liquefaction	2	0.09				5.8		4.7	0.04	0.000	
	Transport (shipping)	3	0.09				5.6		5.5	0.00	0.000	
	Receipt	5	0.01				0.7		0.7	0.00	0.000	
	Distribution	5	0.02				3.8		1.2	0.10	0.000	
	Compression	5	0.03				1.5		1.5	0.00	0.000	
	Total pathway		0.26	0.25	0.29	0.26	20.8	20.3	22.1	14.8	0.24	0.000

2.2 Biomass to CBG

Pathway code		O	W	C	G	
Code	Process	1	2	3	4	5
Biogas from waste						
BG1a	Liquid manure transport, 10 km			✓		
BG1b	Dry manure transport, 10 km			✓		
BG2a	Municipal waste to biogas (upgraded)	✓		✓		
BG2b	Liquid manure to biogas (upgraded)		✓		✓	
BG2c	Dry manure to biogas (upgraded)			✓		
BG3a	Municipal waste to electricity (small scale, local)	✓				
BG3b	Liquid manure to electricity (small scale, local)		✓			
BG3c	Dry manure to electricity (small scale, local)			✓		
NG distribution						
GG4	NG local distribution	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
GG5	CNG dispensing (compression 0.4-25 MPa)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Farming						
WT1b	Wheat farming (whole plant)				✓	
WT1c	Wheat farming (double cropping)					✓
Crop transport and processing						
WT2c	Wheat whole plant road transport				✓	✓
WB1	Whole wheat to biogas (upgraded)				✓	
WB2	Whole wheat to biogas, double cropping (upgraded)					✓
Common processes						
Z7a	Electricity (EU-mix, MV)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z7b	Electricity (EU-mix, LV)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

OWCG1 Municipal waste to CBG

Municipal waste, already collected is turned into biogas. The biogas is treated and upgraded before being fed into an existing NG grid to be used as automotive fuel.

OWCG2/3 Municipal waste to CBG

Liquid or dry manure is collected from farms and turned into biogas in a central plant serving a small community. The biogas is treated and upgraded before being fed into an existing NG grid to be used as automotive fuel.

OWCG4 Wheat (whole plant) to CBG

The whole wheat plant is harvested and converted into biogas. There is a net fertiliser credit as the fermentation residue is send back to the field. The biogas is treated and upgraded before being fed into an existing NG grid to be used as automotive fuel.

OWCG5 Maize and barley (whole plant) to CBG, double cropping

A variant of the above using the double cropping technique to increase yield and decrease fertiliser application and, as a consequence, field N₂O emissions. Maize is followed by winter barley. Both crops are cultivated and harvested in the same year and organic agriculture is assumed. The fertilizer requirement is met by the residue of the downstream biogas plant.

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		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ ,eq/MJf)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O	
			Total primary			Fossil			Best est.	min	Max	
			Best est.	min	Max							
OWCG1	CBG: municipal waste		4	0.81			12.69			3.1	0.45	-0.006
	Production, treating and upgrading		5	0.00			0.00			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Distribution (pipeline)		5	0.06			2.86			2.7	0.01	0.000
	Refuelling station											
	Total WTT GHG emitted						15.5	12.6	18.5	5.8	0.46	-0.006
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂						-55.0			-55.0		
OWCG2	CBG: liquid manure		2	0.03			-94.67			2.1	-3.87	0.000
	Manure transport		4	0.88			6.25			-4.3	0.47	-0.004
	Production, treating and upgrading		5	0.00			0.00			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Distribution (pipeline)		5	0.06			2.86			2.7	0.01	0.000
	Refuelling station											
	Total WTT GHG emitted						-85.6	-110.0	-55.1	0.5	-3.39	-0.004
OWCG3	CBG: dry manure		2	0.01			-9.00			0.7	-0.39	0.000
	Manure transport		4	0.88			6.25			-4.3	0.47	-0.004
	Production, treating and upgrading		5	0.00			0.00			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Distribution (pipeline)		5	0.06			2.86			2.7	0.01	0.000
	Refuelling station											
	Total WTT GHG emitted						0.1	-3.0	3.0	-0.9	0.09	-0.004
OWCG4	CBG: wheat (whole plant)		1	0.17			23.38			10.6	0.02	0.041
	Cultivation		2	0.00			0.35			0.3	0.00	0.000
	Manure transport		4	0.97			-6.39			-12.6	0.46	-0.018
	Production, treating and upgrading		5	0.00			0.00			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Distribution (pipeline)		5	0.06			2.86			2.7	0.01	0.000
	Refuelling station											
OWCG5	CBG: corn and barley, double cropping		1	0.10			17.42			11.8	0.01	0.018
	Cultivation		2	0.00			0.26			0.3	0.00	0.000
	Manure transport		4	1.17			2.92			-7.5	0.47	-0.005
	Production, treating and upgrading		5	0.00			0.00			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Distribution (pipeline)		5	0.06			2.86			2.7	0.01	0.000
	Refuelling station											
OWCG5	Total WTT GHG emitted						23.5	20.4	36.6	-4.6	0.48	-0.005
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂						-55.0			-55.0		
	Total pathway						1.34	1.31	1.36	0.03	-31.5	-34.6

2.3 LPG

LRLP1 Gas field condensate to LPG

C3 and C4 condensates from remote gas production are separated treated and liquefied prior to shipping to Europe and distribution as automotive LPG.

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ ,eq/MJf)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O	
			Total primary			Fossil			Best est.	min	Max	
			Best est.	min	Max							
LRLP1	LPG from gas field (remote)		1	0.05			3.5			3.1	0.02	0.000
	Extraction & Processing		2	0.01			0.3			0.3	0.00	0.000
	Liquefaction		3	0.03			2.5			2.5	0.00	0.000
	Transport (shipping)		5	0.02			1.3			1.3	0.00	0.000
	Distribution		5	0.01			0.4			0.4	0.00	0.000
	Total pathway			0.12	0.12	0.13	0.12	8.0	8.0	8.5	7.5	0.02

3 Ethanol

		Sugar beet		Wheat									Sugar cane		Straw		Farmed wood	Waste wood
Pathway code		S B E T	T E T	W									S C E T	T E T	S T E T	W F E T	W W E T	
Code	Process	1a	1b	3	1a	1b	2a	2b	3a	3b	4a	4b	5	1a	1b	1	1	1
Farming																		
SB1	Sugar Beet Farming	✓	✓	✓														
WT1a	Wheat farming (grain)		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓			
SC1	Sugar cane farming (Brazil)													✓	✓			
Crop transport and processing																		
SB2	Sugar beet road transport	✓	✓	✓														
SB3a	Sugar beet to ethanol, pulp to animal feed, slops not used	✓		✓														
SB3b	Sugar beet to ethanol, pulp to animal feed, slops to biogas			✓														
SB3c	Sugar beet to ethanol, pulp and slop to biogas digestor and																	
WT2a	Wheat grain road transport			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
WT2b	Wheat straw road transport				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
WT3	Wheat grain handling				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
WT4a	Wheat grain to ethanol, conventional boiler				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
WT4b	Wheat grain to ethanol, NG CCGT					✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
WT4c	Wheat grain to ethanol, Lignite CHP						✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
WT4d	Wheat grain to ethanol, Straw CHP							✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
WT4e	Wheat grain to ethanol, DDGS to biogas													✓				
WTDa	Credit for DDGS as animal feed						✓											
WTDb	Credit for DDGS as fuel							✓										
W3k	Wheat straw to ethanol (logen)								✓									
SC2	Sugar cane road transport									✓					✓	✓		
SC3a	Sugar cane to ethanol, heat credit for surplus bagasse									✓				✓	✓			
SC3b	Sugar cane to ethanol, no credit for surplus bagasse									✓				✓	✓			
SC4a	Sugar cane ethanol road transport to port										✓			✓	✓			
SC4b	Sugar cane ethanol shipping from Brazil										✓			✓	✓			
Wood (farmed)																		
WF1	Wood farming and chipping																✓	
Wood (waste)																		
WW1	Forest residuals to wood chips																	
Wood transport & processing (all sources)																		
WC2a	Wood chips road transport, 50 km																	
WC2c	Coastal/river shipping wood chips (200MW plant)																	
W3j	Woody biomass to ethanol (SSCF)																	
Biofuels transport & distribution																		
ETd	Ethanol distribution (blended)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Common processes																		
Z1	Diesel production	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z2	Road tanker	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z3	HFO production																	
Z4	Product carrier 50 kt																	
Z6	Marginal NG for general use (4000 km piped)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z7a	Electricity (EU-mix, MV)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z7b	Electricity (EU-mix, LV)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

SBET1/3 Sugar beet to ethanol

The three pathways cover three alternative uses for the pulp and slops by-products. In SBET1a/b the pulp is used as animal feed while slops are either not valorised or used as feedstock to biogas. In SBET3 both pulp and slops are used for producing biogas. The latter is used for cogeneration partially covering the plant heat requirement in SBET1b and covering the whole plant heat requirement in SBET3 while also generating export electricity (excess heat does not generate a credit). Note that all data for these pathways, including farming and manufacturing, has been extensively reviewed and updated.

WTT APPENDIX 2

	Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJf)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O
		Total primary		Fossil	Best est.	min	Max	g/MJ	g/MJ	g/MJ
		Best est.	min	Max						
SBET1a	EtOH from sugar beet, pulp to animal feed, slops not used				16.19			7.2	0.01	0.029
	Cultivation	1	0.11							
	Road transport	3	0.02					1.2	0.00	0.000
	Ethanol plant	4	1.26					21.4	0.07	-0.013
	Distribution & retail	5	0.03					1.5	0.00	0.000
	Total WTT GHG emitted				38.1	34.9	43.5	31.3	0.08	0.016
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂				-71.4			-71.4		
	Total pathway				1.41	1.31	1.51	0.56	-33.2	-36.5 -27.8
SBET1b	Ethanol from Sugar beet, pulp to animal feed, slops to biogas				16.19			7.2	0.01	0.029
	Cultivation	1	0.11							
	Road transport	3	0.02					1.2	0.00	0.000
	Ethanol plant	4	1.04					9.3	0.03	-0.013
	Distribution & retail	5	0.03					1.5	0.00	0.000
	Total WTT GHG emitted				25.0	21.9	29.2	19.2	0.04	0.016
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂				-71.4			-71.4		
	Total pathway				1.19	1.10	1.30	0.34	-46.4	-49.5 -42.2
SBET3	Ethanol from Sugar beet, pulp/slops to biogas/heat				16.19			7.2	0.01	0.029
	Cultivation	1	0.11							
	Road transport	3	0.02					1.2	0.00	0.000
	Ethanol plant	4	0.73					-4.7	-0.01	0.000
	Distribution & retail	5	0.03					1.5	0.00	0.000
	Total WTT GHG emitted				13.9	11.7	19.8	5.2	0.00	0.029
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂				-71.4			-71.4		
	Total pathway				0.88	0.78	0.98	0.04	-57.5	-59.7 -51.6

WTET Wheat grain to ethanol

- 1a/b This is the conventional process where heat for the ethanol plant is provided by a NG-fired steam boiler and electricity is imported from the grid. DDGS is used as either as animal feed (a) or as co-fuel in a coal power station (b). The straw is not used and assumed to be ploughed back into the field (the fertiliser inputs are adjusted accordingly).
- 2a/b The energy to the ethanol plant is provided by a NG-fired CCGT sized to provide the required heat. Surplus electricity is produced and exported, which generates a credit calculated by comparison to a state-of-the-art stand-alone NG-fired CCGT (the benefit stems from the use of CHP in the ethanol plant). DDGS is used either as animal feed (a) or as co-fuel in a coal power station (b). Although option b is more favourable from an energy point of view, option a is likely to be preferred for economic reasons. The straw is not used (see 1a).
- 3a/b The energy for the ethanol plant is provided by a lignite (or brown coal) -fired CHP power plant sized to provide the required heat. Surplus electricity is produced and exported, which generates a credit calculated by comparison to a state-of-the-art stand-alone lignite power plant (the benefit stems from the use of CHP in the ethanol plant). Both DDGS use options are presented (see 3a/b) and straw is not used (see 1a).
- 4a/b The energy for the ethanol plant is provided by a straw-fired CHP power plant sized to provide the required heat. Surplus electricity is produced and exported, which generates a credit calculated by comparison to a state-of-the-art stand-alone straw power plant (the benefit stems from the use of CHP in the ethanol plant). The fertiliser inputs are adjusted to compensate for the lost of soil nutrients from straw. Both DDGS use options are presented (see 3a/b).
- 5 The heat and power requirement of the ethanol plant is provided by biogas produced from DDGS. A small electricity import is still required. A credit is generated for export of fermentation residue returned to the wheat field as fertiliser.

WTT APPENDIX 2

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJf)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O
			Total primary		Fossil	Best est.	min	Max	g/MJ	g/MJ	g/MJ
		Best est.	min	Max							
WTET1a	Ethanol from Wheat, Conv NG boiler, DDGS as animal feed					39.38			17.3	0.03	0.072
	Cultivation	1	0.27			0.63			0.6	0.00	0.000
	Road transport	3	0.03			19.66			25.0	0.09	-0.025
	Ethanol plant	4	1.37			1.54			1.5	0.00	0.000
	Distribution & retail	5	0.03								
	Total WTT GHG emitted					61.2	53.7	70.7	44.5	0.12	0.046
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂					-71.4			-71.4		
	Total pathway		1.70	1.68	1.72	0.81	-10.2	-17.7	-0.7		
WTET1b	Ethanol from Wheat, Conv NG boiler, DDGS as fuel					39.38			17.3	0.03	0.072
	Cultivation	1	0.27			0.63			0.6	0.00	0.000
	Road transport	3	0.03			9.48			8.6	0.04	0.000
	Ethanol plant	4	0.92			1.54			1.5	0.00	0.000
	Distribution & retail	5	0.03								
	Total WTT GHG emitted					51.0	45.3	62.5	28.0	0.07	0.071
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂					-71.4			-71.4		
	Total pathway		1.24	1.22	1.27	0.38	-20.3	-26.0	-8.9		
WTET2a	Ethanol from Wheat, NG GT+CHP, DDGS as animal feed					39.38			17.3	0.03	0.072
	Cultivation	1	0.27			0.63			0.6	0.00	0.000
	Road transport	3	0.03			6.99			13.6	0.06	-0.027
	Ethanol plant	4	1.13			1.54			1.5	0.00	0.000
	Distribution & retail	5	0.03								
	Total WTT GHG emitted					48.5	41.7	59.6	33.1	0.08	0.045
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂					-71.4			-71.4		
	Total pathway		1.45	1.43	1.47	0.57	-22.8	-29.7	-11.8		
WTET2b	Ethanol from Wheat, NG GT+CHP, DDGS as fuel					39.38			17.3	0.03	0.072
	Cultivation	1	0.27			0.63			0.6	0.00	0.000
	Road transport	3	0.03			-3.20			-2.8	0.01	-0.002
	Ethanol plant	4	0.67			1.54			1.5	0.00	0.000
	Distribution & retail	5	0.03								
	Total WTT GHG emitted					38.4	32.2	51.0	16.7	0.04	0.070
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂					-71.4			-71.4		
	Total pathway		1.00	0.97	1.01	0.14	-33.0	-39.2	-20.4		
WTET3a	Ethanol from Wheat, lignite CHP, DDGS as animal feed					39.38			17.3	0.03	0.072
	Cultivation	1	0.27			0.63			0.6	0.00	0.000
	Road transport	3	0.03			37.72			44.4	-0.01	-0.022
	Ethanol plant	4	1.20			1.54			1.5	0.00	0.000
	Distribution & retail	5	0.03								
	Total WTT GHG emitted					79.3	72.6	89.9	63.8	0.02	0.050
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂					-71.4			-71.4		
	Total pathway		1.52	1.52	1.53	0.64	7.9	1.2	18.6		
WTET3b	Ethanol from Wheat, Lignite CHP, DDGS as fuel					39.38			17.3	0.03	0.072
	Cultivation	1	0.27			0.63			0.6	0.00	0.000
	Road transport	3	0.03			27.54			27.9	-0.05	0.003
	Ethanol plant	4	0.74			1.54			1.5	0.00	0.000
	Distribution & retail	5	0.03								
	Total WTT GHG emitted					69.1	62.9	79.6	47.4	-0.03	0.075
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂					-71.4			-71.4		
	Total pathway		1.07	1.06	1.07	0.21	-2.3	-8.5	8.3		
WTET4a	Ethanol from Wheat, Straw CHP, DDGS as animal feed					39.38			17.3	0.03	0.072
	Cultivation	1	0.27			0.63			0.6	0.00	0.000
	Road transport	3	0.03			-14.97			-6.9	-0.01	-0.026
	Ethanol plant	4	1.28			1.54			1.5	0.00	0.000
	Distribution & retail	5	0.03								
	Total WTT GHG emitted					26.6	19.7	37.0	12.5	0.02	0.046
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂					-71.4			-71.4		
	Total pathway		1.61	1.61	1.62	0.20	-44.8	-51.7	-34.4		
WTET4b	Ethanol from Wheat, Straw CHP, DDGS as fuel					39.38			17.3	0.03	0.072
	Cultivation	1	0.27			0.63			0.6	0.00	0.000
	Road transport	3	0.03			-25.14			-23.4	-0.06	-0.001
	Ethanol plant	4	0.83			1.54			1.5	0.00	0.000
	Distribution & retail	5	0.03								
	Total WTT GHG emitted					16.4	10.7	27.1	-3.9	-0.03	0.071
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂					-71.4			-71.4		
	Total pathway		1.16	1.15	1.16	-0.23	-55.0	-60.7	-44.3		
WTET5	Ethanol from Wheat, DDGS to biogas					39.38			17.3	0.03	0.072
	Cultivation	1	0.27			0.63			0.6	0.00	0.000
	Road transport	3	0.03			-12.96			-6.0	-0.02	-0.022
	Ethanol plant	4	0.77			1.54			1.5	0.00	0.000
	Distribution & retail	5	0.03								
	Total WTT GHG emitted					28.6	23.1	38.8	13.5	0.01	0.050
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂					-71.4			-71.4		
	Total pathway		1.10	1.10	1.10	0.21	-42.8	-48.2	-32.6		

WTT APPENDIX 2

SCET1a/b Sugar cane to ethanol (Brazil)

Sugar cane is grown and turned into ethanol in Brazil. The bagasse is used as fuel (as is current practice). Ethanol is shipped into Europe where it is blended with gasoline.

In variant 1a surplus bagasse is used externally to generate heat, displacing fossil diesel. In variant 1b (new to this version) this option is disallowed and no corresponding credit is generated.

STET1 Wheat straw to ethanol

This pathway specifically refers to the logen process [logen 2003] which hydrolyses cellulose into fermentable sugars. Additional agricultural inputs to compensate for the removal of straw from soils are taken into account.

W/F-WET1 Waste/Farmed wood to ethanol

These are more generic cellulose-to-ethanol pathways where wood (poplar) is a proxy for a number of possible feedstocks (e.g. perennial grasses). The process is based on an earlier reference from NERL [Wooley 1999].

	Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJf)			CO ₂ g/MJ	CH4 g/MJ	N ₂ O g/MJ			
		Total primary		Fossil	Best est.	min	Max						
		Best est.	min	Max									
SCET1a	EtOH from sugar cane (Brazil), HFO credit for excess bagasse				14.45			3.7	0.15	0.023			
	Cultivation	1	0.06		0.85			0.8	0.00	0.000			
	Road transport	3	0.01		-10.31			-10.2	0.00	0.000			
	Ethanol plant	4	1.63		7.69			7.7	0.00	0.000			
	Ethanol shipping	5	0.10		0.44			0.4	0.00	0.000			
	Distribution & retail	5	0.01										
	Total WTT GHG emitted				13.1	9.8	29.8	2.4	0.15	0.023			
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂				-71.4			-71.4					
	Total pathway	1.81	1.81	1.81	0.04	-58.3	-61.5	-41.6					
SCET1b	EtOH from sugar cane (Brazil), no credit for excess bagasse				14.45			3.7	0.15	0.023			
	Cultivation	1	0.06		0.85			0.8	0.00	0.000			
	Road transport	3	0.01		0.73			0.7	0.00	0.000			
	Ethanol plant	4	1.78		7.69			7.7	0.00	0.000			
	Ethanol shipping	5	0.10		0.44			0.4	0.00	0.000			
	Distribution & retail	5	0.01										
	Total WTT GHG emitted				24.2	20.9	42.9	13.4	0.16	0.023			
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂				-71.4			-71.4					
	Total pathway	1.96	1.95	1.96	0.18	-47.2	-50.5	-28.5					
WWET1	Ethanol from waste wood												
	Waste collection and chipping	1	0.08		0.95			0.9	0.00	0.000			
	Transport (road + sea)	3	0.04		3.19			3.0	0.01	0.000			
	Ethanol plant	4	1.81		13.33			13.5	0.02	-0.002			
	Distribution & retail	5	0.03		1.54			1.5	0.00	0.000			
	Total WTT GHG emitted				19.0	18.9	19.2	18.9	0.03	-0.002			
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂				-71.4			-71.4					
	Total pathway	1.95	1.85	2.06	0.28	-52.4	-52.5	-52.2					
WFET1	EtOH from farmed wood												
	Cultivation	1	0.11		6.28			3.1	0.00	0.010			
	Road transport	3	0.01		0.88			0.9	0.00	0.000			
	Ethanol plant	4	1.81		13.33			13.5	0.02	-0.002			
	Distribution & retail	5	0.03		1.54			1.5	0.00	0.000			
	Total WTT GHG emitted				22.0	19.9	38.0	19.0	0.02	0.008			
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂				-71.4			-71.4					
	Total pathway	1.96	1.85	2.07	0.29	-49.4	-51.5	-33.4					
STET1	EtOH from wheat straw (logen)												
	Collection	3	0.04		3.08			3.0	0.00	0.000			
	Road transport	3	0.01		0.62			0.6	0.00	0.000			
	Ethanol plant	4	1.24		3.43			3.3	0.00	0.000			
	Distribution & retail	5	0.03		1.54			1.5	0.00	0.000			
	Total WTT GHG emitted				8.7	8.6	8.7	8.4	0.01	0.000			
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂				-71.4			-71.4					
	Total pathway	1.32	1.32	1.32	0.10	-62.7	-62.7	-62.7					

4 Bio-diesel

	Rape seed							Sunf seed							Soy							
Pathway code	R O F A	R O H Y			R O F E			S O F A	S O H Y			S Y F A	P O F A			P O H Y						
	1	2	3	4	1a	1b	1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4	1	1a	1b	1c	2	1		
NG to Hydrogen																						
GH1b NG to hydrogen (reforming, central plant, 100-							✓	✓													✓	
Farming																						
WT1a Wheat farming (grain)																						
RF1 Rapeseed Farming	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							
SF1 Sunflower seed Farming																						
SY1 Soya bean Farming (Brazil, for oil production)																						
PO1 Oil palm tree plantation (FFB)																						
Crop transport and processing																						
WT2a Wheat grain road transport																						
WT3 Wheat grain handling																						
WT4b Wheat grain to ethanol, NG CCGT																						
WTDa Credit for DDGS as animal feed																						
RO2 Rapeseed road transport	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							
RO3a Rapeseed to raw oil: extraction	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							
RO3b Rapeseed to raw oil: extraction, meal to biogas																						
SO2 Sunflower seed road transport																						
SO3 Sunflower seed to raw oil: extraction																						
PO2 Palm FFB road transport																						
PO3 Palm FFB to raw oil: extraction																						
PO3a Methane emissions from waste																						
PO3b Credit for surplus heat (diesel)																						
PO4a Palm oil road transport to port																						
PO4b Palm oil shipping																						
RO4 Raw oil to refined oil	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							
SY2a Soya bean road transport (Brazil)																						
SY2b Soya beans ocean transport (Brazil-EU)																						
SY3 Soya beans to raw oil: extraction																						
RO5a Refined oil to FAME: esterification																						
5a Glycerine as chemical	✓																					
5b Glycerine as animal feed		✓																				
RO5c Refined oil to FAME: esterification with glycerine to biogas			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓							
OY1a Plant oil hydrotreating (NexBTL)																						
OY1b Plant oil hydrotreating (UOP)																						
Syn diesel transport & distribution																						
SDd Bio-(synthetic diesel) distribution (blended)																						
Biofuels transport & distribution																						
FAd Bio-diesel distribution (blended)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Common processes																						
Z1 Diesel production	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Z2 Road tanker	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Z3 HFO production																						
Z4 Product carrier 50 kt																						
Z6b Marginal NG for general use	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Z71 HV+MV losses																						
Z72 LV losses	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Z7a Electricity (EU-mix, MV)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Z7b Electricity (EU-mix, LV)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	

ROFA1/2/3/4 Rapeseed to FAME (RME)

Four alternatives disposal routes for the meal and glycerine co-products are considered. Meal is either used as animal feed (variant 1/2/3) or to generate biogas to provide heat and power for the plant (variant 4). Glycerine is used either as a chemical (replacing a bulk chemical such as propylene glycol, variant 1) or as animal feed (variant 2) or to generate biogas (variant 3 and 4). Surplus biogas is used to generate electricity for export. No credit is given for surplus heat.

ROFE1/2/3/4 Rape to FAEE (REE)

The same pathways as ROFA above where methanol has been replaced by (bio)ethanol. Although this is technically feasible, this process has not been commercially used so far. It has been assumed that the process energy is the same for both alcohols.

WTT APPENDIX 2

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJf)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O
			Total primary		Fossil	Best est.	min	Max	Best est.	min	Max
			Best est.	min	Max				g/MJ	g/MJ	g/MJ
ROFA1	RME, glycerine as chemical, meal as animal feed										
	Cultivation	1	0.27						16.9	0.03	0.104
	Drying	1	0.02						0.7	0.00	0.000
	Transport, road 50 km	3	0.02						0.3	0.00	0.000
	Oil mill	4	0.58						-6.8	0.00	-0.025
	Esterification	4	0.17						4.2	0.02	0.000
	Distribution & retail	5	0.02						1.2	0.00	0.000
	Total WTT GHG emitted					41.5	31.9	55.0	16.5	0.06	0.079
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂						-76.2			-76.2	
	Total pathway		1.08	0.99	1.18	0.35	-34.7	-44.2	-21.2		
ROFA2	RME, glycerine and meal as animal feed										
	Cultivation	1	0.27						16.9	0.03	0.104
	Drying	1	0.02						0.7	0.00	0.000
	Transport, road 50 km	3	0.02						0.3	0.00	0.000
	Oil mill	4	0.58						-6.8	0.00	-0.025
	Esterification	4	0.22						9.6	0.03	-0.002
	Distribution & retail	5	0.02						1.2	0.00	0.000
	Total WTT GHG emitted					46.6	38.3	59.1	22.0	0.07	0.077
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂						-76.2			-76.2	
	Total pathway		1.14	1.02	1.23	0.40	-29.6	-37.9	-17.1		
ROFA3	RME, glycerine to biogas, meal as animal feed										
	Cultivation	1	0.27						16.9	0.03	0.104
	Drying	1	0.02						0.7	0.00	0.000
	Transport, road 50 km	3	0.02						0.3	0.00	0.000
	Oil mill	4	0.58						-6.8	0.00	-0.025
	Esterification	4	0.19						7.7	0.02	0.000
	Distribution & retail	5	0.02						1.2	0.00	0.000
	Total WTT GHG emitted					45.1	36.3	57.9	20.1	0.06	0.079
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂						-76.2			-76.2	
	Total pathway		1.10	1.00	1.20	0.37	-31.1	-39.9	-18.3		
ROFA4	RME, glycerine and cake to biogas										
	Cultivation	1	0.27						16.9	0.03	0.104
	Drying	1	0.02						0.7	0.00	0.000
	Transport, road 50 km	3	0.02						0.3	0.00	0.000
	Oil mill	4	0.19						-21.7	-0.06	-0.025
	Esterification	4	0.17						7.4	0.02	0.000
	Distribution & retail	5	0.02						1.2	0.00	0.000
	Total WTT GHG emitted					28.2	21.2	43.4	4.8	0.00	0.079
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂						-76.2			-76.2	
	Total pathway		0.70	0.60	0.80	-0.02	-48.0	-55.0	-32.8		
ROFE1	REE, glycerine as chemical, meal as animal feed										
	Cultivation	1	0.26						16.2	0.03	0.099
	Drying	1	0.02						0.6	0.00	0.000
	Transport, road 50 km	3	0.02						0.3	0.00	0.000
	Oil mill	4	0.56						-6.5	0.00	-0.024
	Esterification	4	0.31						3.3	0.02	0.007
	Distribution & retail	5	0.02						1.2	0.00	0.000
	Total WTT GHG emitted					41.2	32.6	54.1	15.2	0.05	0.083
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂						-76.2			-76.2	
	Total pathway		1.18	1.08	1.29	0.32	-35.0	-43.6	-22.1		
ROFE2	REE, glycerine and meal as animal feed										
	Cultivation	1	0.26						16.2	0.03	0.099
	Drying	1	0.02						0.6	0.00	0.000
	Transport, road 50 km	3	0.02						0.3	0.00	0.000
	Oil mill	4	0.56						-6.5	0.00	-0.024
	Esterification	4	0.36						8.4	0.02	0.006
	Distribution & retail	5	0.02						1.2	0.00	0.000
	Total WTT GHG emitted					45.9	36.1	59.2	20.3	0.06	0.081
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂						-76.2			-76.2	
	Total pathway		1.23	1.14	1.33	0.37	-30.2	-40.1	-17.0		
ROFE3	REE, glycerine to biogas, meal as animal feed										
	Cultivation	1	0.26						16.2	0.03	0.099
	Drying	1	0.02						0.6	0.00	0.000
	Transport, road 50 km	3	0.02						0.3	0.00	0.000
	Oil mill	4	0.56						-6.5	0.00	-0.024
	Esterification	4	0.33						6.7	0.02	0.007
	Distribution & retail	5	0.02						1.2	0.00	0.000
	Total WTT GHG emitted					44.5	35.6	56.5	18.5	0.05	0.083
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂						-76.2			-76.2	
	Total pathway		1.20	1.10	1.29	0.33	-31.7	-40.5	-19.7		
ROFE4	REE, glycerine and cake to biogas										
	Cultivation	1	0.26						16.2	0.03	0.099
	Drying	1	0.02						0.6	0.00	0.000
	Transport, road 50 km	3	0.02						0.3	0.00	0.000
	Oil mill + esterification	4	0.18						55.4	-0.06	-0.024
	Distribution & retail	5	0.30						-70.7	0.02	0.005
	Total WTT GHG emitted					25.5	76.2	76.2	1.8	-0.01	0.080
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂						-76.2			-76.2	
	Total pathway		0.77	0.00	0.00	-0.07	-50.7	0.0	0.0		

WTT APPENDIX 2

SOFA1/2/3/4 Sunflower seed to FAME

The same pathways as ROFA above, now with sunflower seeds as feedstock.

	Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJf)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O
		Total primary		Fossil	Best est.	min	Max	g/MJ	g/MJ	g/MJ
		Best est.	min	Max						
SOFA1	SME, glycerine as chemical, meal as animal feed									
	Cultivation	1	0.18		27.37			12.0	0.01	0.051
	Drying	1	0.01		0.67			0.6	0.00	0.000
	Transport, road 50 km	3	0.02		0.28			0.3	0.00	0.000
	Oil mill	4	0.52		-8.46			-3.1	0.00	-0.018
	FAME manufacture	4	0.17		4.75			4.2	0.02	0.000
	Distribution & retail	5	0.02		1.27			1.2	0.00	0.000
	Total WTT GHG emitted				25.9	21.1	30.7	15.2	0.04	0.032
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂				-76.2			-76.2		
	Total pathway	0.93	0.83	1.01	0.32	-50.3	-55.1	-45.5		
SOFA2	SME, glycerine and meal as animal feed									
	Cultivation	1	0.18		27.37			12.0	0.01	0.051
	Drying	1	0.01		0.67			0.6	0.00	0.000
	Transport, road 50 km	3	0.02		0.28			0.3	0.00	0.000
	Oil mill	4	0.52		-8.46			-3.1	0.00	-0.018
	FAME manufacture	4	0.22		9.86			9.6	0.03	-0.002
	Distribution & retail	5	0.02		1.27			1.2	0.00	0.000
	Total WTT GHG emitted				31.0	25.9	36.1	19.4	0.05	0.030
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂				-76.2			-76.2		
	Total pathway	0.98	0.89	1.07	0.37	-45.2	-50.3	-40.1		
SOFA3	SME, glycerine to biogas, meal as animal feed									
	Cultivation	1	0.18		27.37			12.0	0.01	0.051
	Drying	1	0.01		0.67			0.6	0.00	0.000
	Transport, road 50 km	3	0.02		0.28			0.3	0.00	0.000
	Oil mill	4	0.52		-8.46			-3.1	0.00	-0.018
	FAME manufacture	4	0.19		8.30			7.7	0.02	0.000
	Distribution & retail	5	0.02		1.27			1.2	0.00	0.000
	Total WTT GHG emitted				29.4	24.4	33.7	18.7	0.04	0.032
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂				-76.2			-76.2		
	Total pathway	0.94	0.85	1.03	0.33	-46.8	-51.8	-42.4		
SOFA4	SME, glycerine and cake to biogas									
	Cultivation	1	0.18		27.37			12.0	0.01	0.051
	Drying	1	0.01		0.67			0.6	0.00	0.000
	Transport, road 50 km	3	0.02		0.28			0.3	0.00	0.000
	Oil mill	4	0.17		-22.37			-16.8	-0.04	-0.015
	FAME manufacture	4	0.17		7.99			7.4	0.02	0.000
	Distribution & retail	5	0.02		1.27			1.2	0.00	0.000
	Total WTT GHG emitted				15.2	11.4	20.0	4.7	0.00	0.036
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂				-76.2			-76.2		
	Total pathway	0.58	0.58	0.59	-0.01	-61.0	-64.8	-56.2		

SYFA1/2 Soya beans to FAME

These pathways are based on soya bean farming in Brazil, transport of soya beans over land and sea to Europe for oil/meal and FAME production there. Soya meal attracts a credit related to wheat substitution. In variant 1, glycerine is used as animal feed. In variant 2 it is used to generate biogas to supply part of the FAME plant energy requirement.

POFA1/2 Palm oil to FAME

The palm fruit bunches (FFB) are crushed near the plantation (typically in South-East Asia) to produce palm oil which is shipped to Europe for processing into FAME. Variants 1a and 1b cover an important aspect of palm oil production management viz. how the organic waste material is disposed of. Traditionally it is left to rot in anaerobic conditions in a lagoon, generating CH₄ (variant 1a). In variant 1b these emissions are deemed to have been avoided. In variant 1a/b a heating oil credit is given for heat generated with the crushed FFBs. In variant 1c, this credit is removed. In variant 2, glycerine from FAME production is used as biogas to generate biogas to supply part of the FAME plant energy requirement instead of chemical substitution as in variant 1; all other parameters are as per variant 1a.

WTT APPENDIX 2

	Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJf)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O
		Total primary		Fossil	Best est.	min	Max	g/MJ	g/MJ	g/MJ
		Best est.	min	Max						
SYFA1	Imported soy beans, glycerine as chemical, soya meal replaces wheat									
Cultivation	1	0.28			56.40			18.1	0.02	0.127
Beans transport	2	0.15			35.88			35.5	0.00	0.001
Oil mill	4	2.35			-25.50			-3.5	0.02	-0.075
FAME manufacture	4	0.17			4.74			4.2	0.02	0.000
Distribution & retail	5	0.02			1.27			1.2	0.00	0.000
Total WTT GHG emitted					72.8	48.1	95.2	55.5	0.06	0.053
Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂					-76.2			-76.2		
Total pathway		2.96	2.95	2.98	0.88	-3.4	-28.1	19.0		
SYFA2	Imported soy beans, glycerine to biogas, soya meal replaces wheat									
Cultivation	1	0.28			56.40			18.1	0.02	0.127
Beans transport	3	0.49			35.88			35.5	0.00	0.001
Oil mill	4	2.35			-25.50			-3.5	0.02	-0.075
FAME manufacture	4	0.19			8.30			7.7	0.02	0.000
Distribution & retail	5	0.02			1.27			1.2	0.00	0.000
Total WTT GHG emitted					76.3	50.0	99.3	59.0	0.06	0.053
Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂					-76.2			-76.2		
Total pathway		3.32	2.96	2.99	1.24	0.1	-26.1	23.1		
POFA1a	Imported palm oil, glycerine as chemical, CH4 emissions from waste									
Plantation	1	0.10			15.73			5.8	0.01	0.032
FFB transport and storage	2	0.06			1.16			1.1	0.00	0.000
Pressing	2	0.91			21.99			-2.3	0.99	-0.002
Oil shipping	3	0.05			3.45			3.4	0.00	0.000
FAME manufacture	4	0.17			4.75			4.2	0.02	0.000
Distribution & retail	5	0.02			1.27			1.2	0.00	0.000
Total WTT GHG emitted					48.4	42.7	73.0	13.5	1.03	0.031
Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂					-76.2			-76.2		
Total pathway		1.31	1.30	1.31	0.27	-27.8	-33.5	-3.2		
POFA1b	Imported palm oil, glycerine as chemical, no CH4 emissions from waste									
Plantation	1	0.10			15.73			5.8	0.01	0.032
FFB transport and storage	2	0.06			1.16			1.1	0.00	0.000
Pressing	2	0.91			-2.75			-2.3	0.00	-0.002
Oil shipping	3	0.05			3.45			3.4	0.00	0.000
FAME manufacture	4	0.17			4.75			4.2	0.02	0.000
Distribution & retail	5	0.02			1.27			1.2	0.00	0.000
Total WTT GHG emitted					23.6	19.2	50.3	13.5	0.04	0.031
Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂					-76.2			-76.2		
Total pathway		1.31	1.30	1.31	0.27	-27.8	-57.0	-25.8		
POFA1c	Imported palm oil, glycerine as chemical, CH4 emissions from waste, no heat credit for crushed FFB									
Plantation	1	0.10			15.73			5.8	0.01	0.032
FFB transport and storage	2	0.06			1.16			1.1	0.00	0.000
Pressing	2	0.94			23.88			-0.4	0.99	-0.002
Oil shipping	3	0.04			3.45			3.4	0.00	0.000
FAME manufacture	4	0.17			4.75			4.2	1.03	0.000
Distribution & retail	5	0.02			1.27			1.2	0.00	0.000
Total WTT GHG emitted					50.2	45.2	77.6	15.4	2.03	0.031
Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂					-76.2			-76.2		
Total pathway		1.33	1.32	1.34	0.30	-26.0	-31.0	1.4		
POFA2	Imported palm oil, glycerol to biogas, CH4 emissions from waste									
Plantation	1	0.10			15.73			5.8	0.01	0.032
FFB transport and storage	2	0.06			1.16			1.1	0.00	0.000
Pressing	2	0.91			21.99			-2.3	0.99	-0.002
Oil shipping	3	0.05			3.45			3.4	0.00	0.000
FAME manufacture	4	0.19			8.31			7.7	0.02	0.000
Distribution & retail	5	0.02			1.27			1.2	0.00	0.000
Total WTT GHG emitted					51.9	45.9	77.4	17.1	1.03	0.031
Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂					-76.2			-76.2		
Total pathway		1.32	1.32	1.33	0.29	-24.3	-30.3	1.2		

WTT APPENDIX 2

ROHY1/2, SOHY1, POHY1 Hydrotreated plant oil

These pathways describe the recently developed processes for deep hydrotreatment of plant oil. These processes turn plant oil (or animal fats) into essentially straight chain paraffins and a product very similar to synthetic diesel obtained by Fischer-Tropsch conversion of syngas (see section 5).

ROHY/SOHY/POHY1 describe the Neste Oil process (NexBTL®) applied to respectively rapeseed, sunflower and palm oil while ROHY2 uses data provided by UOP for a similar process.

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJf)			CO ₂ g/MJ	CH4 g/MJ	N ₂ O g/MJ			
			Total primary		Fossil	Best est.	min	Max						
			Best est.	min	Max									
ROHY1a	Hydrogenated rape oil (NExBTL process), meal to animal feed					47.99			16.71	0.03	0.102			
Cultivation		1	0.27			0.71			0.66	0.00	0.000			
Drying		1	0.02			0.29			0.29	0.00	0.000			
Transport, road 50 km		3	0.02			-13.98			-6.68	0.00	-0.025			
Oil mill		4	0.57			6.69			6.18	0.02	0.000			
Hydrotreating		4	0.15			1.15			1.11	0.00	0.000			
Distribution & retail		5	0.02											
Total WTT GHG emitted						42.8	39.6	60.8	18.3	0.06	0.078			
Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂						-70.8			-70.8					
Total pathway			1.04	0.94	1.14	0.34	-28.0	-36.6	-15.4					
ROHY1b	Hydrogenated rape oil (UOP process), meal to animal feed					42.23			14.70	0.03	0.090			
Cultivation		1	0.24			0.62			0.58	0.00	0.000			
Drying		1	0.01			0.26			0.26	0.00	0.000			
Transport, road 50 km		3	0.02			-12.30			-5.88	0.00	-0.022			
Oil mill		4	0.50			12.41			11.56	0.03	0.000			
Hydrotreating		4	0.12			1.15			1.11	0.00	0.000			
Distribution & retail		5	0.02											
Total WTT GHG emitted						44.4	41.2	61.3	22.3	0.06	0.069			
Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂						-70.8			-70.8					
Total pathway			0.91	0.84	1.00	0.41	-26.5	-35.0	-14.8					
SOHY1	Hydrogenated sunflower oil (NExBTL process), meal to animal feed					26.99			11.8	0.01	0.050			
Cultivation		1	0.18			0.66			0.6	0.00	0.000			
Drying		1	0.01			0.27			0.3	0.00	0.000			
Transport, road 50 km		3	0.02			-8.34			-3.04	0.00	-0.018			
Oil mill		4	0.51			6.69			6.2	0.02	0.000			
Hydrotreating		4	0.15			1.15			1.1	0.00	0.000			
Distribution & retail		5	0.02											
Total WTT GHG emitted						27.4	27.7	37.7	17.0	0.04	0.032			
Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂						-70.8			-70.8					
Total pathway			0.89	0.80	0.98	0.30	-43.4	-48.5	-38.5					
POHY1	Hydrogenated palm oil (NExBTL process), CH4 from waste					15.52			5.8	0.01	0.032			
Plantation		1	0.10			1.14			1.1	0.00	0.000			
FFB transport & storage		1	0.05			21.69			-2.2	0.98	-0.002			
Pressing		2	0.90			3.40			3.4	0.00	0.000			
Oil shipping		3	0.04			6.69			6.2	0.02	0.000			
Hydrotreating		4	0.15			1.15			1.1	0.00	0.000			
Distribution & retail		5	0.02											
Total WTT GHG emitted						49.6	49.9	83.1	15.3	1.01	0.030			
Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂						-70.8			-70.8					
Total pathway			1.26	1.26	1.27	0.26	-21.2	-26.3	6.9					

5 Synthetic fuels

5.1 Synthetic diesel

		Remote NG			Coal		Farmed wood	Waste wood	Black liquor
Pathway code		G	R	S	O	D	W	W	B
		1	2	2C	1	1C	1	1	1
Code	Process								
GG1	NG Extraction & Processing	✓	✓	✓					
NG to syn diesel									
GD1	NG to syn-diesel (remote or central plant)	✓	✓						
GD1C	NG to syn-diesel (remote or central plant) with CC&S			✓					
NG common processes									
GG2	Electricity generation from NG (CCGT)	✓	✓	✓					
Coal									
KO1	Hard coal provision (EU-mix) (1)				✓	✓			
KD1	Coal to syndiesel				✓				
KD1C	Coal to syndiesel with CC&S					✓			
Wood (farmed)									
WF1	Wood farming and chipping						✓		
Wood (waste)									
WW1	Forest residuals to wood chips						✓	✓	✓
Wood transport & processing (all sources)									
WC2a	Wood chips road transport, 50 km						✓	✓	✓
WC2b	Wood chips road transport, 12 km						✓	✓	✓
WC2c	Coastal/river shipping wood ships (200MW plant)						✓	✓	✓
W3f	Wood to syn-diesel: gasification + FT						✓	✓	
Wood waste via black liquor									
BLS	Wood waste to syn diesel via black liquor								✓
Syn diesel transport & distribution									
DS1	Syn diesel handling and loading (remote)	✓		✓	✓				
DS2	Syn diesel sea transport	✓		✓	✓				
DS3	Syn diesel depot	✓		✓	✓				
DS4	Syn diesel distribution (blending component)	CD2/3/4			✓	✓			
DS5	Syn diesel distribution (neat)	✓		✓					
SDd	Bio-(synthetic diesel) distribution (blended)						✓	✓	✓
Common processes									
Z1	Diesel production	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z2	Road tanker	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z3	HFO production	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z4	Product carrier 50 kt	✓		✓	✓	✓			
Z5	Rail transport	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z7a	Electricity (EU-mix, MV)	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z7b	Electricity (EU-mix, LV)	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

GRSD1/2/2C GTL: Remote NG to synthetic diesel (remote plant) (+CCS option)

This option of a GTL plant installed near a remote gas supply is the most likely (note that the efficiency of the GTL plant has been slightly increased to reflect state-of-the-art performance). Transport is less energy-intensive for a liquid such as synthetic diesel than for any gaseous fuel. Synthetic diesel is either blended into conventional diesel or used neat for a niche application. A substantial part of the CO₂ emitted by the GTL plant is scrubbed out of the syngas before the FT synthesis and is available in virtually pure form. Compression and re-injection in a nearby gas or oil field (CCS) could be an attractive option.

KOSD1/1C CTL: Coal to synthetic diesel (+CCS option)

The typical EU coal mix is used in a large scale Coal-to-Liquids (CTL) plant located in Europe. Synthetic diesel is blended into conventional diesel. A large amount of CO₂ is produced during the gasification process and is separated from the syngas before the Fischer-Tropsch stage. This offers an attractive opportunity for CCS, as long as a suitable geological formation is available within a reasonable distance for long-term storage.

W/F-WSD1 Waste/Farmed wood to synthetic diesel

This is the Biomass-to-Liquids (BTL) pathway: wood gasification followed by Fischer-Tropsch synthesis.

BLSD1 Waste wood via black liquor to synthetic diesel

Black liquor is the residue of extraction of cellulose fibres from wood for paper pulp manufacturing. It contains the lignin and is used as fuel for the large power plant required by a paper mill. Black liquor is also suitable for gasification, the syngas being then available for either electricity hydrogen or synthetic fuels production. The shortfall of energy available to the paper mill can be made up by burning waste wood. Compared to a reference case with a traditional black liquor boiler and all other parameters being the desired fuel can be produced with significantly higher net energy efficiency than in a more conventional scheme.

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		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJf)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O
			Total primary			Fossil			Best est.	min	Max
			Best est.	min	Max						
GRSD1	Syn diesel, remote plant, diesel mix										
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.04	0.02	0.07			4.9			1.7
	GTL plant	2	0.54	0.49	0.59			13.8			13.8
	GTL transport	3	0.04					2.7			2.7
	Diesel distribution & dispensing	5	0.02					1.0			1.0
	Total pathway		0.63	0.57	0.69	0.63		22.4	19.3	25.6	19.1
GRSD2	Syn diesel, remote plant, neat										
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.04	0.02	0.07			4.9			1.7
	GTL plant	2	0.54	0.49	0.59			13.8			13.8
	GTL transport	3	0.04					2.7			2.7
	Diesel distribution & dispensing	5	0.02					1.1			1.1
	Total pathway		0.63	0.59	0.69	0.63		22.5	20.1	26.0	19.2
GRSD2C	Syn diesel, remote plant, neat, CCS										
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.04	0.02	0.08			5.3			1.9
	GTL plant (CCS)	2	0.67	0.61	0.73			4.2			4.2
	GTL transport	3	0.04					2.7			2.7
	Diesel distribution & dispensing	5	0.02					1.1			1.1
	Total pathway		0.76	0.71	0.82	0.76		13.3	10.5	16.6	9.7
KOSD1	Coal EU-mix, gasifier + FT synthesis										
	Coal provision	1	0.17					28.7			11.5
	Gasifier + FT synthesis	4	0.78					100.3			100.6
	Syndiesel distribution & dispensing	5	0.02					1.1			1.1
	Total pathway		0.97	0.89	1.05	0.97		130.1	121.9	138.5	113.2
KOSD1C	Coal EU-mix, gasifier + FT synthesis, CCS										
	Coal provision	1	0.17					30.0			112.8
	Gasifier + FT synthesis + CCS	4	0.86					9.3			0.4
	Syndiesel distribution & dispensing	5	0.02					1.1			-98.0
	Total pathway		1.06	0.98	1.13	1.05		40.4	32.6	48.4	15.2
WWSD1	Syn diesel, wood waste										
	Waste collection and chipping	1	0.06					0.8			0.7
	Transport (road + sea)	3	0.04					2.9			2.7
	Gasifier + FT plant	4	1.08					0.0			0.0
	Diesel distribution & dispensing	5	0.02					1.2			1.1
	Total WTT GHG emitted							4.8	4.6	5.0	4.6
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂								-70.8		-70.8
	Total pathway							1.19	1.09	1.30	0.07
								-66.0	-66.2	-65.9	
WFSD1	Syn diesel, farmed wood										
	Wood farming and chipping	1	0.09					5.0			2.5
	Road transport	3	0.01					0.7			0.7
	Gasifier + FT plant	4	1.08					0.0			0.0
	Diesel distribution & dispensing	5	0.02					1.2			1.1
	Total WTT GHG emitted							6.9	5.4	18.8	4.3
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂								-70.8		-70.8
	Total pathway							1.19	1.09	1.29	0.06
								-64.0	-65.5	-52.1	
BLSD1	Syn diesel, black liquor										
	Wood collection and chipping	1	0.05					0.7			0.6
	Road transport	3	0.01					0.6			0.6
	Black liquor gasifier + FT plant	4	0.83					0.0			0.0
	Diesel distribution & dispensing	5	0.02					1.2			1.1
	Total WTT GHG emitted							2.4	2.4	2.5	2.4
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂								-70.8		-70.8
	Total pathway							0.91	0.85	0.97	0.04
								-68.4	-68.4	-68.4	

5.2 DME

						Coal	Farmed wood	Waste wood	Black liquor
Pathway code		G P D E	G R D E	K O D E	W F D E	W W D E	B L D E		
Code	Process	1a	1b	1	1C	1	1	1	1
GG1	NG Extraction & Processing	✓	✓	✓	✓				
NG from pipeline									
GP1a	Russian quality, 7000 km	✓							
GP1b	Average quality, 4000 km		✓						
NG distribution									
GG3	NG trunk distribution	✓	✓						
NG to DME									
GT1	NG to DME (remote or central plant)	✓	✓	✓					
GT1C	NG to DME (remote or central plant) with CC&S				✓				
NG common processes									
GG2	Electricity generation from NG (CCGT)			✓	✓				
Coal									
KO1	Hard coal provision (EU-mix) (1)					✓			
KE1	Coal to DME					✓			
Wood (farmed)							✓		
WF1	Wood farming and chipping							✓	
Wood (waste)								✓	✓
WW1	Forest residuals to wood chips							✓	✓
Wood transport & processing (all sources)									
WC2a	Wood chips road transport, 50 km					✓	✓	✓	
WC2b	Wood chips road transport, 12 km					✓	✓	✓	
WC2c	Coastal/river shipping wood chips (200MW plant)					✓	✓	✓	
W3g	Wood to methanol or DME: gasification + synthesis					✓	✓	✓	
Wood waste via black liquor									
BLD	Wood waste to DME via black liquor								✓
DME transport & distribution									
DE1	DME handling and loading (remote)			✓	✓				
DE2	DME sea transport			✓	✓				
DE3	DME depot			✓	✓	✓			
DE4a	DME distribution and dispensing	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
DED	Bio-DME distribution direct from plant					✓	✓	✓	
Common processes									
Z1	Diesel production	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z2	Road tanker	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z3	HFO production	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z5	Rail transport	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z7a	Electricity (EU-mix, MV)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z7b	Electricity (EU-mix, LV)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

GPDE1a/b Piped NG to DME (EU plant)

This pathway foresees a DME plant located in Europe and fed by gas from a major gas pipeline source (7000 or 4000 km). Similarly to the GTL case, this is an unlikely scenario. As in all other pathways DME is distributed through a dedicated network similar to that for LPG.

GRDE1/1C Remote NG to DME (remote plant) (+CCS option)

This option of a DME plant installed near a remote gas supply is the most likely. Transport is less energy-intensive for DME than for natural gas (as LNG). As for a GTL plant, CO₂ recovered

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from the process could relatively easily be compressed and re-injected in a nearby gas or oilfield.

W/F-WDE1 Waste/Farmed wood to DME

Wood gasification followed by DME synthesis.

BLDE1 Waste wood via black liquor to DME

Black liquor is the residue of extraction of cellulose fibres from wood for paper pulp manufacturing. It contains the lignin and is used as fuel for the large power plant required by a paper mill. Black liquor is also suitable for gasification, the syngas being then available for either electricity hydrogen or synthetic fuels production. The shortfall of energy available to the paper mill can be made up by burning waste wood. Compared to a reference case with a traditional black liquor boiler and all other parameters being the desired fuel can be produced with significantly higher net energy efficiency than in a more conventional scheme.

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJf)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O			
			Total primary			Fossil								
			Best est.	min	Max	Best est.	min	Max						
GPDE1a	Piped NG, 7000 km, EU central plant	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.04	0.02	0.08			5.4		1.9	0.14	0.000	
		NG Transport	3	0.28	0.09	0.31			21.2		14.4	0.26	0.001	
		NG Distribution (HP)	3	0.01					0.8		0.8	0.00	0.000	
		DME plant	4	0.41	0.39	0.43			10.6		10.5	0.00	0.000	
		DME distribution & dispensing	5	0.03					1.7		1.6	0.00	0.000	
		Total pathway		0.77	0.57	0.84	0.77		39.7	28.4	43.6	29.2	0.41	0.001
GPDE1b	Piped NG, 4000 km, EU central plant	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.04	0.02	0.07			5.0		1.7	0.13	0.000	
		NG Transport	3	0.13	0.04	0.15			10.6		6.8	0.15	0.000	
		NG Distribution (HP)	3	0.01					0.8		0.8	0.00	0.000	
		DME plant	4	0.41	0.39	0.43			10.6		10.5	0.00	0.000	
		DME distribution & dispensing	5	0.03					1.7		1.6	0.00	0.000	
		Total pathway		0.62	0.54	0.66	0.62		28.7	24.0	31.1	21.4	0.28	0.000
GRDE1	Remote plant	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.03	0.02	0.07			4.5		1.6	0.12	0.000	
		DME plant	2	0.41	0.39	0.43			10.6		10.5	0.00	0.000	
		DME transport	3	0.06					4.3		4.3	0.00	0.000	
		DME distribution & dispensing	5	0.03					1.7		1.6	0.00	0.000	
		Total pathway		0.53	0.51	0.56	0.53		21.1	20.1	22.9	18.0	0.12	0.000
GRDE1C	Remote plant, CCS	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.03	0.02	0.07			4.5		1.6	0.12	0.000	
		DME plant	2	0.42	0.40	0.42			0.6		0.6	0.00	0.000	
		DME transport	3	0.06					4.3		4.3	0.00	0.000	
		DME distribution & dispensing	5	0.03					1.7		1.6	0.00	0.000	
		Total pathway		0.54	0.54	0.61	0.54		11.1	11.0	14.8	8.1	0.12	0.000
KODE1	Coal EU-mix, gasifier + DME synthesis	Coal provision	3	0.16					27.97		11.2	0.66	0.000	
		Gasifier + DME synthesis	4	0.74					99.98		99.8	0.01	0.000	
		DME distribution & dispensing	5	0.03					1.69		1.6	0.00	0.000	
		Total pathway		0.93	0.83	1.01	0.92		129.6	119.4	137.6	112.7	0.67	0.001
		WWDE1	Wood waste											
WWDE1	Wood waste	Waste collection and chipping	1	0.06					0.7		0.7	0.00	0.000	
		Transport (road + sea)	3	0.03					2.7		2.6	0.01	0.000	
		Gasifier + DME synthesis (CCS)	4	0.96					0.1		0.1	0.00	0.000	
		DME distribution & dispensing	5	0.02					1.0		1.0	0.00	0.000	
		Total WTT GHG emitted							4.6	4.3	4.8	4.3	0.01	0.000
		Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂							-67.3		-67.3			
WFDE1	Farmed wood	Total pathway		1.07	0.93	1.20	0.06		-62.7	-63.0	-62.5			
		Wood farming and chipping	1	0.08					4.7		2.3	0.00	0.008	
		Road transport	3	0.01					0.7		0.7	0.00	0.000	
		Gasifier + MeOH synthesis	4	0.96					0.1		0.1	0.00	0.000	
		DME distribution & dispensing	5	0.02					1.0		1.0	0.00	0.000	
		Total WTT GHG emitted							6.5	5.1	18.9	4.1	0.00	0.008
BLDE1	DME from black liquor	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂							-67.3		-67.3			
		Total pathway		1.07	0.94	1.21	0.06		-60.8	-62.18	-48.41			
		Waste collection and chipping	1	0.04					0.5		0.5	0.0	0.000	
		Transport (road)	3	0.01					0.5		0.5	0.0	0.000	
		Black liquor gasification + DME synthesis	4	0.49					0.1		0.1	0.0	0.000	
		DME distribution & dispensing	5	0.02					1.0		1.0	0.0	0.000	
	Total WTT GHG emitted								2.2	2.1	2.2	2.1	0.00	0.000
		Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂							-67.3		-67.3			
		Total pathway		0.55	0.50	0.60	0.03		-65.1	-65.17	-65.10			

5.3 Methanol

				Coal	Farmed wood	Waste wood	Waste wood	Black liquor
Pathway code		G P M E	R M E	K O M E	W F M E	W W M E	W W D E	B L M E
		1a	1b	1	1	1	1	1
Code	Process							
GG1	NG Extraction & Processing	✓	✓	✓				
NG from pipeline								
GP1a	Russian quality, 7000 km	✓						
GP1b	Average quality, 4000 km		✓					
NG distribution								
GG3	NG trunk distribution	✓	✓					
NG to Methanol								
GA1	NG to Methanol (remote or central plant)	✓	✓	✓				
NG common processes					✓			
GG2	Electricity generation from NG (CCGT)				✓			
Coal								
KO1	Hard coal provision (EU-mix) (1)				✓			
KA1	Coal to methanol				✓			
Wood (farmed)						✓		
WF1	Wood farming and chipping					✓		
Wood (waste)							✓	✓
WW1	Forest residuals to wood chips					✓	✓	✓
Wood transport & processing (all sources)						✓	✓	✓
WC2a	Wood chips road transport, 50 km					✓	✓	✓
WC2b	Wood chips road transport, 12 km					✓	✓	✓
WC2c	Coastal/river shipping wood chips (200MW plant)					✓	✓	✓
W3g	Wood to methanol or DME: gasification + synthesis					✓	✓	✓
Wood waste via black liquor								
BLM	Wood waste to methanol via black liquor							✓
Methanol transport & distribution								
ME1	Methanol handling and loading (remote)			✓				
ME2	Methanol sea transport (average of two distances)			✓				
ME3	Methanol depot			✓				
ME4	Methanol distribution and dispensing			✓				
MEd	Biomethanol distribution direct from plant	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Common processes								
Z1	Diesel production	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z2	Road tanker	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z3	HFO production	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z4	Product carrier 50 kt			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z5	Rail transport	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z7a	Electricity (EU-mix, MV)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z7b	Electricity (EU-mix, LV)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

GPME1a/b Piped NG to methanol (EU plant)

This pathway foresees a methanol plant located in Europe and fed by gas from a major gas pipeline source (7000 or 4000 km). Similarly to the GTL case, this is an unlikely scenario. As in all other pathways methanol is used as a fuel for on-board reformers and distributed through a dedicated network.

GRME1 Remote NG to methanol (remote plant) (+CCS option)

This option of a methanol plant installed near a remote gas supply is the most likely. Transport is less energy-intensive for methanol than for natural gas (as LNG).

KOME1 Hard coal to methanol

In this case a full size methanol synthesis plant is assumed with a wide distribution network (500 km average distance with mixed rail/road transport).

W/F-WME1 Waste/Farmed wood to methanol

Wood gasification followed by methanol synthesis.

BLME1 Waste wood via black liquor to methanol

Black liquor is the residue of extraction of cellulose fibres from wood for paper pulp manufacturing. It contains the lignin and is used as fuel for the large power plant required by a paper mill. Black liquor is also suitable for gasification, the syngas being then available for either electricity hydrogen or synthetic fuels production. The shortfall of energy available to the paper mill can be made up by burning waste wood. Compared to a reference case with a traditional black liquor boiler and all other parameters being the desired fuel can be produced with significantly higher net energy efficiency than in a more conventional scheme.

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJf)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O	
			Total primary		Fossil	Best est.	min	Max	g/MJ	g/MJ	g/MJ	
			Best est.	min	Max							
GPME1a	Piped NG, 7000 km, EU central plant	1	0.04	0.02	0.09		5.6			2.0	0.15	0.000
	NG Extraction & Processing	3	0.29	0.10	0.32		22.0			15.0	0.27	0.001
	NG Transport	3	0.01				0.8			0.8	0.00	0.000
	NG Distribution (HP)	4	0.47	0.44	0.49		11.7			11.7	0.00	0.000
	Methanol plant	5	0.03				1.9			1.8	0.00	0.000
	Methanol distribution & dispensing		0.84	0.66	0.92	0.84	42.1	31.8	46.4	31.3	0.42	0.001
GPME1b	Piped NG, 4000 km, EU central plant	1	0.04	0.02	0.08		5.2			1.8	0.13	0.000
	NG Extraction & Processing	3	0.14	0.05	0.15		11.0			7.0	0.16	0.000
	NG Transport	3	0.01				0.8			0.8	0.00	0.000
	NG Distribution (HP)	4	0.47	0.44	0.49		11.7			11.7	0.00	0.000
	Methanol plant	5	0.03				1.9			1.8	0.00	0.000
	Methanol distribution & dispensing		0.69	0.61	0.73	0.69	30.6	25.9	33.0	23.2	0.29	0.000
GRME1	NG, Remote plant	1	0.04	0.02	0.07		4.7			1.6	0.12	0.000
	NG Extraction & Processing	2	0.47	0.44	0.49		11.7			11.7	0.00	0.000
	Methanol plant	3	0.08				5.9			5.9	0.00	0.000
	Methanol transport	5	0.03				1.9			1.8	0.00	0.000
	Methanol distribution & dispensing		0.61	0.60	0.64	0.61	24.2	23.4	26.1	21.0	0.12	0.000
	Total pathway											
KOME1	Coal EU-mix, gasifier + MeOH synthesis	3	0.16				27.97			11.2	0.66	0.000
	Coal provision	4	0.74				98.31			98.1	0.01	0.000
	Gasifier + MeOH synthesis	5	0.03				1.89			1.8	0.00	0.000
	Methanol distribution & dispensing		0.93	0.84	1.02	0.93	128.2	118.8	137.1	111.2	0.67	0.001
	Total pathway											
WWME1	Wood waste	1	0.06				0.7			0.7	0.00	0.000
	Waste collection and chipping	3	0.03				2.7			2.6	0.01	0.000
	Transport (road + sea)	4	0.96				0.2			0.2	0.00	0.000
	Gasifier + MeOH synthesis	5	0.02				1.1			1.1	0.00	0.000
	Methanol distribution & dispensing		1.07	0.94	1.20	0.06	4.8	4.5	5.0	4.5	0.01	0.000
	Total WTT GHG emitted											
WFME1	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂						-69.1			-69.1		
	Total pathway		1.07	0.94	1.20	0.06	-64.3	-64.6	-64.1			
	Wood farming and chipping	1	0.08				4.7			2.3	0.00	0.008
	Road transport	3	0.01				0.7			0.7	0.00	0.000
	Gasifier + MeOH synthesis	4	0.96				0.2			0.2	0.00	0.000
	Methanol distribution & dispensing	5	0.02				1.1			1.1	0.00	0.000
	Total WTT GHG emitted						6.7	5.2	19.4	4.3	0.00	0.008
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂						-69.1			-69.1		
	Total pathway		1.07	0.94	1.20	0.06	-62.4	-63.8	-49.7			
BLME1	Methanol from black liquor	1	0.05				0.55			0.53	0.00	0.000
	Waste collection and chipping	3	0.01				0.51			0.51	0.00	0.000
	Transport (road)	4	0.52				0.2			0.2	0.00	0.000
	Black liquor gasification + MeOH synthesis	5	0.02				1.1			1.1	0.00	0.000
	Methanol distribution & dispensing		0.59	0.54	0.63	0.03	2.4	2.3	2.4	2.3	0.00	0.000
	Total WTT GHG emitted											
WFME1	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂						-69.1			-69.1		
	Total pathway		0.59	0.54	0.63	0.03	-66.7	-66.8	-66.7			

6 Ethers

Pathway code	G	L
	R	R
	M	E
	B	B
	1	1
Code	Process	
GG1	NG Extraction & Processing	✓
NG to Methanol		
GA1	NG to Methanol (remote or central plant)	✓
LPG		
LR1	LPG production	✓
LR2	LPG sea transport	✓
Ether production		
BU1	n-butane to isobutene	✓
EH1	Isobutene + ethanol to ETBE	✓
MH1	Isobutene + methanol to MTBE	✓
Farming		
WT1	Wheat farming	✓
Crop transport and processing		
WT2a	Wheat grain road transport	✓
WT3	Wheat grain handling and drying (to dwg, 3%)	✓
WT4b	Wheat grain to ethanol, NG CCGT	✓
WTDa	Credit for DDGS as animal feed	✓
Methanol transport & distribution		
ME1	Methanol handling and loading (remote)	✓
ME2	Methanol sea transport (average of two distances)	✓
ME3	Methanol depot	✓
Common processes		
Z1	Diesel production	✓
Z2	Road tanker	✓
Z3	HFO production	✓
Z4	Product carrier 50 kt	✓
Z6	Marginal NG for general use (4000 km piped)	✓
Z7a	Electricity (EU-mix, MV)	✓
Z7b	Electricity (EU-mix, LV)	✓

GRMB1 Natural gas and field butane to MTBE

Methanol synthesised from remote natural gas and isobutene prepared from field butane are reacted together to form MTBE. MTBE is shipped to Europe and used in blend with gasoline.

LREB1 Bio-ethanol and field butane to ETBE

Isobutene prepared in Europe from imported field butane is reacted with bio-ethanol (from wheat according to pathway WTET2a) to form ETBE. ETBE is used in blend with gasoline.

Note: evaluating the fossil energy is a little more complex in this case as only part of the feedstock is renewable. The figure of 0.07 MJ_{xif}/MJ_f shown in the table below assumes that all combustion energy is fossil i.e. the total fossil energy for the WTW pathway is 1.07 MJ_{xif}/MJ_f. Following the same logic, only 1/3 of the CO₂ emissions is credited as renewable (2 out of 6 carbon atoms in the ETBE molecule).

WTT APPENDIX 2

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJf)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O			
			Total primary		Fossil	Best est.	min	Max						
			Best est.	min	Max									
GRMB1	MTBE from remote plant	1	0.01			0.88			0.3	0.02	0.000			
	NG extraction and processing	2	0.09			2.21			2.2	0.00	0.000			
	Methanol and iC4= synthesis	2	0.14			6.04			5.6	0.02	0.000			
	MTBE plant	3	0.05			4.05			4.0	0.00	0.000			
	MTBE transport	5	0.01			0.44			0.4	0.00	0.000			
	Total pathway		0.30	0.30	0.31	0.30	13.6	13.5	14.5	12.5	0.04	0.000		
LREB1	ETBE from imported C4 and wheat ethanol (WTET2a)	1	0.10			14.35			6.3	0.01	0.026			
	Wheat cultivation	3	0.01			0.20			0.2	0.00	0.000			
	Road transport	4	0.40			-0.29			2.0	0.02	-0.009			
	Ethanol plant	4	0.22			7.98			7.4	0.02	0.000			
	ETBE plant	5	0.01			0.67			0.7	0.00	0.000			
	ETBE road transport, 150 km	5	0.01			0.44			0.4	0.00	0.000			
	Total WTT GHG emitted					23.3	69.2	74.8	17.0	0.05	0.017			
	Credit for renewable combustion CO ₂						-23.8			-23.8				
	Total pathway		0.75	0.74	0.76	0.02*	-0.4	-2.2	3.4					

* Assuming all combustion energy is fossil

7 Heat and power generation

7.1 Electricity only

	Natural gas		Coal								Farmed wood		Waste wood				Waste wood				Black liquor		Wind		Nuclear	
	G P E L	G R E L	K O E L	O W E L	W F E L	W W E L	W W H T	B L E L	W D E L	N U E L	E M E L															
Pathway code	G P E L	G R E L	K O E L	O W E L	W F E L	W W E L	W W H T	B L E L	W D E L	N U E L	E M E L															
GG1 NG Extraction & Processing	✓	✓	✓																							
NG from pipeline		✓	✓																							
GP1a Russian quality, 7000 km																										
GP1b Average quality, 4000 km																										
GM1 EU-mix quality, 1000 km																										
LNG production & transport																										
GR1 NG Liquefaction			✓																							
GR1C NG Liquefaction with CCS			✓																							
GR2 LNG terminal (loading)			✓																							
GR3 LNG transport (average of two distances)			✓																							
GR4 LNG terminal (unloading)			✓																							
Biogas from waste																										
BG1a Liquid manure transport, 10 km																										
BG1b Dry manure transport, 10 km																										
BG2a Municipal waste to biogas (upgraded)																										
BG2b Liquid manure to biogas (upgraded)																										
BG2c Dry manure to biogas (upgraded)																										
BG3a Municipal waste to electricity (small scale, local)																										
BG3b Liquid manure to electricity (small scale, local)																										
BG3c Dry manure to electricity (small scale, local)																										
NG distribution																										
GR5 LNG vapourisation			✓																							
GG3 NG trunk distribution			✓																							
GG4 NG local distribution			✓																							
GG5 CNG dispensing (compression 0.4-25 MPa)																										
GH1b NG to hydrogen (reforming, central plant, 100-																										
NG common processes																										
GG2 Electricity generation from NG (CCGT)	✓	✓	✓																							
Coal																										
KO1 Hard coal provision (EU-mix) (1)					✓	✓																				
KE1 Electricity from Coal (conv. Boiler)					✓	✓																				
Wood (farmed)																										
WF1 Wood farming and chipping																										
Wood (waste)																										
WW1 Forest residuals to wood chips																										
Wood transport & processing (all sources)																										
WC2a Wood chips road transport, 50 km																										
WC2b Wood chips road transport, 12 km																										
WC2c Coastal/river shipping wood chips																										
W3b Wood to electricity: gasification, 200MW																										
W3c Wood to electricity: gasification, 10MW																										
W3i Wood to electricity: Steam turbine																										
W3n Wood cofiring in coal power station																										
BdW Wood domestic boiler																										
Blw Wood industrial boiler																										
Wood waste via black liquor																										
BLE Electricity from waste wood via black liquor																										
Wind																										
DE Electricity from wind																										
Nuclear																										
NE1 Nuclear fuel provision																										
NE2 Electricity from nuclear																										
Common processes																										
Z1 Diesel production	✓	✓																								
Z2 Road tanker																										
Z71 HV+MV losses	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Z72 LV losses	✓	✓			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		
Z7a Electricity (EU-mix, MV)																										
Z7b Electricity (EU-mix, LV)																										

In this study, electricity is not used as such as automotive energy source. It is an intermediate for production of hydrogen by electrolysis. These pathways are shown separately to illustrate the amount of electrical energy that can be produced from certain sources, particularly biomass, and also to allow comparison of energy efficiency and GHG avoidance potential with other uses of the same resource.

GPEL1a/b Piped NG to electricity

Natural gas is already widely used for electricity generation and all forecasts agree that this will increase in the coming decades. The Combined Cycle Gas Turbine (CCGT) is now established as the state-of-the-art scheme.

GPEL1bC Piped NG to electricity with CCS

As above with CCGT flue gas CO₂ capture.

GPHEL1a/bC Piped NG to electricity via hydrogen CCGT and CCS

In this scheme natural gas is reformed to hydrogen, CO₂ is captured and hydrogen is used to generate electricity in an adapted CCGT.

GREL1 LNG to electricity

This pathway illustrates the use of remote gas (as LNG) for electricity generation in Europe (as a comparison with the previous pathways).

KOEL1/1C Hard coal to electricity

Coal is another standard energy source for electricity generation. This pathway represents the range of available technologies (with a fairly wide variability range).

OWEL1/2/3 Biogas to electricity

Biogas produced from municipal waste or manure is used to produce electricity in a gas engine. Upgrading is not required.

W/F-WEL1-4 Farmed or waste wood to electricity

1 and 2 represent the gasification + CCGT route at either large (200 MW biomass) or small (10 MW) scale. The former is considerably more efficient. 3 represent the conventional boiler + steam turbine route. 4 is co-firing in a coal power station.

BLEL1 Waste wood via black liquor to electricity

See section 2-5

EMEL1 EU-mix electricity

This is the reference that is also used for all minor electricity consumptions in all pathways. GHG emissions from EU-mix are similar than those from natural gas CCGT.

WDEL1 Wind to electricity

Wind power is one of the most promising option for renewable electricity generation.

NUEL1 Nuclear energy to electricity

Although not popular at the moment, this option cannot be ignored as it has the potential to provide large amounts of essentially carbon-free electricity.

WTT APPENDIX 2

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/Mjelec)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/Mjelec)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O	
			Total primary			Fossil			Best est.	min	Max	
			Best est.	min	Max							
GPEL1a	Piped NG, 7000 km, CCGT NG Extraction & Processing NG Transport NG Distribution (HP) Power generation (CCGT) Electricity distribution (LV)	1	0.05	0.03	0.11		7.2			2.5	0.19	0.000
		3	0.36				28.1			19.1	0.35	0.001
		3	0.02				1.1			1.0	0.00	0.000
		4	0.84	0.80	0.88		104.6			102.9	0.01	0.005
		5	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
		Total pathway	1.31	1.09	1.39	1.31	141.0	128.0	145.8	125.6	0.55	0.006
GPEL1b	Piped NG, 4000 km, CCGT NG Extraction & Processing NG Transport NG Distribution (HP) Power generation (CCGT) Electricity distribution (LV)	1	0.05	0.02	0.10		6.6			2.3	0.17	0.000
		3	0.17				14.0			9.0	0.20	0.000
		3	0.02				1.1			1.0	0.00	0.000
		4	0.84	0.80	0.88		104.6			102.9	0.01	0.005
		5	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
		Total pathway	1.11	0.96	1.20	1.11	126.3	117.3	131.1	115.2	0.38	0.005
GPEL1bC	Piped NG, 4000 km, CCGT + CCS NG Extraction & Processing NG Transport NG Distribution (HP) Power generation (CCGT) Electricity distribution (LV)	1	0.06	0.03	0.12		7.7			2.7	0.20	0.000
		3	0.20				16.4			10.5	0.23	0.000
		3	0.02				1.2			1.2	0.00	0.000
		4	1.16	1.10	1.22		12.5			12.3	0.01	0.000
		5	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
		Total pathway	1.47	1.30	1.57	1.47	37.8	27.9	43.7	26.7	0.44	0.001
GPHEL1aC	Piped NG, 7000 km, Hydrogen CCGT + CCS NG Extraction & Processing NG Transport NG Distribution (HP) Power generation (CCGT) Electricity distribution (LV)	1	0.07	0.04	0.14		9.3			3.3	0.24	0.000
		3	0.47				36.5			24.8	0.46	0.001
		3	0.02				1.4			1.3	0.00	0.000
		4	1.40	1.33	1.47		13.4			13.4	0.00	0.000
		5	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
		Total pathway	2.00	1.67	2.07	2.00	60.7	41.5	65.0	42.8	0.70	0.001
GPHEL1bC	Piped NG, 4000 km, Hydrogen CCGT + CCS NG Extraction & Processing NG Transport NG Distribution (HP) Power generation (CCGT) Electricity distribution (LV)	1	0.06	0.03	0.13		8.5			3.0	0.22	0.000
		3	0.22				18.2			11.7	0.26	0.001
		3	0.02				1.4			1.3	0.00	0.000
		4	1.40	1.33	1.47		13.4			13.4	0.00	0.000
		5	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
		Total pathway	1.74	1.55	1.86	1.74	41.6	30.1	48.6	29.4	0.48	0.001
GREL1	LNG, CCGT NG Extraction & Processing NG Liquefaction LNG transport (shipping) LNG Receipt Power generation (CCGT) Electricity distribution (LV)	1	0.05	0.02	0.10		6.6			2.3	0.17	0.000
		2	0.16				10.9			8.8	0.08	0.000
		3	0.16				10.5			10.4	0.00	0.000
		3	0.08				4.5			4.4	0.00	0.000
		4	0.84				104.6			102.9	0.01	0.005
		5	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
KOEL1	Coal, state-of-the-art conventional technology Coal provision Power plant Electricity distribution (LV)											
		3	0.22				38.1			15.3	0.90	0.001
		4	1.34				230.9			227.3	0.00	0.012
		5	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
		Total pathway	1.59	1.28	1.79	1.58	269.0	236.9	289.3	242.6	0.91	0.012
KOEL2	Coal, IGCC Coal provision Power plant Electricity distribution (LV)	3	0.20				34.5			13.9	0.82	0.001
		4	1.12				207.0			206.2	0.01	0.002
		5	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
		Total pathway	1.35	1.25	1.45	1.34	241.5	231.5	252.6	220.0	0.83	0.003

WTT APPENDIX 2

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJelec)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ ,eq/MJelec)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O
			Total primary		Fossil	Best est.	min	Max	g/MJ	g/MJ	g/MJ
		Best est.	min	Max							
OWEL1a	Electricity from municipal waste (local power plant)					5.77			-4.6	0.60	-0.016
	Biogas production	4	1.67			1.97			0.0	0.08	0.000
	Local power plant	4	1.52			0.00			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Electricity distribution (LV)	5	0.01								
	Total pathway	3.20	2.91	3.57	-0.08	7.7	7.1	8.4	-4.6	0.68	-0.016
OWEL1b	Electricity from municipal waste (large power plant)					-79.19			-97.1	0.85	-0.011
	Biogas production	4	1.52			0.00			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Gas distribution	3	0.00			107.11			105.5	0.01	0.005
	Large power plant	4	0.84			0.00			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Electricity distribution (LV)	5	0.03								
	Total pathway	2.39	2.10	2.68	0.21	27.9	22.2	33.1	8.4	0.85	-0.006
OWEL2a	Electricity from liquid manure (local power plant)					-197.98			4.5	-8.10	0.000
	Transport of liquid manure (10 km)	2	0.06			8.82			-2.7	0.57	-0.009
	Biogas production	4	1.47			1.97			0.0	0.08	0.000
	Local power plant	4	1.52			0.00			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Electricity distribution (LV)	5	0.01								
	Total pathway	3.06	2.74	3.40	0.01	-187.2	-243.7	-122.5	1.8	-7.45	-0.009
OWEL2b	Electricity from liquid manure (large power plant)					-177.18			4.0	-7.25	0.000
	Transport of liquid manure (10 km)	2	0.05			-91.24			-111.0	0.89	-0.008
	Biogas production	4	1.64			0.00			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Gas distribution	3	0.00			107.11			105.5	0.01	0.005
	Large power plant	4	0.84			0.00			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Electricity distribution (LV)	5	0.03								
	Total pathway	2.56	2.24	2.88	-0.06	-161.3	-209.4	-107.5	-1.4	-6.35	-0.004
OWEL3a	Electricity from dry manure (local power plant)					-18.81			1.4	-0.81	0.000
	Transport of dry manure (10 km)	2	0.02			8.82			-2.7	0.57	-0.009
	Biogas production	4	1.47			1.97			0.0	0.08	0.000
	Local power plant	4	1.52			0.00			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Electricity distribution (LV)	5	0.01								
	Total pathway	3.02	2.72	3.32	-0.03	-8.0	-13.6	-2.0	-1.2	-0.16	-0.009
OWEL3b	Electricity from dry manure (large power plant)					-16.84			1.3	-0.72	0.000
	Transport of dry manure (10 km)	2	0.02			-91.24			-111.0	0.89	-0.008
	Biogas production	4	1.64			0.00			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Gas distribution	3	0.00			107.11			105.5	0.01	0.005
	Large power plant	4	0.84			0.00			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Electricity distribution (LV)	5	0.03								
	Total pathway	2.53	2.21	2.84	-0.09	-1.0	-5.9	4.8	-4.2	0.17	-0.004

WTT APPENDIX 2

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJelec)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJelec)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O	
			Total primary		Fossil	Best est.	min	Max	g/MJ	g/MJ	g/MJ	
			Best est.	min	Max							
WWEL1	Waste wood, 200 MW gasifier + CCGT		1	0.06				0.8		0.7	0.00	0.000
	Waste collection and chipping		3	0.04				3.0		2.8	0.01	0.000
	Wood chips road transport		4	1.11				1.4		0.0	0.03	0.003
	Power generation (gasifier+CCGT)		5	0.03				0.0		0.0	0.00	0.000
	Total pathway			1.24	1.16	1.34	0.05	5.2	4.9	5.6	3.5	0.03
WWEL2	Waste wood, 10 MW gasifier + GT		1	0.09				1.1		1.0	0.00	0.000
	Waste collection and chipping		3	0.00				0.2		0.2	0.00	0.000
	Wood chips road transport		4	1.88				1.9		0.0	0.04	0.003
	Power generation (gasifier+CCGT)		5	0.03				0.0		0.0	0.00	0.000
	Total pathway			2.00	1.90	2.10	0.02	3.2	3.2	3.3	1.3	0.04
WWEL3	Waste wood, steam power plant		1	0.09				1.1		1.0	0.00	0.000
	Waste collection and chipping		3	0.01				1.0		1.0	0.00	0.000
	Wood chips road transport		4	1.88				1.9		0.0	0.04	0.003
	Power generation (boiler + steam turbine)		5	0.03				0.0		0.0	0.00	0.000
	Total pathway			2.01	1.90	2.12	0.03	4.0	3.9	4.0	2.0	0.04
WWEL4	Waste wood, co-fired with coal		1	0.07				0.9		0.8	0.00	0.000
	Waste collection and chipping		3	0.04				3.3		3.1	0.01	0.000
	Wood chips road transport		4	1.34				3.6		0.0	0.00	0.012
	Coal power station (boiler + steam turbine)		5	0.03				0.0		0.0	0.00	0.000
	Total pathway			1.48	1.16	1.72	0.05	7.7	7.2	8.2	3.9	0.01
WFEL1	Farmed wood, 200 MW gasifier + CCGT		1	0.03				4.4		1.8	0.00	0.008
	Wood farming		1	0.06				0.8		0.7	0.00	0.000
	Wood chipping		3	0.01				0.7		0.7	0.00	0.000
	Wood chips road transport		4	1.11				1.4		0.0	0.03	0.003
	Power generation (gasifier+CCGT)		5	0.03				0.0		0.0	0.00	0.000
	Total pathway			1.24	1.15	1.35	0.05	7.3	5.6	18.9	3.3	0.03
WFEL2	Farmed wood, 10 MW gasifier + GT		1	0.04				5.9		2.4	0.00	0.011
	Wood farming		1	0.09				1.1		1.0	0.00	0.000
	Wood chipping		3	0.00				0.2		0.2	0.00	0.000
	Wood chips road transport		4	1.88				1.9		0.0	0.04	0.003
	Power generation (gasifier+GT)		5	0.03				0.0		0.0	0.00	0.000
	Total pathway			2.03	1.92	2.15	0.05	9.2	6.8	27.1	3.7	0.04
WFEL3	Farmed wood, steam power plant		1	0.04				6.6		2.7	0.00	0.013
	Wood farming		1	0.10				1.2		1.1	0.00	0.000
	Wood chipping		3	0.01				1.1		1.1	0.00	0.000
	Wood chips road transport		4	2.19				9.7		0.0	0.09	0.025
	Power generation (boiler + steam turbine)		5	0.03				0.0		0.0	0.00	0.000
	Total pathway			2.37	2.20	2.53	0.07	18.5	16.2	38.4	4.9	0.09
WFEL4	Farmed wood, co-firing with coal		1	0.03				4.8		2.0	0.00	0.009
	Wood farming		1	0.07				0.9		0.8	0.00	0.000
	Wood chipping		3	0.01				0.8		0.8	0.00	0.000
	Wood chips road transport		4	1.34				3.6		0.0	0.00	0.012
	Coal power station (boiler + steam turbine)		5	0.03				0.0		0.0	0.00	0.000
	Total pathway			1.48	1.12	1.70	0.05	10.1	8.2	24.9	3.6	0.01
BLEL1	Electricity from black liquor		1	0.03				0.42		0.4	0.00	0.000
	Waste collection and chipping		3	0.01				0.39		0.0	0.00	0.000
	Transport (road, 50 km)		4	0.11				0.00		0.0	0.00	0.000
	Paper mill power plant		5	0.03				0.00		0.0	0.00	0.000
	Total pathway			0.18	0.15	0.22	0.01	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.4	0.00
EMEL1	EU-mix electricity		4	1.84				129.8		120.8	0.29	0.005
	EU-mix power generation		5	0.03				0.0		0.0	0.00	0.000
	Total pathway			1.87	1.87	1.87	1.73	129.8	129.8	129.8	120.8	0.29
WDEL1	Wind turbine (offshore)		4	0.00				0.0		0.0	0.00	0.000
	EU-mix power generation		5	0.03				0.0		0.0	0.00	0.000
	Total pathway			0.03	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.00	0.000
NUEL1	Nuclear		1	0.62				4.07		3.8	0.01	0.000
	Nuclear fuel provision		4	2.09				0.30		0.3	0.00	0.000
	Nuclear power station		5	0.03				0.00		0.0	0.00	0.000
	Total pathway			2.74	2.66	2.82	2.74	4.4	4.2	4.6	4.1	0.01

7.2

Heat and CHP

These pathways are provided for reference purposes and are not further used in the WTW analysis. They describe typical performance of small and industrial boilers and large scale CHP plants fed with various feedstocks.

Pathway code	Crude oil		Natural gas								Biogas			Farmed wood			Waste wood				
	C O H T	G P H T	G P E H	G R H T	G R E H	O W H T	W F H T	W F E H	W W H T	W W E H											
	1	2	1a	1b	2a	2b	1a	1b	1	2	1	1	2	3	1	2	1	1	2	1	
Crude oil																					
CO1 Crude oil production	✓																				
CO2 Crude oil transportation	✓																				
CD1 Crude oil refining, marginal diesel	✓																				
CD2 Diesel transport	✓																				
CD3 Diesel depot	✓																				
CD4 Diesel distribution and dispensing	✓																				
BDo Heating oil domestic boiler	✓																				
Blo Heating oil industrial boiler		✓																			
GG1 NG Extraction & Processing			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					
NG from pipeline			✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓					
GP1a Russian quality, 7000 km																					
GP1b Average quality, 4000 km																					
LNG production & transport																					
GR1 NG Liquefaction																					
GR2 LNG terminal (loading)																					
GR3 LNG transport (average of two distances)																					
GR4 LNG terminal (unloading)																					
Biogas from waste																					
BG1a Liquid manure transport, 10 km																					
BG1b Dry manure transport, 10 km																					
BG3a Municipal waste to electricity (small scale, local)																					
BG3b Liquid manure to electricity (small scale, local)																					
BG3c Dry manure to electricity (small scale, local)																					
NG distribution																					
GR5 LNG vaporisation																					
GG3 NG trunk distribution			✓	✓																	
GG4 NG local distribution			✓	✓																	
NG common processes																					
BDg NG domestic boiler			✓	✓																	
Blg NG industrial boiler					✓	✓															
HPg CHP plant, gas fired							✓	✓													
Wood (farmed)																					
WF1 Wood farming and chipping																					
Wood (waste)																					
WW1 Forest residuals to wood chips																					
Wood transport & processing (all sources)																					
WC2a Wood chips road transport, 50 km																					
WC2b Wood chips road transport, 12 km																					
WC2c Coastal/river shipping wood chips (200MW plant)																					
BDw Wood domestic boiler																					
Blw Wood industrial boiler																					
HPw CHP plant, wood fired																					
Common processes																					
Z1 Diesel production	✓	✓																			
Z2 Road tanker	✓	✓																			
Z71 HV+MV losses												✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

COHT1/2 Heating oil boiler

Two variants describing either a small domestic (1) or large industrial boiler (2).

GPHT1/2 Piped natural gas boiler

Four variants describing either a small domestic (1) or large industrial boiler (2) fed with piped natural gas, with, in each case two supply distances (a: 7000 km, b: 4000 km).

GRHT1/2 Natural gas (ex LNG) boiler

Two variants describing either a small domestic (1) or large industrial boiler (2) fed with natural gas from imported LNG.

WTT APPENDIX 2

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/Mjheat)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/Mjheat)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O	
			Total primary			Fossil	Best est.	min	Max	g/MJ	g/MJ	
			Best est.	min	Max							
COHT1	Heating oil domestic boiler						4.1			4.1	0.00	0.000
	Crude Extraction & Processing	1	0.03				1.0			1.0	0.00	0.000
	Crude Transport	3	0.01				9.6			9.6	0.00	0.000
	Refining	4	0.11				0.6			0.6	0.00	0.000
	Distribution and dispensing	5	0.01				84.7			83.8	0.01	0.002
	Domestic boiler	5	1.17									
Total pathway			1.33	0.30	0.37	1.33	100.0	97.8	102.6	99.1	0.01	0.002
COHT2	Heating oil industrial boiler						4.1			4.1	0.00	0.000
	Crude Extraction & Processing	1	0.03				1.0			1.0	0.00	0.000
	Crude Transport	3	0.01				9.6			9.6	0.00	0.000
	Refining	4	0.11				0.6			0.6	0.00	0.000
	Distribution and dispensing	5	0.01				85.3			84.4	0.01	0.002
	Domestic boiler	5	1.18									
Total pathway			1.35	0.32	0.39	1.34	100.6	98.5	103.6	99.7	0.01	0.002
GPHT1a	Piped NG 7000 km domestic boiler						3.8			1.3	0.10	0.000
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.03				15.0			10.2	0.19	0.000
	NG Transport	3	0.19				0.6			0.6	0.00	0.000
	NG Distribution (LP)	5	0.01				57.2			56.9	0.01	0.000
	Domestic boiler	5	1.05									
	Total pathway		1.28	0.18	0.29	1.28	76.6	71.0	77.4	69.0	0.29	0.001
GPHT1b	Piped NG 4000 km domestic boiler						3.5			1.2	0.09	0.000
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.03				7.5			4.8	0.11	0.000
	NG Transport	3	0.09				0.6			0.5	0.00	0.000
	NG Distribution (LP)	5	0.01				57.2			56.9	0.01	0.000
	Domestic boiler	5	1.05									
	Total pathway		1.17	0.13	0.19	1.17	68.8	66.4	69.5	63.5	0.20	0.001
GPHT2a	Piped NG 7000 km industrial boiler						4.3			1.5	0.11	0.000
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.03				16.7			11.3	0.21	0.000
	NG Transport	3	0.22				0.6			0.6	0.00	0.000
	NG Distribution (HP)	5	0.01				64.2			63.5	0.01	0.001
	Domestic boiler	5	1.17									
	Total pathway		1.43	0.32	0.43	1.43	85.8	79.5	86.1	77.0	0.33	0.002
GPHT2b	Piped NG 4000 km industrial boiler						3.9			1.4	0.10	0.000
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.03				8.3			5.3	0.12	0.000
	NG Transport	3	0.10				0.6			0.6	0.00	0.000
	NG Distribution (HP)	5	0.01				64.2			63.5	0.01	0.001
	Domestic boiler	5	1.17									
	Total pathway		1.31	0.26	0.32	1.31	77.1	74.2	77.6	70.8	0.23	0.001
GRHT1	LNG domestic boiler						3.5			1.2	0.09	0.000
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.03				5.8			4.7	0.04	0.000
	NG Liquefaction	2	0.09				5.6			5.5	0.00	0.000
	LNG transport (shipping)	3	0.09				1.8			1.8	0.00	0.000
	LNG Receipt + vaporisation	5	0.03				0.6			0.5	0.00	0.000
	NG distribution (LP)	5	0.01				57.0			56.8	0.01	0.000
Total pathway			1.29	0.28	0.31	1.29	74.4	73.8	75.7	70.6	0.14	0.001
GRHT2	LNG industrial boiler						3.9			1.4	0.10	0.000
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.03				6.5			5.2	0.05	0.000
	NG Liquefaction	2	0.10				6.2			6.2	0.00	0.000
	LNG transport (shipping)	3	0.10				2.1			2.0	0.00	0.000
	LNG Receipt + vaporisation	5	0.04				0.6			0.6	0.00	0.000
	NG distribution (HP)	5	0.01				63.9			63.2	0.01	0.001
Total pathway			1.44	0.42	0.46	1.44	83.2	82.4	84.4	78.6	0.16	0.002

WTT APPENDIX 2

OWHT1/2/3 Gas (ex biogas) boiler

Three variants corresponding to three biogas sources: municipal waste, liquid or dry manure.

W/F-W1/2 Wood boiler

Four variants corresponding to either farmed or waste wood feeding either a small or industrial scale boiler.

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJheat)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJheat)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O	
			Total primary			Fossil	Best est.	min	Max	g/MJ	g/MJ	
			Best est.	min	Max							
OWHT1	Municipal waste to biogas to heat						-42.3			-51.9	0.45	-0.006
	Biogas production	4	0.81				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Gas distribution	5	0.00				58.6			58.3	0.01	0.000
	Gas boiler	5	0.05									
	Total pathway		0.86	0.71	0.99	0.15	16.2	13.3	18.9	6.4	0.46	-0.006
OWHT2	Liquid manure to biogas to heat						-94.7			2.1	-3.87	0.000
	Transport of liquid manure (10 km)	4	0.03				-48.7			-59.3	0.47	-0.004
	Biogas production, treating and upgrading	4	0.88				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Local gas distribution	5	0.00				58.6			58.3	0.01	0.000
	Gas boiler	5	0.05									
	Total pathway		0.95	0.78	1.12	0.01	-84.9	-111.9	-54.8	1.2	-3.39	-0.004
OWHT3	Dry manure to biogas to heat						-9.0			0.7	-0.39	0.000
	Transport of dry manure (10 km)	4	0.01				-48.7			-59.3	0.47	-0.004
	Biogas production, treating and upgrading	4	0.88				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Local gas distribution	5	0.00				58.6			58.3	0.01	0.000
	Gas boiler	5	0.05									
	Total pathway		0.93	0.76	1.08	-0.01	0.8	-2.2	3.6	-0.3	0.09	-0.004
WWHT1	Waste wood domestic boiler									0.4	0.00	0.000
	Waste collection and chipping	1	0.04				0.4			0.4	0.00	0.000
	Wood chip transport	3	0.01				0.4			0.4	0.00	0.000
	Wood pellets manufacture	4	0.09				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Wood pellets distribution	5	0.00				0.3			0.3	0.00	0.000
	Domestic boiler	5	0.20				4.4			3.6	0.01	0.002
	Total pathway		0.33	0.29	0.37	0.10	5.5	5.5	5.5	4.7	0.01	0.002
WFHT1	Farmed wood domestic boiler									1.0	0.00	0.005
	Wood plantation	1	0.02				2.5			0.4	0.00	0.000
	Wood chipping	1	0.04				0.4			0.4	0.00	0.000
	Wood chip transport	3	0.01				0.4			0.4	0.00	0.000
	Wood pellets manufacture	4	0.09				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Wood pellets distribution	5	0.00				0.3			0.3	0.00	0.000
	Domestic boiler	5	0.20				4.4			3.6	0.01	0.002
	Total pathway		0.35	0.31	0.39	0.11	7.9	7.1	14.7	5.7	0.01	0.006
WWHT2	Waste wood industrial boiler									0.4	0.00	0.000
	Waste collection and chipping	1	0.03				0.4			0.4	0.00	0.000
	Wood chip transport	3	0.01				0.4			0.4	0.00	0.000
	Domestic boiler	5	0.23				2.8			2.4	0.01	0.001
	Total pathway		0.27	0.24	0.31	0.07	3.7	3.6	3.7	3.2	0.01	0.001
WFHT2	Farmed wood industrial boiler									1.0	0.00	0.005
	Wood plantation	1	0.02				2.4			0.4	0.00	0.000
	Waste collection and chipping	1	0.03				0.4			0.4	0.00	0.000
	Wood chip transport	3	0.01				0.4			0.4	0.00	0.000
	Domestic boiler	5	0.23				2.8			2.4	0.01	0.001
	Total pathway		0.29	0.25	0.33	0.08	6.1	5.3	13.0	4.2	0.01	0.005

GPEH1a/b Natural gas CHP plant

Two variants corresponding to a large scale CCGT-based CHP plant fed with piped gas with a supply distance of either 7000 km (a) or 4000 km (b).

GREH1 Natural gas (ex LNG) CHP plant

As above but now with gas from imported LNG.

W/F-WEH1 Wood CHP plant

Wood CHP plant fed with either farmed or waste wood.

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJelec)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ -eq/MJelec)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O			
			Total primary			Fossil								
			Best est.	min	Max	Best est.	min	Max						
GPEH1a	Piped NG 7000 km, CCGT CHP													
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.07				9.2			3.2	0.24	0.000		
	NG Transport	3	0.47				36.0			24.4	0.45	0.001		
	NG Distribution (HP)	3	0.02				1.4			1.3	0.00	0.000		
	CHP plant (CCGT)	4	1.37				133.8			131.8	0.01	0.006		
	Heat export credit	4	-1.60				-96.8			-86.8	-0.38	-0.002		
	Electricity distribution (LV)	5	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000		
	Total pathway		0.36	0.05	0.56	0.36	83.5	65.7	95.0	74.0	0.32	0.005		
	<i>Heat/power production ratio</i>													
GPEH1b	Piped NG 4000 km, CCGT CHP													
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.06				8.4			2.9	0.22	0.000		
	NG Transport	3	0.22				18.0			11.5	0.25	0.000		
	NG Distribution (HP)	3	0.02				1.4			1.3	0.00	0.000		
	CHP plant (CCGT)	4	1.37				133.8			131.8	0.01	0.006		
	Heat export credit	4	-1.46				-86.7			-79.6	-0.26	-0.002		
	Electricity distribution (LV)	5	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000		
	Total pathway		0.24	0.11	0.37	0.24	74.9	67.2	82.3	67.9	0.22	0.005		
	<i>Heat/power production ratio</i>													
GREH1	LNG, CCGT CHP													
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.06				8.5			2.9	0.22	0.000		
	NG Liquefaction	2	0.21				13.9			11.2	0.10	0.000		
	LNG transport (shipping)	3	0.21				13.4			13.3	0.00	0.000		
	LNG Receipt + vapourisation	3	0.08				4.4			4.4	0.00	0.000		
	NG distribution (HP)	3	0.03				1.3			1.3	0.00	0.000		
	CHP plant (CCGT)	4	1.37				133.5			131.5	0.01	0.006		
	Heat export credit	4	-1.61				-93.8			-88.7	-0.18	-0.002		
	Electricity distribution (LV)	5	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000		
	Total pathway		0.37	0.33	0.42	0.37	81.2	79.0	84.0	76.0	0.15	0.005		
	<i>Heat/power production ratio</i>													
WWEH1	Waste wood boiler + steam turbine CHP													
	Waste collection and chipping	1	0.14				1.7			1.6	0.00	0.000		
	Wood chips road transport	3	0.02				1.5			1.5	0.00	0.000		
	CHP plant (boiler + steam turbine)	4	3.55				3.2			0.0	0.09	0.003		
	Heat export credit	4	-3.30				-3.4			-2.2	-0.01	-0.003		
	Electricity distribution (LV)	5	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000		
	Total pathway		0.44	0.19	0.67	0.01	3.1	2.9	3.2	1.0	0.08	0.000		
	<i>Heat/power production ratio</i>													
WFEH1	Farmed wood boiler + steam turbine CHP													
	Wood farming	1	0.06							3.8	0.01	0.018		
	Wood chipping	1	0.14				1.7			1.6	0.00	0.000		
	Wood chips road transport	3	0.02				1.5			1.5	0.00	0.000		
	CHP plant (boiler + steam turbine)	4	3.55				3.2			0.0	0.09	0.003		
	Heat export credit	4	-3.34				-9.9			-4.9	-0.02	-0.015		
	Electricity distribution (LV)	5	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000		
	Total pathway		0.46	0.21	0.72	0.03	5.9	-7.7	27.4	2.1	0.09	0.006		
	<i>Heat/power production ratio</i>													

8 Hydrogen

8.1 Natural gas to hydrogen

Pathway code		G M C H	G P C H						G R L H			G P L H			G R L H	
		1	1a	1b	2a	2b	2bC	3b	b	1	2	3	1a	1b	1	2
Code	Process															
GG1	NG Extraction & Processing	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
NG from pipeline																
GP1a	Russian quality, 7000 km		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓			
GP1b	Average quality, 4000 km			✓		✓							✓			
LNG production & transport																
GR1	NG Liquefaction										✓	✓	✓			✓
GR1C	NG Liquefaction with CC&S										✓	✓	✓			✓
GR2	LNG terminal (loading)										✓	✓	✓			✓
GR3	LNG transport (average of two distances)										✓	✓	✓			✓
GR4	LNG terminal (unloading)										✓	✓	✓			✓
NG distribution											✓	✓	✓			✓
GR5	LNG vaporisation	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			✓
GG3	NG trunk distribution		✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓		✓
NG common processes										✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
GG2	Electricity generation from NG (CCGT)									✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Hydrogen transport & distribution											✓	✓				
CH1a	Gasous Hyd distribution (pipeline from central plant)				✓	✓	✓		✓			✓	✓			
CH1b	Gasous Hyd distribution (trucking from central plant)															
CH2	Liquid Hyd compression/vaporisation	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
CH3	Gasous Hyd dispensing															
LH1	Hyd liquefaction															
LH2	Liquid Hyd long-distance transport															
LH3	Liquid Hyd distribution and dispensing															
Common processes																
Z1	Diesel production									✓				✓	✓	✓
Z2	Road tanker									✓				✓	✓	✓
Z71	HV+MV losses															
Z72	LV losses															
Z7a	Electricity (EU-mix, MV)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓			
Z7b	Electricity (EU-mix, LV)		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

GMCH1 EU-mix NG supply to on-site hydrogen production and compression

GPCH1a/b Piped NG to on-site hydrogen production and compression

These three pathways describe the local production of hydrogen with a small steam reformer installed at the refuelling station followed by compression (88 MPa). The only difference is in the origin of the gas. Such schemes may be attractive as it avoids transporting hydrogen but they do require up front investment in a large number of locations.

GPCH2 a/b/bC Piped NG to central hydrogen production, pipeline distribution and on-site compression (+CCS option)

Here hydrogen is produced by steam reforming of natural gas (pipeline 7 or 4000 km) in a central plant from where it is distributed through a local pipeline network (50 km average distance) before compression to 88 MPa at the refuelling station. The principal advantage of such a scheme is to allow large plants that can be made more efficient than small ones through heat integration and recovery and that can be build gradually as demand grows. As full decarbonisation occurs at the production stage CO₂ capture and storage could be an attractive option where suitable geological formations are available within a reasonable distance.

GPCH3b Piped NG to central hydrogen production, road distribution and on-site compression

This pathway is essentially the same as above except that hydrogen is now distributed by road in high pressure cylinders. This distribution mode may be more appropriate for limited markets where a pipeline network would not be justifiable.

GPLCHb Piped NG to central production of liquid hydrogen, road distribution and on-site vaporisation/compression

This is the same pathway as above but it is now assumed that the vehicle requires compressed hydrogen. The liquid hydrogen delivered to the refuelling station is compressed and vaporised on-site. Note that this operation is less energy-intensive than gaseous hydrogen compression.

GRCH1/2 Remote NG to hydrogen production and compression

LNG for remote location can offer an alternative to pipeline supplies. In these two pathways it is assumed that LNG is vaporised on receipt at the EU terminal and introduced into the grid. Hydrogen can then be produced either on-site or centrally as explained above.

GRCH3 Remote NG to methanol to hydrogen production and compression

Methanol can be used as a energy vector instead of NG. In this pathway methanol is produced from remote NG, transported to Europe, distributed within Europe and converted into hydrogen in an on-site reformer.

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ ,eq/MJf)			CO ₂ g/MJ	CH4 g/MJ	N ₂ O g/MJ
			Total primary		Fossil	Best est.		min	Max		
			Best est.	min	Max	Best est.	min	Max			
GMCH1	NG EU-mix, 1000 km, on-site reforming										
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.04	0.02	0.07		4.9			1.7	0.1
	NG Transport	3	0.03	0.01	0.03		2.8			1.6	0.0
	NG Distribution	3	0.01				0.9			0.8	0.0
	On-site reforming	4	0.52	0.49	0.55		86.6			85.8	0.0
	Compression	5	0.24	0.22	0.26		10.0			9.3	0.0
	Total pathway		0.84	0.81	0.89	0.83	105.2	103.3	108.0	99.3	0.23
											0.001
GPCH1a	Piped NG, 7000 km, on-site reforming										
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.04	0.02	0.09		5.7			2.0	0.15
	NG Transport	3	0.29	0.10	0.32		22.1			15.0	0.28
	NG Distribution	3	0.01				0.8			0.8	0.00
	On-site reforming	4	0.52	0.49	0.55		84.7			83.9	0.03
	Compression	5	0.24	0.22	0.26		10.0			9.3	0.02
	Total pathway		1.11	0.94	1.18	1.09	123.2	113.5	127.7	111.0	0.48
											0.001
GPCH1b	Piped NG, 4000 km, on-site reforming										
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.04	0.02	0.08		5.2			1.8	0.13
	NG Transport	3	0.14	0.05	0.15		11.0			7.1	0.16
	NG Distribution	3	0.01				0.8			0.8	0.00
	On-site reforming	4	0.52	0.49	0.55		84.7			83.9	0.03
	Compression	5	0.24	0.22	0.26		10.0			9.3	0.02
	Total pathway		0.95	0.86	1.00	0.94	111.7	106.7	114.7	102.9	0.34
											0.001
GPCH2a	Piped NG, 7000 km, central reforming, pipeline										
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.04	0.02	0.08		5.2			1.8	0.13
	NG Transport	3	0.26	0.09	0.29		20.1			13.7	0.25
	NG Distribution (HP)	3	0.01				0.8			0.7	0.00
	Central reforming	4	0.32	0.29	0.34		74.1			73.7	0.02
	Gaseous Hyd distribution & comp.	5	0.22	0.21	0.24		9.1			8.5	0.02
	Total pathway		0.86	0.71	0.93	0.85	109.3	100.9	113.6	98.4	0.42
											0.001
GPCH2b	Piped NG, 4000 km, central reforming, pipeline										
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.04	0.02	0.07		4.7			1.6	0.12
	NG Transport	3	0.12	0.04	0.14		10.1			6.4	0.14
	NG Distribution (HP)	3	0.01				0.8			0.7	0.00
	Central reforming	4	0.32	0.29	0.34		74.1			73.7	0.02
	Gaseous Hyd distribution & comp.	5	0.22	0.21	0.24		9.1			8.5	0.02
	Total pathway		0.72	0.63	0.76	0.71	98.8	94.0	101.3	91.0	0.30
											0.001
GPCH2bC	Piped NG, 4000 km, central reforming, pipeline, CCS&S										
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.04	0.02	0.07		4.9			1.7	0.13
	NG Transport	3	0.13	0.04	0.14		10.5			6.7	0.15
	NG Distribution (HP)	3	0.01				0.8			0.8	0.00
	Central reforming (CCS)	4	0.37	0.34	0.39		12.5			12.1	0.02
	Gaseous Hyd distribution & comp.	5	0.22	0.21	0.24		9.1			8.5	0.02
	Total pathway		0.77	0.69	0.82	0.76	37.8	33.1	40.4	29.8	0.31
											0.001
GPCH3b	Piped NG, 4000 km, central reforming, trucking										
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.04	0.02	0.07		4.7			1.64	0.12
	NG Transport	3	0.12	0.04	0.14		10.1			6.44	0.14
	NG Distribution (HP)	3	0.01				0.8			0.74	0.00
	Central reforming	4	0.32	0.29	0.34		74.1			73.67	0.02
	Gaseous Hyd distribution & comp.	5	0.22	0.21	0.24		10.1			9.50	0.02
	Total pathway		0.72	0.63	0.77	0.71	99.7	94.7	102.4	92.0	0.30
											0.001

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		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJf)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O	
			Total primary		Fossil	Best est.	min	Max	g/MJ	g/MJ	g/MJ	
		Best est.	min	Max								
GPLCHb	Piped NG, 4000 km, central reforming + liquefaction, vapourisation/compression											
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.03	0.02	0.07		4.7			1.6	0.12	0.000
	NG Transport	3	0.12	0.11	0.13		9.9			6.3	0.14	0.000
	NG Distribution (HP)	3	0.01				0.8			0.7	0.00	0.000
	Central reforming	4	0.32	0.28	0.34		73.0			72.6	0.02	0.000
	Hyd liquefaction	4	0.62	0.43	0.80		37.0			33.8	0.11	0.002
	Liquid hyd distribution & vap/comp	5	0.17				8.3			7.8	0.02	0.000
	Total pathway		1.28	1.13	1.36	1.27	133.6	125.0	138.8	122.8	0.40	0.002
GRCH1	LNG, on-site reforming											
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.04	0.02	0.08		5.2			1.8	0.14	0.000
	NG Liquefaction	2	0.13				8.6			6.9	0.06	0.000
	Long-distance transport	3	0.13				8.2			8.2	0.00	0.000
	LNG Vaporisation + Distribution	3	0.06				3.5			3.5	0.00	0.000
	On-site reforming	4	0.52	0.49	0.55		84.5			83.8	0.02	0.000
	Compression	5	0.24	0.22	0.26		10.0			9.3	0.02	0.000
	Total pathway		1.12	1.08	1.16	1.10	119.9	117.6	122.6	113.4	0.25	0.001
GRCH2	LNG, central reforming											
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.04	0.02	0.07		4.7			1.6	0.12	0.000
	NG Liquefaction	2	0.12				7.8			6.3	0.06	0.000
	Long-distance transport	3	0.11				7.5			7.4	0.00	0.000
	LNG Vaporisation + Distribution	3	0.06				3.2			3.2	0.00	0.000
	Central reforming	4	0.32	0.29	0.34		74.1			73.7	0.02	0.000
	Gaseous Hyd distribution & comp.	5	0.22	0.21	0.24		9.1			8.5	0.02	0.000
	Total pathway		0.87	0.83	0.91	0.86	106.5	104.5	109.0	100.7	0.22	0.001
GRCH3	Remote NG, methanol, on-site reforming											
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.04	0.02	0.09		5.7			2.0	0.15	0.000
	Methanol synthesis	2	0.57				14.2			14.2	0.00	0.000
	Methanol shipping and distribution	3	0.08				5.3			5.3	0.00	0.000
	On-site reforming	4	0.21	0.20	0.22		84.4			84.4	0.00	0.000
	Hydrogen compression	5	0.22	0.21	0.24		9.1			8.5	0.02	0.000
	Total pathway		1.12	1.10	1.16	1.11	118.8	117.6	121.0	114.3	0.17	0.000

GPLH1a/b Piped NG to central production of liquid hydrogen and road distribution

Here hydrogen is produced by steam reforming of natural gas (pipeline 7 or 4000 km) in a central plant and subsequently liquefied. Liquid hydrogen is transported to the refuelling station by road tanker. Note that this pathway assumes that liquid hydrogen is used as such in the vehicle.

GRLH1 Remote NG to liquid hydrogen transported by sea and distributed by road

Producing hydrogen at the “wellhead” is another option. It does require liquefaction and long-distance transportation of hydrogen which tends to be energy-intensive and would require complex dedicated ships. One attraction might be the possibility to capture all CO₂ at source for e.g. re-injection into the local gas/oil fields. In this case, it is also assumed that liquid hydrogen is used as such in the vehicle.

GRLH2 LNG to central production of liquid hydrogen and road distribution

This is the same as GPLH1 now based on LNG.

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJf)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O	
			Total primary		Fossil	Best est.	min	Max	Best est.	min	Max	
		Best est.	min	Max					g/MJ	g/MJ	g/MJ	
GPLH1a	Piped NG, 7000 km, central reforming + liquefaction					5.1			1.8	0.13	0.000	
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.04	0.02	0.08							
	NG Transport	3	0.26	0.09	0.29	19.8			13.5	0.25	0.001	
	NG Distribution (HP)	3	0.01			0.8			0.7	0.00	0.000	
	Central reforming	4	0.32	0.28	0.34	73.0			72.6	0.02	0.000	
	Hyd liquefaction	4	0.68	0.47	0.88	41.3			36.8	0.16	0.002	
	Liquid hyd distribution & delivery	5	0.03			1.7			1.7	0.00	0.000	
	Total pathway		1.33	1.11	1.44	1.33	141.7	128.6	148.4	127.1	0.56	0.002
GPLH1b	Piped NG, 4000 km, central reforming + liquefaction					4.7			1.6	0.12	0.000	
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.03	0.02	0.07							
	NG Transport	3	0.12	0.04	0.14	9.9			6.3	0.14	0.000	
	NG Distribution (HP)	3	0.01			0.8			0.7	0.00	0.000	
	Central reforming	4	0.32	0.28	0.34	73.0			72.6	0.02	0.000	
	Hyd liquefaction	4	0.62	0.43	0.80	37.0			33.8	0.11	0.002	
	Liquid hyd distribution & delivery	5	0.03			1.7			1.7	0.00	0.000	
	Total pathway		1.13	0.99	1.22	1.13	127.0	118.5	132.2	116.8	0.39	0.002
GRLH1	Remote NG reforming + hyd liquefaction + liquid hyd shipping					5.2			1.8	0.14	0.000	
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.04	0.02	0.08							
	Remote reforming	2	0.39	0.35	0.41	89.8			89.4	0.02	0.000	
	Remote hyd liquefaction	2	0.69	0.48	0.90	39.9			37.9	0.06	0.002	
	Liquid hyd transport (shipping)	3	0.26	0.23	0.29	1.4			1.3	0.00	0.000	
	Liquid hyd distribution & delivery	5	0.04			2.8			2.8	0.00	0.000	
	Total pathway		1.42	1.31	1.55	1.42	139.1	132.4	146.7	133.2	0.22	0.002
GRLH2	LNG, central reforming + liquefaction					4.6			1.6	0.12	0.000	
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.03	0.02	0.07							
	NG Liquefaction	2	0.11	0.00	0.00	7.6			6.1	0.06	0.000	
	LNG Transport (shipping)	3	0.11	0.10	0.12	7.3			7.3	0.00	0.000	
	LNG Receipt + Vaporisation	4	0.04			2.4			2.4	0.00	0.000	
	Central reforming	4	0.32	0.29	0.34	73.0			72.6	0.02	0.000	
	Hyd liquefaction	4	0.67	0.47	0.88	39.7			37.4	0.08	0.002	
	Liquid hyd distribution & delivery	5	0.04			2.8			2.8	0.00	0.000	
	Total pathway		1.34	1.22	1.49	1.34	137.5	130.6	146.2	130.1	0.27	0.002

8.2 Coal to hydrogen

The pathways described here assume gasification of hard coal (EU-mix origin) followed by processing to a final fuel (see also section 2-6 for electricity pathways).

Pathway code		K O C H	
		1	1C
Code	Process		
Coal			
KO1	Hard coal provision (EU-mix) (1)	✓	✓
KE1	Electricity from Coal (conv. Boiler)		
KH1	Coal to hydrogen	✓	
KH1C	Coal to hydrogen with CC&S		✓
Hydrogen transport & distribution			
CH1a	Gasous Hyd distribution (pipeline from central plant)	✓	✓
CH3	Gasous Hyd dispensing	✓	✓
Common processes			
Z7a	Electricity (EU-mix, MV)	✓	✓
Z7b	Electricity (EU-mix, LV)	✓	✓

KOCH1/1C Hard coal to compressed hydrogen (+CCS option)

Gasification is followed by CO shift for hydrogen production. Distribution is through a local pipeline network (50 km average distance). Although coal gasification plants are likely to be very large, the assumption of hydrogen production for only relatively local needs is justified inasmuch as such plants can easily be designed to produce both hydrogen and e.g. electricity. This is often the case in industrial IGCC projects where there is a need for hydrogen for processing purposes. As full decarbonisation occurs at the production stage CO₂ capture and

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storage could be an attractive option where suitable geological formations are available within a reasonable distance.

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJf)			CO ₂ g/MJ	CH4 g/MJ	N ₂ O g/MJ			
			Total primary			Fossil								
			Best est.	min	Max	Best est.	min	Max						
KOCH1	Coal EU-mix, gasifier + CO shift					32.3			12.99	0.77	0.001			
	Coal provision	3	0.19			193.0			193.0	0.00	0.000			
	Gasifier + CO shift	4	0.99			9.1			8.5	0.02	0.000			
	Gaseous Hyd distribution & compression	5	0.22											
	Total pathway		1.40	1.40	1.40	1.38	234.4	234.4	234.4	214.4	0.79	0.001		
KOCH1C	Coal EU-mix, gasifier + CO shift, CCS					37.8			15.2	0.90	0.001			
	Coal provision	3	0.22			5.8			5.8	0.00	0.000			
	Gasifier + CO shift + CCS	4	1.33			9.1			8.5	0.02	0.000			
	Gaseous Hyd distribution & compression	5	0.22											
	Total pathway		1.77	1.77	1.77	1.76	52.7	52.7	52.7	29.5	0.92	0.001		

8.3 Wood to hydrogen

Pathway code		W	F	W	W	B
		C	L	C	L	C
		H	H	H	H	H
Code	Process	1	2	1	1	2
Coal						
KO1	Hard coal provision (EU-mix) (1)					
KE1	Electricity from Coal (conv. Boiler)					
KH1	Coal to hydrogen					
KH1C	Coal to hydrogen with CC&S					
Wood (farmed)						
WF1	Wood farming and chipping	✓	✓	✓		
Wood (waste)						
WW1	Forest residuals to wood chips			✓	✓	✓
Wood transport & processing (all sources)						
WC2a	Wood chips road transport, 50 km	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
WC2b	Wood chips road transport, 12 km			✓	✓	✓
WC2c	Coastal/river shipping wood chips (200MW plant)				✓	
W3d	Wood to hydrogen: gasification, 200MW	✓	✓	✓	✓	
W3e	Wood to hydrogen: gasification, 10MW	✓		✓		
Wood waste via black liquor						
BLH	Wood waste to hydrogen via black liquor					✓
Hydrogen transport & distribution						
CH1a	Gasous Hyd distribution (pipeline from central plant)		✓		✓	
CH1b	Gasous Hyd distribution (trucking from central plant)					
CH2	Liquid Hyd compression/vaporisation	✓	✓	✓		
CH3	Gasous Hyd dispensing	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Common processes						
Z71	HV+MV losses	✓	✓			
Z72	LV losses	✓				
Z7a	Electricity (EU-mix, MV)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Z7b	Electricity (EU-mix, LV)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓

WWCH1/2 Wood waste (200/10 MW) to compressed hydrogen

These pathways use the wood gasification route to hydrogen either small or large scale. The latter is notably more efficient. In the large scale case distribution is assumed to be by pipeline.

WFCH1//2 Farmed wood (200/10 MW) to compressed hydrogen

The same as above, with farmed wood (which requires slightly more energy).

WFLH1 Farmed wood (200 MW) to liquid hydrogen

Hydrogen from the large scale plant is liquefied and transported by road tanker.

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BLCH1 Waste wood to compressed hydrogen via black liquor route

The black liquor gasification route described in section 2-5 can be equally applied to hydrogen production.

	Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJf)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O		
		Total primary			Fossil	Best est.	min	Max	g/MJ	g/MJ		
		Best est.	min	Max								
WFCH1	Farmed wood , on-site gasification, 10 MW (biomass)											
	Wood farming and chipping	1	0.08			4.7			2.3	0.00	0.01	
	Road transport	2	0.00			0.2			0.2	0.00	0.00	
	On-site gasifier (10 MW) + CO shift	4	0.94			0.7			-0.6	0.01	0.00	
	On-site delivery	5	0.22			9.1			8.5	0.02	0.00	
	Total pathway		1.24	1.15	1.35	0.22	14.8	13.1	27.2	10.4	0.03	0.012
WFCH2	Farmed wood, large scale gasification, 200 MW (biomass)											
	Wood farming	1	0.06			3.6			1.8	0.00	0.006	
	Road transport	3	0.01			0.5			0.5	0.00	0.000	
	Med scale gasifier (200 MW) + CO shift	4	0.68			0.5			0.3	0.00	0.001	
	Gaseous Hyd distribution & delivery	5	0.22			9.1			8.5	0.02	0.000	
	Total pathway		0.97	0.89	1.05	0.23	13.8	13.1	25.2	11.1	0.02	0.007
WFLH1	Farmed wood, large scale gasification, 200 MW (biomass), liquefaction											
	Wood farming	1	0.06			3.5			1.7	0.00	0.006	
	Road transport	3	0.01			1.0			0.8	0.00	0.001	
	Med scale gasifier (200 MW) + CO shift	4	0.67			1.9			1.1	0.00	0.003	
	Hyd liquefaction	4	0.74			0.8			0.8	0.00	0.000	
	Liquid hyd distribution & delivery	5	0.02			0.1			0.1	0.00	0.000	
	Total pathway		1.50	1.37	1.67	0.07	7.5	6.6	21.2	4.6	0.00	0.009
WWCH1	Wood waste, on-site gasification, 10 MW (biomass)											
	Waste collection and chipping	1	0.06			0.7			0.7	0.00	0.000	
	Transport (road + sea)	3	0.00			0.2			0.2	0.00	0.000	
	On-site gasifier (10 MW) + CO shift	4	0.94			0.7			-0.6	0.01	0.003	
	On-site delivery	5	0.22			9.1			8.5	0.02	0.000	
	Total pathway		1.22	1.11	1.31	0.19	10.7	10.7	10.8	8.8	0.03	0.004
WWCH2	Wood waste, large scale gasification, 200 MW (biomass)											
	Waste collection and chipping	1	0.04			0.5			0.5	0.00	0.000	
	Transport (road + sea)	3	0.03			2.1			2.0	0.00	0.000	
	Med scale gasifier (200 MW) + CO shift	4	0.68			0.3			0.3	0.00	0.000	
	Gaseous Hyd distribution & delivery	5	0.22			9.1			8.5	0.0	0.0	
	Total pathway		0.97	0.89	1.05	0.23	12.1	12.0	12.2	11.3	0.03	0.000
BLCH1	Waste wood via black liquor											
	Waste collection and chipping	1	0.04			0.5			0.4	0.00	0.000	
	Transport (road)	3	0.01			0.4			0.4	0.00	0.000	
	Black liquor gasification + CO shift	4	0.25			0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000	
	Gaseous Hyd distribution & delivery	5	0.22			9.1			8.5	0.0	0.0	
	Total pathway			0.51	0.47	0.55	0.20	10.0	10.0	10.1	9.4	0.02

8.4 Electricity to hydrogen (electrolysis)

An electrolyser can obviously make use of any electricity source. It can be a large central plant or a small on-site installation. From a central plant hydrogen can be piped to the refuelling station and compressed or liquefied and transported by road. From an on-site plant hydrogen must be compressed. This potentially makes for a very large number of combinations out of which we have only selected a few for illustration.

Pathway code		G P E L				G R E L			K O E L			W F E L			W D E L			E M E L		
Code	Process	1a	1b	1b	1b	1	1	1	1	2	3	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
GG1	NG Extraction & Processing	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓														
	NG from pipeline																			
GP1a	Russian quality, 7000 km	✓																		
GP1b	Average quality, 4000 km		✓	✓	✓															
	LNG production & transport																			
GR1	NG Liquefaction								✓											
GR2	LNG terminal (loading)								✓											
GR3	LNG transport (average of two distances)								✓											
GR4	LNG terminal (unloading)								✓											
	NG distribution									✓										
GR5	LNG vaporisation									✓										
GG3	NG trunk distribution								✓											
	NG common processes																			
GG2	Electricity generation from NG (CCGT)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓													
	Coal																			
KO1	Hard coal provision (EU-mix) (1)								✓	✓	✓									
KE1	Electricity from Coal (conv. Boiler)								✓	✓	✓									
	Wood (farmed)																			
WF1	Wood farming and chipping															✓	✓			
	Wood transport & processing (all sources)																✓			
WC2a	Wood chips road transport, 50 km																			
WC2b	Wood chips road transport, 12 km																			
W3c	Wood to electricity: gasification, 10MW																			
W3h	Wood cofiring in coal power station																			
	Wind																			
DE	Electricity from wind																✓			
	Nuclear																			
NE1	Nuclear fuel provision																	✓		
NE2	Electricity from nuclear																	✓		
	Electrolysis																			
EK1	On-site electrolyser	✓	✓		✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓				✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
EK2	Central electrolyser																			
	Hydrogen transport & distribution																			
CH1a	Gasous Hyd distribution (pipeline from central plant)	✓	✓		✓										✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
CH3	Gasous Hyd dispensing								✓	✓	✓									
LH1	Hyd liquefaction																			
LH2	Liquid Hyd long-distance transport							✓												
LH3	Liquid Hyd distribution and dispensing																			
	Common processes																			
Z1	Diesel production								✓										✓	
Z2	Road tanker								✓										✓	
Z7a	Electricity (EU-mix, MV)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	
Z7b	Electricity (EU-mix, LV)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	

GPEL1a/b CH1 Piped NG to compressed hydrogen via on-site electrolysis

These two pathways illustrate the use of natural gas as a source of electricity and the impact of the gas origin.

GPEL1b CH1/CH2/LH1 Piped NG to compressed or liquid hydrogen via electrolysis

These three pathways illustrate the relative impacts of the plant location and scale and of the hydrogen delivery mode.

GREL1 CH1LNG to compressed hydrogen via on-site electrolysis

This pathway further illustrates the impact of the gas origin, to be compared to GPEL1 above.

WFEL2/3 CH1 Farmed wood to compressed hydrogen via on-site electrolysis

Pathway 2 uses the large scale gasifier (200 MW) followed by a CCGT for electricity generation and on-site electrolysis. Pathway 3 is the same with the electricity generated by a conventional boiler + steam turbine plant.

WDEL1 CH1 Wind to compressed hydrogen via central electrolysis

This pathway assumes central electrolysis and hydrogen distribution as it is mostly applicable to "stranded electricity" that cannot be fed into the grid.

EMEL1 CH1/LH1 EU-mix electricity to compressed/liquid hydrogen via on-site electrolysis

NUEL1 CH1 Nuclear to compressed hydrogen via on-site electrolysis

KOEL1 CH1/CH2/LH1 Hard coal to compressed/liquid hydrogen via on-site/central electrolysis

This is an indirect route to hydrogen to be compared to KOCH1 in section 2-5.

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJx/MJf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJf)			CO ₂ g/MJ	CH4 g/MJ	N ₂ O g/MJ
			Total primary			Fossil	Best est.	min	Max		
			Best est.	min	Max						
GPEL1a/CH1	Piped NG 7000 km, CCGT, on-site electrolysis										
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.08	0.04	0.17		11.2			3.9	0.29
	NG Transport	3	0.57	0.19	0.63		43.6			29.6	0.54
	NG Distribution (HP)	3	0.03				1.7			1.6	0.00
	Power generation (CCGT)	4	1.31	1.24	1.37		162.1			159.6	0.01
	Electricity distribution (MV)	4	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00
	Electrolysis (on-site)	4	0.55	0.53	0.55		0.0			0.0	0.00
	Compression	5	0.16				8.6			7.7	0.03
	Total pathway		2.72	2.30	2.87		227.1	202.1	236.1	202.3	0.88
GPEL1b/CH1	Piped NG 4000 km, CCGT, on-site electrolysis										
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.08	0.04	0.15		10.2			3.6	0.27
	NG Transport	3	0.27	0.09	0.30		21.8			13.9	0.31
	NG Distribution (HP)	3	0.03				1.7			1.6	0.00
	Power generation (CCGT)	4	1.31	1.24	1.37		162.1			159.6	0.01
	Electricity distribution (MV)	4	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00
	Electrolysis (on-site)	4	0.55	0.53	0.57		0.0			0.0	0.00
	Compression	5	0.15				7.7			7.0	0.02
	Total pathway		2.40	2.15	2.58		203.5	188.7	214.0	185.7	0.61
GPEL1b/CH2	Piped NG, 4000 km, CCGT, central electrolysis, pipe										
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.08	0.04	0.15		10.1			3.5	0.26
	NG Transport	3	0.27	0.09	0.30		21.6			13.8	0.30
	NG Distribution (HP)	3	0.03				1.6			1.6	0.00
	Power generation (CCGT)	4	1.30	1.23	1.36		161.0			158.5	0.01
	Electricity distribution (HV)	4	0.02				0.0			0.0	0.00
	Electrolysis (central)	4	0.55	0.53	0.57		0.0			0.0	0.00
	Gaseous hyd distribution & comp.	5	0.22				9.1			8.5	0.02
	Total pathway		2.45	2.19	2.65		203.5	188.0	215.3	185.9	0.60
GPEL1b/LH1	Piped NG 4000 km, CCGT, central electrolysis, liquefaction										
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.08	0.04	0.15		10.0			3.5	0.26
	NG Transport	3	0.26	0.09	0.29		21.3			13.6	0.30
	NG Distribution (HP)	3	0.03				1.6			1.6	0.00
	Power generation (CCGT)	4	1.28	1.21	1.33		158.6			156.1	0.01
	Electricity distribution (HV)	4	0.02				0.0			0.0	0.00
	Electrolysis (central)	4	0.54	0.52	0.56		0.0			0.0	0.00
	Hyd liquefaction	4	0.62	0.55	0.69		37.2			33.9	0.11
	Liquid hyd distribution & delivery	1	0.04				2.8			2.8	0.00
	Total pathway		2.86	2.59	3.05		231.5	215.8	242.4	211.5	0.69
GREL1/CH1	LNG, CCGT, on-site electrolysis										
	NG Extraction & Processing	1	0.08	0.04	0.15		10.2			3.6	0.27
	NG Liquefaction	2	0.25				16.9			13.6	0.13
	Long-distance transport	3	0.25				16.2			16.1	0.00
	LNG Vaporisation + Distribution (HP)	3	0.13	0.12	0.13		7.0			6.9	0.00
	Power generation (CCGT)	4	1.31				162.1			159.6	0.01
	Electricity distribution (MV)	4	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00
	Electrolysis (on-site)	4	0.55	0.53	0.57		0.0			0.0	0.00
	Compression	5	0.16				8.3			7.8	0.02
	Total pathway		2.75	2.49	2.97		220.8	205.9	234.0	207.5	0.42

WTT APPENDIX 2

		Standard step	Energy expended (MJxMf)			Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/Mf)			CO ₂	CH4	N ₂ O	
			Total primary			Fossil	Best est.	min	Max	g/MJ	g/MJ	
			Best est.	min	Max							
KOEL1/CH1	Coal electricity, on-site electrolysis						59.1			23.7	1.40	0.001
	Coal provision (EU-mix)	3	0.34				357.9			352.4	0.01	0.018
	Coal power station	4	2.07				0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0
	Electricity distribution (MV)	4	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0
	Electrolysis (on-site)	4	0.55	0.53	0.57		0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0
	Compression	5	0.18				16.4			14.8	0.1	0.0
	Total pathway		3.17	2.62	3.54	3.16	433.4	376.6	471.8	390.9	1.46	0.020
KOEL1/CH2	Coal electricity, central electrolysis						58.6			23.6	1.39	0.001
	Coal provision (EU-mix)	3	0.34				355.5			349.9	0.01	0.018
	Coal power station	4	2.06				0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0
	Electricity distribution (MV)	4	0.02				0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0
	Electrolysis (on-site)	4	0.55	0.53	0.57		0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0
	Compression	5	0.22				9.1			8.5	0.0	0.0
	Total pathway		3.19	2.70	3.60	3.17	423.2	372.9	466.0	382.0	1.42	0.019
KOEL1/LH1	Coal electricity, central electrolysis, liquefaction						57.8			23.2	1.37	0.001
	Coal provision (EU-mix)	3	0.34				350.2			344.8	0.01	0.018
	Coal power station	4	2.03				0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0
	Electricity distribution (MV)	4	0.02				0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0
	Electrolysis (central)	4	0.54	0.52	0.56		0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0
	Hyd liquefaction	4	0.77	0.68	0.85		79.6			71.8	0.3	0.0
	Liquid hyd distribution & delivery	5	0.04				2.7			2.7	0.0	0.0
	Total pathway		3.73	3.20	4.08	3.72	490.3	436.6	526.1	442.5	1.65	0.022
WFEL2/CH1	Farmed wood, CCGT, on-site electrolysis						8.0			3.9	0.00	0.013
	Wood harvesting and chipping	1	0.14				1.1			1.1	0.00	0.000
	Mixed transport	3	0.01				2.2			0.0	0.04	0.004
	Gasification (200 MW)+CCGT	4	1.71				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Electricity distribution (MV)	4	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Electrolysis (on-site)	4	0.55	0.53	0.57		0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Compression	5	0.16				0.4			0.2	0.00	0.001
	Total pathway		2.60	2.41	2.82	0.08	11.8	9.7	32.6	5.3	0.05	0.018
WFEL3/CH1	Farmed wood, conv. power plant, on-site electrolysis						12.0			5.9	0.01	0.020
	Wood harvesting and chipping	1	0.21				1.7			1.7	0.00	0.000
	Mixed transport	3	0.02				15.1			0.0	0.13	0.039
	Conv power plant (200 MW), cond. turbine	4	3.39				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Electricity distribution (MV)	4	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Electrolysis (on-site)	4	0.55	0.53	0.57		0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Compression	5	0.23				1.1			0.3	0.01	0.002
	Total pathway		4.43	4.08	4.74	0.11	29.9	26.1	58.9	7.9	0.14	0.062
WDEL1/CH2	Wind offshore, central electrolysis						0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Wind offshore	1	0.00				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Electricity distribution (MV)	3	0.02				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Electrolysis (central)	4	0.55	0.53	0.57		0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Gaseous hyd distribution & comp.	5	0.22				9.1			8.5	0.02	0.000
	Total pathway		0.79	0.74	0.86	0.19	9.1	9.1	9.1	8.5	0.02	0.000
NUEL1/CH1	Nuclear electricity, on-site electrolysis						6.3			5.9	0.01	0.000
	Nuclear fuel provision	3	0.96				0.5			0.5	0.00	0.000
	Nuclear power station	4	3.26				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Electricity distribution (MV)	4	0.01				0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0
	Electrolysis (on-site)	4	0.55	0.53	0.57		0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0
	Compression	5	0.25				0.3			0.2	0.0	0.0
	Total pathway		5.03	4.75	5.27	5.02	7.0	6.7	7.4	6.6	0.01	0.000
EMEL1/CH1	EU-mix electricity, on-site electrolysis						201.2			187.3	0.46	0.008
	EU-mix power generation	1	2.85				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Electricity distribution (MV)	3	0.03				0.0			0.0	0.00	0.000
	Electrolysis (on-site)	4	0.55	0.53	0.57		7.9			7.4	0.02	0.000
	Compression	5	0.19									
	Total pathway		3.62	3.43	3.81	3.39	209.1	200.4	217.5	194.6	0.47	0.009
EMEL1/LH1	EU-mix electricity, central electrolysis, liquefaction						196.9			183.2	0.45	0.008
	EU-mix power generation	1	2.79				0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0
	Electricity distribution (MV)	3	0.02				0.0			0.0	0.0	0.0
	Electrolysis (central)	4	0.54	0.52	0.56		38.4			35.7	0.1	0.0
	Hyd liquefaction	4	0.85	0.76	0.95		1.7			1.7	0.0	0.0
	Liquid hyd distribution & delivery	5	0.03									
	Total pathway		4.22	3.98	4.43	3.97	237.0	225.9	246.4	220.7	0.53	0.010

9 Summary of energy and GHG balances

9.1 Oil-based fuels, CBG/CBG

Pathway		Energy expended (MJex/MJ final fuel)									Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJ final fuel)																						
Code	Description	Total energy	Fossil energy	Production & conditioning at source	Transformation at source	Transportation to market	Transformation near market	Conditioning & distribution	Range									Total GHG inc. renew comb. CO ₂ credit:	Production & conditioning at source	Transformation at source	Transportation to market	Transformation near market	Conditioning & distribution	Total WTT GHG emitted from renewable combustion CO ₂	Range								
COG1	Conventional gasoline	0.14	0.14	0.03	0.01	0.08	0.02	0.12	0.17	0.02	0.03	13	4	1	7	1	13	11	15	1	2												
COD1	Conventional diesel	0.16	0.16	0.03	0.01	0.10	0.02	0.14	0.18	0.02	0.02	14	4	1	9	1	14	13	16	2	2												
CON1	Conventional naphtha	0.11	0.11	0.03	0.01	0.05	0.02	0.10	0.13	0.01	0.02	10	4	1	4	1	10	9	11	1	2												
LRLP1	LPG: imports from remote gas field	0.12	0.12	0.05	0.01	0.03	0.03	0.12	0.13	0.00	0.01	8	3	0	2	2	8	8	8	0	0												
GMC1	CNG: EU-mix	0.12	0.12	0.02	0.02	0.07	0.10	0.15	0.02	0.03	9	3	2	3	9	8	10	1	1														
GPCG1a	CNG: Pipeline 7000 km	0.30	0.29	0.03	0.19	0.07	0.18	0.34	0.12	0.05	22	4	15	3	22	15	25	7	3														
GPCG1b	CNG: Pipeline 4000 km	0.19	0.19	0.03	0.09	0.07	0.14	0.22	0.06	0.03	14	4	8	3	14	11	16	3	2														
GRCG1	CNG: LNG - Vap - Pipe	0.31	0.30	0.03	0.09	0.12	0.07	0.29	0.33	0.02	0.03	20	4	6	7	3	20	19	22	1	1												
GRCG1C	CNG: LNG, Vap - Pipe - CCS	0.32	0.32	0.03	0.10	0.12	0.07	0.29	0.35	0.02	0.03	17	4	2	7	3	17	16	18	1	1												
GRCG2	CNG: LNG - Road - Vap	0.26	0.26	0.03	0.09	0.10	0.05	0.25	0.29	0.01	0.02	21	4	6	6	5	21	20	22	1	1												
OWCG1	CBG: municipal waste	0.87	0.17			0.81	0.06	0.74	1.03	0.14	0.16	-39		13	3	16	-55	-42	-36	3	3												
OWCG2	CBG: liquid manure	0.97	0.03		0.03	0.88	0.06	0.80	1.13	0.17	0.17	-141		-95	6	3	-86	-55	-165	-110	24	30											
OWCG3	CBG: dry manure	0.95	0.01		0.01	0.88	0.06	0.80	1.10	0.15	0.15	-55		-9	6	3	0	-55	-58	-52	3	3											
OWCG4	CBG: wheat (whole plant)	1.20	0.01	0.17	0.00	0.97	0.06	1.17	1.23	0.03	0.03	-35	23	0	-6	3	20	-55	-38	-32	4	3											
OWCG5	CBG: corn and barley, double cropping	1.34	0.03	0.10	0.00	1.17	0.06	1.31	1.36	0.03	0.03	-32	17	0	3	3	23	-55	-35	-18	3	13											

9.2 Ethanol, Ethers, Bio-diesel

Pathway	Description	Energy expended (MJex/MJ final fuel)										Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJ final fuel)										Range						
		Total energy	Fossil energy	Production & conditioning at source	Transformation at source	Transportation to market	Transformation near market	Conditioning & distribution	Range						Total GHG inc. renew comb. CO ₂ credit	Production & conditioning at source	Transformation at source	Transportation to market	Transformation near market	Conditioning & distribution	Total WTT GHG emitted credit for renewable combustion CO ₂							
SBET1a	EtOH: Sugar beet, pulp to fodder, slops not used	1.41	0.56	0.11	0.02	1.26	0.03	1.31	1.51	0.10	0.10	-33	16	1	19	2	38	-71	-36	-28	3	5						
SBET1b	EtOH: Sugar beet, pulp to fodder, slops to biogas	1.19	0.34	0.11	0.02	1.04	0.03	1.10	1.30	0.10	0.11	-46	16	1	6	2	25	-71	-49	-42	3	4						
SBET3	EtOH: Sugar beet, pulp/slops to biogas/heat	0.88	0.04	0.11	0.02	0.73	0.03	0.78	0.98	0.10	0.11	-58	16	1	-5	2	14	-71	-60	-52	2	6						
WTET1a	EtOH: Wheat, conv NG boiler, DDGS as AF	1.70	0.81	0.27	0.03	1.37	0.03	1.68	1.72	0.02	0.02	-10	39	1	20	2	61	-71	-18	-1	8	9						
WTET1b	EtOH: Wheat, conv NG boiler, DDGS as fuel	1.24	0.38	0.27	0.03	0.92	0.03	1.22	1.27	0.02	0.03	-20	39	1	9	2	51	-71	-26	-9	6	11						
WTET2a	EtOH: Wheat, NG GT+CHP, DDGS as AF	1.45	0.57	0.27	0.03	1.13	0.03	1.43	1.47	0.02	0.02	-23	39	1	7	2	49	-71	-30	-12	7	11						
WTET2b	EtOH: Wheat, NG GT+CHP, DDGS as fuel	1.00	0.14	0.27	0.03	0.67	0.03	0.97	1.01	0.02	0.02	-33	39	1	-3	2	38	-71	-39	-20	6	13						
WTET3a	EtOH: Wheat, Lignite CHP, DDGS as AF	1.52	0.64	0.27	0.03	1.20	0.03	1.52	1.53	0.00	0.00	8	39	1	38	2	79	-71	1	19	7	11						
WTET3b	EtOH: Wheat, Lignite CHP, DDGS as fuel	1.07	0.21	0.27	0.03	0.74	0.03	1.06	1.07	0.01	0.00	-2	39	1	28	2	69	-71	-9	8	6	11						
WTET4a	EtOH: Wheat, Straw CHP, DDGS as AF	1.61	0.20	0.27	0.03	1.28	0.03	1.61	1.62	0.00	0.00	-45	39	1	-15	2	27	-71	-52	-34	7	10						
WTET4b	EtOH: Wheat, Straw CHP, DDGS as fuel	1.16	-0.23	0.27	0.03	0.83	0.03	1.15	1.16	0.00	0.01	-55	39	1	-25	2	16	-71	-61	-44	6	11						
WTET5	EtOH: Wheat, DDGS to biogas	1.10	0.21	0.27	0.03	0.77	0.03	1.10	1.10	0.00	0.00	-43	39	1	-13	2	29	-71	-48	-33	5	10						
WWET1	EtOH: W Wood	1.95	0.28	0.08	0.04	1.81	0.03	1.85	2.06	0.10	0.10	-52	1	3	13	2	19	-71	-53	-52	0	0						
WFET1	EtOH: F wood	1.96	0.29	0.11	0.01	1.81	0.03	1.85	2.07	0.11	0.11	-49	6	1	13	2	22	-71	-51	-33	2	16						
STET1	EtOH: Wheat straw	1.32	0.10	0.04	0.01	1.24	0.03	1.32	1.32	0.00	0.00	-63	3	1	3	2	9	-71	-63	-63	0	0						
SCET1a	EtOH: Sugar cane (Brazil), HFO credit for excess bagasse	1.81	0.04	0.06	0.01	1.63	0.11	1.81	1.81	0.00	0.00	-58	14	1	-10	8	13	-71	-62	-42	3	17						
SCET1b	EtOH: Sugar cane (Brazil), no credit for excess bagasse	1.96	0.18	0.06	0.01	1.78	0.11	1.95	1.96	0.00	0.00	-47	14	1	1	8	24	-71	-50	-29	3	19						
GRMB1	MTBE: remote plant	0.30	0.30	0.01	0.23	0.05	0.01	0.30	0.31	0.00	0.02	14	1	8	4	0	14	13	15	0	1							
LREB1	ETBE: imported C4 and wheat ethanol	0.75	0.02	0.10	0.01	0.62	0.02	0.74	0.76	0.01	0.01	0	14	0	8	1	23	-24	-2	3	2	4						
ROFA1	RME: Glycerine as chem, meal as AF	1.08	0.35	0.29	0.02	0.75	0.02	0.99	1.18	0.10	0.10	-35	49	0	-9	1	42	-76	-44	-21	10	13						
ROFA2	RME: Glycerine and meal as AF	1.14	0.40	0.29	0.02	0.81	0.02	1.02	1.23	0.11	0.09	-30	49	0	-4	1	47	-76	-38	-17	8	12						
ROFA3	RME: Glycerine to biogas, meal as AF	1.10	0.37	0.29	0.02	0.77	0.02	1.00	1.20	0.10	0.10	-31	49	0	-6	1	45	-76	-40	-18	9	13						
ROFA4	RME: Glycerine and cake to biogas	0.70	-0.02	0.29	0.02	0.36	0.02	0.60	0.80	0.09	0.11	-48	49	0	-23	1	28	-76	-55	-33	7	15						
ROFE1	REE: Glycerine as chem, meal as AF	1.18	0.32	0.27	0.02	0.87	0.02	1.08	1.29	0.10	0.10	-35	47	0	-8	1	41	-76	-44	-22	9	13						
ROFE2	REE: Glycerine and meal as AF	1.23	0.37	0.27	0.02	0.91	0.02	1.14	1.33	0.09	0.10	-30	47	0	-3	1	46	-76	-40	-17	10	13						
ROFE3	REE: Glycerine to biogas, meal as AF	1.20	0.33	0.27	0.02	0.88	0.02	1.10	1.29	0.10	0.09	-32	47	0	-4	1	45	-76	-41	-20	9	12						
ROFE4	REE: Glycerine and cake to biogas	0.77	-0.07	0.27	0.02	0.18	0.03	0.30	0.77	-0.77	-0.77	-51	47	0	47	-69	26	-76	-51	-51	51							
SOF A1	SME: Glycerine as chem, meal as AF	0.93	0.32	0.20	0.02	0.69	0.02	0.83	1.01	0.09	0.09	-50	28	0	-4	1	26	-76	-55	-45	5	5						
SOF A2	SME: Glycerine and meal as AF	0.98	0.37	0.20	0.02	0.74	0.02	0.89	1.07	0.09	0.09	-45	28	0	1	1	31	-76	-50	-40	5	5						
SOF A3	SME: Glycerine to biogas, meal as AF	0.94	0.33	0.20	0.02	0.70	0.02	0.85	1.03	0.10	0.09	-47	28	0	0	1	29	-76	-52	-42	5	4						
SOF A4	SME: Glycerine and cake to biogas	0.58	-0.01	0.20	0.02	0.34	0.02	0.58	0.59	0.01	0.01	-61	28	0	-14	1	15	-76	-65	-56	4	5						
SYFA1	SYME: Glycerine as chem, meal as AF	2.96	0.88	0.28	0.15	2.52	0.02	2.95	2.98	0.01	0.02	-3	56	36	-21	1	73	-76	-28	19	25	22						
SYFA2	SYME: Glycerine to biogas, meal as AF	3.32	1.24	0.28	0.49	2.53	0.02	2.96	2.99	0.36	-0.33	0	56	36	-17	1	76	-76	-26	23	26	23						
POFA1a	PME: Glycerine as chem, CH4 emissions from waste	1.31	0.27	0.15	0.91	0.05	0.17	0.02	1.30	1.31	0.01	0.01	-28	17	22	3	5	1	48	-76	-33	-3	6	25				
POFA1b	PME: Glycerine as chem, no CH4 from waste	1.31	0.27	0.15	0.91	0.05	0.17	0.02	1.30	1.31	0.01	0.01	-53	17	-3	3	5	1	24	-76	-57	-26	4	27				
POFA1c	PME: Glycerine as chem, no CH4 from waste, no heat credit	1.33	0.30	0.15	0.94	0.04	0.17	0.02	1.32	1.34	0.01	0.01	-26	17	24	3	5	1	50	-76	-31	1	5	27				
POFA2	PME: Glycerine to biogas, CH4 emissions from waste	1.32	0.29	0.15	0.91	0.05	0.19	0.02	1.32	1.33	0.01	0.01	-24	17	22	3	8	1	52	-76	-30	1	6	25				
ROHY1a	HRO (NExBTL), meal as AF	1.04	0.34	0.28	0.02	0.72	0.02	0.94	1.14	0.11	0.10	-28	49	0	-7	1	43	-71	-37	-15	9	13						
ROHY1b	HRO (UOP), meal as AF	0.91	0.41	0.25	0.02	0.62	0.02	0.84	1.00	0.07	0.09	-26	43	0	0	1	44	-71	-35	-15	9	12						
SOHY1	HSO (NExBTL), meal as AF	0.89	0.30	0.19	0.02	0.66	0.02	0.80	0.98	0.09	0.09	-43	28	0	-2	1	27	-71	-48	-39	5	5						
POHY1	HPO (NExBTL), CH4 from waste	1.26	0.26	0.15	0.90	0.04	0.15	0.02	1.26	1.27	0.01	0.01	-21	17	22	3	7	1	50	-71	-26	7	5	28				

9.3 Synthetic diesel, Methanol, DME

Pathway		Energy expended (MJex/MJ final fuel)								Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJ final fuel)								Range					
Code	Description	Total energy	Fossil energy	Production & conditioning at source	Transformation at source	Transportation to market	Transformation near market	Conditioning & distribution	Range				Total GHG inc. renew comb. CO ₂ credit	Production & conditioning at source	Transformation at source	Transportation to market	Transformation near market	Conditioning & distribution	Total WTT GHG emitted credit for renewable combustion CO ₂	Range			
GRSD1	Syn-diesel: Rem GTL, Sea, Diesel mix	0.63	0.63	0.04	0.54	0.04	0.02	0.57	0.69	0.06	0.06	22	5	14	3	1	22	19	26	3	3		
GRSD2	Syn-diesel: Rem GTL, Sea, Rail/Road	0.63	0.63	0.04	0.54	0.04	0.02	0.59	0.69	0.04	0.06	22	5	14	3	1	22	20	26	2	4		
GRSD2C	Syn-diesel: Rem GTL, Sea, Rail/Road, CCS	0.76	0.76	0.04	0.67	0.04	0.02	0.71	0.82	0.05	0.06	13	5	4	3	1	13	10	17	3	3		
KOSD1	Syn-diesel: CTL, Diesel mix	0.97	0.97	0.17		0.78	0.02	0.89	1.05	0.08	0.08	130	29		100	1	130	122	139	8	8		
KOSD1C	Syn-diesel: CTL, CCS, Diesel mix	1.06	1.05	0.17		0.86	0.02	0.98	1.13	0.08	0.08	40	30		9	1	40	33	48	8	8		
WWSD1	Syn-diesel: W Wood, diesel mix	1.19	0.07	0.06	0.04	1.08	0.02	1.09	1.30	0.10	0.10	-66	1	3	1	1	5	-71	-66	-66	0		
WFSD1	Syn-diesel: F wood, diesel mix	1.19	0.06	0.09	0.01	1.08	0.02	1.09	1.29	0.11	0.09	-64	5	1	1	1	7	-71	-65	-52	1		
BLSD1	Syn-diesel: W Wood, Black liquor	0.91	0.04	0.05	0.01	0.83	0.02	0.85	0.97	0.06	0.06	-68	1	1	1	1	2	-71	-68	-68	0		
GPME1a	MeOH: NG 7000 km, Syn, Rail/Road	0.84	0.84	0.04	0.30	0.47	0.03	0.66	0.92	0.18	0.08	42	6	23	12	2	42	32	46	10	4		
GPME1b	MeOH: NG 4000 km, Syn, Rail/Road	0.69	0.69	0.04	0.15	0.47	0.03	0.61	0.73	0.08	0.04	31	5	12	12	2	31	26	33	5	2		
GRME1	MeOH: Rem Syn, Sea, Rail/Road	0.61	0.61	0.04	0.47	0.08	0.03	0.60	0.64	0.01	0.03	24	5	12	6	2	24	23	26	1	2		
KOME1	MeOH: Coal EU-mix, Cen, Rail/Road	0.93	0.93		0.16	0.74	0.03	0.84	1.02	0.09	0.09	128		28	98	2	128	119	137	9	9		
WWME1	MeOH: W Wood, Road	1.07	0.06	0.06	0.03	0.96	0.02	0.94	1.20	0.13	0.13	-64	1	3	0	1	5	-69	-65	-64	0		
WFME1	MeOH: F Wood, Road	1.07	0.06	0.08	0.01	0.96	0.02	0.94	1.20	0.13	0.14	-62	5	1	0	1	7	-69	-64	-50	1		
BLME1	MeOH: W Wood, Black liquor	0.59	0.03	0.05	0.01	0.52	0.02	0.54	0.63	0.05	0.04	-67	1	1	0	1	2	-69	-67	-67	0		
GPDE1a	DME: NG 7000 km, Syn, Rail/Road	0.77	0.77	0.04	0.29	0.41	0.03	0.57	0.84	0.20	0.07	40	5	22	11	2	40	28	44	11	4		
GPDE1b	DME: NG 4000 km, Syn, Rail/Road	0.62	0.62	0.04	0.14	0.41	0.03	0.54	0.66	0.08	0.04	29	5	11	11	2	29	24	31	5	2		
GRDE1	DME: Rem Syn, Sea, Rail/Road	0.53	0.53	0.03	0.41	0.06	0.03	0.51	0.56	0.02	0.03	21	5	11	4	2	21	20	23	1	2		
KODE1	DME: Coal EU-mix, Cen, Rail/Road	0.93	0.92		0.16	0.74	0.03	0.83	1.01	0.10	0.08	130		28	100	2	130	119	138	10	8		
GRDE1C	DME: Rem Syn, Sea, Rail/Road, CCS	0.54	0.54	0.03	0.42	0.06	0.03	0.54	0.61	0.00	0.07	11	5	1	4	2	11	11	15	0	4		
WWDE1	DME: W Wood, Road	1.07	0.06	0.06	0.03	0.96	0.02	0.93	1.20	0.14	0.14	-63	1	3	0	1	5	-67	-63	-63	0		
WFDE1	DME: F Wood, Road	1.07	0.06	0.08	0.01	0.96	0.02	0.94	1.21	0.13	0.14	-61	5	1	0	1	6	-67	-62	-48	1		
BLDE1	DME: W Wood, Black liquor	0.55	0.03	0.04	0.01	0.49	0.02	0.50	0.60	0.05	0.04	-65	1	1	0	1	2	-67	-65	-65	0		

9.4 Hydrogen

Pathway		Energy expended (MJex/MJ final fuel)										Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJ final fuel)										Range						
Code	Description	Total energy	Fossil energy	Production & conditioning at source	Transformation at source	Transportation to market	Transformation near market	Conditioning & distribution	Range					Total GHG inc. renew comb. CO ₂ credit	Production & conditioning at source	Transformation at source	Transportation to market	Transformation near market	Conditioning & distribution	Total WTT GHG emitted from renewable combustion CO ₂	Range							
GMCH1	C-H2, EU-mix, O/S Ref	0.84	0.83	0.04	0.05	0.52	0.24	0.81	0.89	0.03	0.05	105	5	4	87	10	105	103	108	2	3							
GPCH1a	C-H2, NG 7000 km, O/S Ref	1.11	1.09	0.04	0.30	0.52	0.24	0.94	1.18	0.17	0.08	123	6	23	85	10	123	113	128	10	5							
GPCH1b	C-H2, NG 4000 km, O/S Ref	0.95	0.94	0.04	0.15	0.52	0.24	0.86	1.00	0.09	0.05	112	5	12	85	10	112	107	115	5	3							
GPCH2a	C-H2: NG 7000 km, Cen ref, Pipe	0.86	0.85	0.04	0.27	0.32	0.22	0.71	0.93	0.14	0.08	109	5	21	74	9	109	101	114	8	4							
GPCH2b	C-H2: NG 4000 km, Cen Ref, Pipe	0.72	0.71	0.04	0.14	0.32	0.22	0.63	0.76	0.08	0.04	99	5	11	74	9	99	94	101	5	2							
GPCH2bC	C-H2: NG 4000 km, Cen Ref, Pipe, CCS	0.77	0.76	0.04	0.14	0.37	0.22	0.69	0.82	0.08	0.05	38	5	11	13	9	38	33	40	5	3							
GPCH3b	C-H2: NG 4000 km, Cen Ref, Road	0.72	0.71	0.04	0.14	0.32	0.22	0.63	0.77	0.09	0.05	100	5	11	74	10	100	95	102	5	3							
GPLCHb	C-H2: NG 4000 km, Cen Ref, Liq, Road, Vap/comp.	1.28	0.71	0.03	0.13	0.94	0.17	1.13	1.36	0.14	0.09	134	5	11	110	8	134	125	139	9	5							
GRCH1	C-H2: LNG, O/S Ref	1.12	1.10	0.04	0.13	0.19	0.52	0.24	1.08	1.16	0.04	0.05	120	5	9	12	84	10	120	118	123	2	3					
GRCH2	C-H2: LNG, Cen Ref, Pipe	0.87	0.86	0.04	0.12	0.17	0.32	0.22	0.83	0.91	0.04	0.05	106	5	8	11	74	9	106	104	109	2	3					
GRCH3	C-H2: Rem NG, methanol, O/S Ref	1.12	1.11	0.04	0.57	0.08	0.21	0.22	1.10	1.16	0.02	0.04	119	6	14	5	84	9	119	118	121	1	2					
KOCH1	C-H2: Coal EU-mix, cen Ref, Pipe	1.40	1.38		0.19	0.99	0.22	1.40	1.40	0.00	0.00	234		32	193	9	234	234	234	0	0							
KOCH1C	C-H2: Coal EU-mix, cen Ref, Pipe, CCS	1.77	1.76		0.22	1.33	0.22	1.77	1.77	0.00	0.00	53		38	6	9	53	53	53	0	0							
WWCH1	C-H2: W Wood, O/S gasif	1.22	0.19	0.06	0.00	0.94	0.22	1.11	1.31	0.11	0.09	11	1	0	1	9	11	11	11	0	0							
WWCH2	C-H2: W Wood, Cen gasif, Pipe	0.97	0.23	0.04	0.03	0.68	0.22	0.89	1.05	0.08	0.08	12	1	2	0	9	12	12	12	0	0							
BLCH1	C-H2: W Wood, Black liquor	0.51	0.20	0.04	0.01	0.25	0.22	0.47	0.55	0.04	0.04	10	0	0	0	9	10	10	10	10	0							
WFCH1	C-H2: W Wood, O/S gasif	1.24	0.22	0.08	0.00	0.94	0.22	1.15	1.35	0.09	0.11	15	5	0	1	9	15	13	27	2	12							
WFCH2	C-H2: F Wood, Cen gasif, pipe	0.97	0.23	0.06	0.01	0.68	0.22	0.89	1.05	0.08	0.08	14	4	1	1	9	14	13	25	1	11							
GPEL1a/CH1	C-H2: NG 7000 km, CCGT, O/S Ely	2.72	2.72	0.08	0.59	1.88	0.16	2.30	2.87	0.42	0.15	227	11	45	162	9	227	202	236	25	9							
GPEL1b/CH1	C-H2: NG 4000 km, CCGT, O/S Ely	2.40	2.40	0.08	0.30	1.88	0.15	2.15	2.58	0.25	0.18	203	10	23	162	8	203	189	214	15	11							
GPEL1b/CH2	C-H2: NG 4000 km, CCGT, Cen Ely, Pipe	2.45	2.44	0.08	0.29	1.86	0.22	2.19	2.65	0.26	0.20	204	10	23	161	9	204	188	215	16	12							
GREL1/CH1	C-H2: LNG, O/S Ely	2.75	2.75	0.08	0.63	1.88	0.16	2.49	2.97	0.25	0.23	221	10	40	162	8	221	206	234	15	13							
WFEI2/CH1	C-H2: F Wood, 200 km gasif, CCGT, O/S Ely	2.60	0.08	0.14	0.01	2.29	0.16	2.41	2.82	0.19	0.22	12	8	1	2	0	12	10	33	2	21							
WFEI3/CH1	C-H2: F Wood, Conv power, O/S Ely	4.43	0.11	0.21	0.02	3.97	0.23	4.08	4.74	0.34	0.32	30	12	2	15	1	30	26	59	4	29							
EMEL1/CH1	C-H2: Elec EU-mix, O/S Ely	3.62	3.39		3.43	0.19	3.43	3.81	0.19	0.19	209		201	8	209	200	218	9	8									
KOEL1/CH1	C-H2: Elec coal EU-mix, O/S Ely	3.17	3.16		0.34	2.65	0.18	2.62	3.54	0.55	0.37	426		59	352	15	426	377	472	50	46							
KOEL1/CH2	C-H2: Elec coal EU-mix, Cen ely, Pipe	3.19	3.17		0.34	2.62	0.22	2.70	3.60	0.49	0.41	417		59	350	9	417	373	466	44	49							
NUEL1/CH1	C-H2: Elec nuclear, O/S Ely	5.03	5.02		0.96	3.82	0.25	4.75	5.27	0.27	0.24	7	6	0	0	7	7	7	0	0								
WDEL1/CH2	C-H2: Wind, Cen Ely, Pipe	0.79	0.19		0.02	0.55	0.22	0.74	0.86	0.05	0.07	9		9	9	9	9	9	9	9	0							
GPLH1a	L-H2:NG 7000 km, Cen Ref, Liq, Road	1.33	1.33	0.04	0.27	0.32	0.71	1.11	1.44	0.22	0.11	142	5	21	73	43	142	129	148	13	7							
GPLH1b	L-H2: NG 4000 km, Cen Ref, Liq, Road	1.13	1.13	0.03	0.13	0.32	0.65	0.99	1.22	0.14	0.09	127	5	11	73	39	127	119	132	8	5							
GRLH1	L-H2: Rem Ref, Liq, Sea, Road	1.42	1.42	0.04	1.08	0.26		0.04	1.31	1.55	0.12	0.13	139	5	130	1	3	139	132	147	7	8						
GRLH2	L-H2: LNG, Cen Ref, Liq, Road	1.34	1.34	0.03	0.11	0.16	0.32	0.72	1.22	1.49	0.12	0.15	137	5	8	10	73	43	137	131	146	7	9					
WFLH1	L-H2: F Wood, Cen gasif, Liq, Road	1.50	0.07	0.06	0.01	1.41	0.02	1.37	1.67	0.13	0.17	7	4	1	3	0	7	7	21	1	14							
GPEL1b/LH1	L-H2: NG 4000 km, CCGT, Cen Ely, Liq, Road	2.86	2.86	0.08	0.29	1.83	0.66	2.59	3.05	0.27	0.19	232	10	23	159	40	232	216	242	16	11							
EMEL1/LH1	L-H2: Elec EU-mix, Cen Ely, Liq, Road	4.22	3.97		3.35	0.88	3.98	4.43	0.24	0.21	237		197	40	237	226	246	11	9									
KOEL1/LH1	L-H2: Elec coal EU-mix, Cen Ely, Liq, Road	3.73	3.72		0.34	3.35	0.04	3.20	4.08	0.53	0.35	477		58	417	3	477	437	526	40	49							

9.5 Heat and power

Pathway		Energy expended (MJex/MJ final fuel)								Net GHG emitted (g CO ₂ eq/MJ final fuel)														
Code	Description	Total energy	Fossil energy	Production & conditioning at source	Transformation at source	Transportation to market	Transformation near market	Conditioning & distribution	Range				Total GHG	Inc. renew comb. CO ₂	Production & conditioning at source	Transformation at source	Transportation to market	Transformation near market	Conditioning & distribution	Total WTT GHG emitted credit for renewable combustion CO ₂	Range			
KOEL1	Elec:EU-mix Coal conv.	1.59	1.58	0.22		1.34	0.03	1.28	1.79	0.31	0.20	269	38			231		269	237	289	32	20		
KOEL2	Elec:EU-mix Coal IGCC	1.35	1.34	0.20		1.12	0.03	1.25	1.45	0.10	0.11	242	35			207		242	232	253	10	11		
GPEL1a	Elec: NG 7000 km, CCGT	1.31	1.31	0.05	0.38	0.84	0.03	1.09	1.39	0.22	0.08	141	7			29	105	141	128	146	13	5		
GPEL1b	Elec: NG 4000 km, CCGT	1.11	1.11	0.05	0.19	0.84	0.03	0.96	1.20	0.15	0.09	126	7			15	105	126	117	131	9	5		
GPEL1bC	Elec: NG 4000 km, CCGT + CCS	1.47	1.47	0.06	0.22	1.16	0.03	1.30	1.57	0.17	0.10	38	8			18	12	38	28	44	10	6		
GPHEL1aC	Elec: NG 7000 km, Hydrogen CCGT + CCS	2.00	2.00	0.07	0.50	1.40	0.03	1.67	2.07	0.33	0.07	61	9			38	13	61	42	65	19	4		
GPHEL1bC	Elec: NG 4000 km, Hydrogen CCGT + CCS	1.74	1.74	0.06	0.25	1.40	0.03	1.55	1.86	0.19	0.12	42	9			20	13	42	30	49	12	7		
GREL1	Elec: LNG, CCGT	1.33	1.33	0.05	0.16	0.24	0.03	1.21	1.46	0.11	0.13	137	7	11	15	105		137	131	145	6	8		
WWEL1	Elec: W Wood, 10 MW gasif	1.24	0.05	0.06	0.04	1.11	0.03	1.16	1.34	0.08	0.10	5	1			3	1	5	5	6	0	0		
WWEL2	Elec: W Wood, 200 MW gasif	2.00	0.02	0.09	0.00	1.88	0.03	1.90	2.10	0.10	0.11	3	1			0	2	3	3	3	0	0		
WWEL3	Elec: W Wood, Conv power	2.01	0.03	0.09	0.01	1.88	0.03	1.90	2.12	0.11	0.11	4	1			1	2	4	4	4	0	0		
WWEL4	Elec: W Wood, Coal co-firing	1.48	0.05	0.07	0.04	1.34	0.03	1.16	1.72	0.32	0.24	8	1			3	4	8	7	8	1	0		
WFEL1	Elec: F Wood, 200 MW gasif	1.24	0.05	0.09	0.01	1.11	0.03	1.15	1.35	0.09	0.11	7	5			1	1	7	6	19	2	12		
WFEL2	Elec: F Wood, 10 MW gasif	2.03	0.05	0.12	0.00	1.88	0.03	1.92	2.15	0.11	0.12	9	7			0	2	9	7	27	2	18		
WFEL3	Elec: F Wood, Conv power	2.37	0.07	0.14	0.01	2.19	0.03	2.20	2.53	0.16	0.16	19	8			1	10	19	16	38	2	20		
WFEL4	Elec: F Wood, Coal co-firing	1.48	0.05	0.10	0.01	1.34	0.03	1.12	1.70	0.35	0.22	10	6			1	4	10	8	25	2	15		
EMEL1	Elec: EU-mix	1.87	1.73			1.84	0.03	1.87	1.87	0.00	0.00	130						130	130	130	0	0		
WDEL1	Elec: Wind offshore	0.03				0.03	0.03	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00							130	130	130	0	0		
NUEL1	Elec: Nuclear	2.74	2.74	0.62		2.09	0.03	2.66	2.82	0.08	0.08	4	4			0		4	4	5	0	0		
OWEL1a	Elec: Biogas ex municipal waste, local	3.20	-0.08			3.19	0.01	2.91	3.57	0.29	0.37	8				8		8	7	8	1	1		
OWEL1b	Elec: Biogas ex municipal waste, large	2.39	0.21			2.36	0.03	2.10	2.68	0.29	0.29	28				28		28	22	33	6	5		
OWEL2a	Elec: Biogas ex liquid manure, local	3.06	0.01	0.06	2.99	0.01	2.74	3.40	0.33	0.33	-187				-198	11		-187	-244	-123	56	65		
OWEL2b	Elec: Biogas ex liquid manure, large	2.56	-0.06	0.05	2.48	0.03	2.24	2.88	0.33	0.32	-161				-177	16		-161	-209	-107	48	54		
OWEL3a	Elec: Biogas ex dry manure, local	3.02	-0.03	0.02	2.99	0.01	2.72	3.32	0.30	0.30	-8				-19	11		-8	-14	-2	6	6		
OWEL3b	Elec: Biogas ex dry manure, large	2.53	-0.09	0.02	2.48	0.03	2.21	2.84	0.32	0.31	-1				-17	16		-1	-6	5	5	6		
BLEL1	Elec: Black liquor	0.18	0.01	0.03	0.01	0.11	0.03	0.15	0.22	0.03	0.04	0				0		0	1	1	0	0		
COHT1	Heat: Heating oil domestic boiler	1.33	1.33	0.03	0.01	0.11	1.18	0.30	0.37	1.03	-0.97	100	4			1	10	85	100	98	103	2	3	
COHT2	Heat: Heating oil industrial boiler	1.35	1.34	0.03	0.01	0.11	1.19	0.32	0.39	1.03	-0.96	101	4			1	10	86	101	99	104	2	3	
GPHT1a	Heat: NG 7000 km, domestic boiler	1.28	1.28	0.03	0.19	1.06	0.18	0.29	1.10	-0.99		77	4			15		58	77	71	77	6	1	
GPHT1b	Heat: NG 4000 km, domestic boiler	1.17	1.17	0.03	0.09	1.05	0.13	0.19	1.04	-0.99		69	4			8		58	69	66	69	2	1	
GPHT2a	Heat: NG 7000 km, industrial boiler	1.43	1.43	0.03	0.22	1.18	0.32	0.43	1.11	-0.99		86	4			17		65	86	80	86	6	0	
GPHT2b	Heat: NG 4000 km, industrial boiler	1.31	1.31	0.03	0.10	1.18	0.26	0.32	1.05	-0.99		77	4			8		65	77	74	78	3	1	
GRHT1	Heat: LNG domestic boiler	1.29	1.29	0.03	0.09	0.09	1.09	0.28	0.31	1.01	-0.98	74	4	6	6	6		59	74	74	76	1	1	
GRHT2	Heat: LNG industrial boiler	1.44	1.44	0.03	0.10	1.12	0.42	0.46	1.01	-0.98		83	4	6	6	6		67	83	82	84	1	1	
OWHT1	Heat: Municipal waste to heat	0.86	0.15			0.81	0.05	0.71	0.99	0.14	0.13	16				-42	59	16	13	19	3	3		
OWHT2	Heat: Liquid manure to heat	0.95	0.01			0.90	0.05	0.78	1.12	0.17	0.17	-85				-143	59	-85	-112	-55	27	30		
OWHT3	Heat: Dry manure to heat	0.93	-0.01			0.88	0.05	0.76	1.08	0.17	0.15	1				-58	59	1	-2	4	3	3		
WWHT1	Heat: Waste wood domestic boiler	0.33	0.10	0.04	0.01	0.09	0.20	0.29	0.37	0.04	0.04	5	0			0		5	5	5	6	0	0	
WFHT1	Heat: Farmed wood domestic boiler	0.35	0.11	0.05	0.01	0.09	0.20	0.31	0.39	0.04	0.04	8	3			0	0	5	8	7	15	1	7	
WWHT2	Heat: Waste wood industrial boiler	0.27	0.07	0.03	0.01	0.23	0.24	0.31	0.04	0.04	0	4	0		0	0	3	4	4	4	0	0		
WFHT2	Heat: Farmed wood industrial boiler	0.29	0.08	0.05	0.01	0.23	0.25	0.33	0.04	0.04	0	6	3			0	0	3	6	5	13	1	7	
GPEH1a	CHP: NG 7000 km, CCGT	1.96	0.36	0.07	0.49	1.37	0.03	0.05	0.56	1.90	-1.40	180	9			37	134		180	66	95	115	-85	
GPEH1b	CHP: NG 4000 km, CCGT	1.70	0.24	0.06	0.24	1.37	0.03	0.11	0.37	1.59	-1.33	162	8			19	134		162	67	82	94	-79	
GREH1	CHP: LNG, CCGT	1.98	0.37	0.06	0.21	0.31	1.37	0.03	0.33	0.42	1.65	-1.56	175	8	14	19	133		175	79	84	96	-91	
WWEH1	CHP: Waste wood industrial CHP	3.74	0.01	0.14	0.02	3.55	0.03	0.19	0.67	3.55	-3.06	6	2			2	3		6	3	3	4	-3	
WFEH1	CHP: Farmed wood industrial CHP	3.80	0.03	0.19	0.02	3.55	0.03	0.21	0.72	3.58	-3.08	16	11			2	3		16	-8	27	23	12	